

2024

Member Handbook







Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP (Medicare-Medicaid Plan) Member Handbook

January 1, 2024 - December 31, 2024

Your Health and Drug Coverage under the Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Medicare-Medicaid Plan

Member Handbook Introduction

This handbook tells you about your coverage under Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP through December 31, 2024. It explains health care services, behavioral health coverage, prescription drug coverage, and long-term services and supports (LTSS). LTSS help you stay at home instead of going to a nursing home or hospital. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of the *Member Handbook*.

This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

This Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP plan is offered by Wellpoint Texas, Inc. (Wellpoint). When this *Member Handbook* says "we," "us," or "our," it means Wellpoint Texas, Inc. (Wellpoint). When it says "the plan" or "our plan," it means Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP.

ATTENTION: If you speak English, language assistance services, free of charge, are available to you. Call **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**), Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time. The call is free.

ATENCIÓN: Si habla español, le ofrecemos servicios de asistencia de idiomas sin cargo. Llame al **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**), de lunes a viernes, de 8 a.m. a 8 p.m., hora local. La llamada es gratuita.

You can get this document for free in other formats, such as large print, braille, or audio. Call **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**), Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time. The call is free.

You can get this document for free in other languages and formats, such as large print, braille, or audio. Call Member Services at the number listed on the bottom of this page. When calling, let us know if you want this to be a standing order. That means we will send the same documents in your requested format and language every year. You can also call us to change or cancel a standing order.

You can also find your documents online at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp.

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Disclaimers

- Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP (Medicare-Medicaid Plan) is a health plan that contracts with both Medicare and Texas Medicaid to provide benefits of both programs to enrollees.
- CarelonRx, Inc. is an independent company providing pharmacy benefit management services on behalf of your health plan.
- Coverage under Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP is qualifying health coverage called "minimum essential coverage." It satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individualsand-Families for more information on the individual shared responsibility requirement.

Chapter 1: Getting started as a member

Introduction

This chapter includes information about Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, a health plan that covers all your Medicare and Texas Medicaid services, and your membership in it. It also tells you what to expect and what other information you will get from Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of the *Member Handbook*.

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A. Welcome to Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP is a Medicare-Medicaid Plan. A Medicare-Medicaid Plan is an organization made up of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of long-term services and supports (LTSS), and other providers. It also has Service Coordinators and service coordination teams to help you manage all your providers and services. They all work together to provide the care you need.

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP was approved by the State of Texas and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) to provide you services as part of the Texas Dual Eligibles Integrated Care Demonstration Project.

The Texas Dual Eligibles Integrated Care Demonstration Project is a demonstration program jointly run by Texas and the federal government to provide better health care for people who have both Medicare and Texas Medicaid. Under this demonstration, the state and federal government want to test new ways to improve how you get your Medicare and Texas Medicaid health care services.

Wellpoint has served Texans since 1996. We live and work in your community and understand your unique health-care needs. We're ready to put our experience to work for you and help you get the most out of Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP.

B. Information about Medicare and Texas Medicaid

B1. Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for:

- people 65 years of age or older,
- some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and
- people with end-stage renal disease (kidney failure).

B2. Texas Medicaid

Texas Medicaid is a program run by the federal government and the state that helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for LTSS and medical costs. It covers extra services and drugs not covered by Medicare.

Each state has its own Medicaid program and decides:

- what counts as income and resources,
- who qualifies,
- what services are covered, and
- the cost for services.

States can decide how to run their programs, as long as they follow the federal rules.

Medicare and Texas must approve Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP each year. You can get Medicare and Texas Medicaid services through our plan as long as:

- you are eligible to participate in the Texas Dual Eligibles Integrated Care Demonstration Project;
- we offer the plan in your county, and
- Medicare and the State of Texas approve the plan.

Even if our plan stops operating in the future, your eligibility for Medicare and Texas Medicaid services will not change.

C. Advantages of this plan

You will now get all your covered Medicare and Texas Medicaid services from Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, including prescription drugs. **You do not pay extra to join this health plan**.

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP will help make your Medicare and Texas Medicaid benefits work better together and work better for you. Some of the advantages include:

- You will be able to work with one health plan for all of your health insurance needs.
- You will have a service coordination team that you helped put together. Your service coordination team may include doctors, nurses, counselors, or other health professionals who are there to help you get the care you need.
- You will have a Service Coordinator. This is a person who works with you, with Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, and with your care providers to make sure you get the care you need.
- You will be able to direct your own care with help from your service coordination team and Service Coordinator.
- The service coordination team and Service Coordinator will work with you to come up with a Plan of Care specifically designed to meet your health needs. The service coordination team will be in charge of coordinating the services you need. This means, for example:
 - Your service coordination team will make sure your doctors know about all medicines you take so they can reduce any side effects.

 Your service coordination team will make sure your test results are shared with all your doctors and other providers.

D. Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP's service area

Our service area includes these counties in Texas: Bexar, El Paso, Harris, and Tarrant.

Only people who live in one of these counties in our service area can get Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP.

If you move outside of our service area, you cannot stay in this plan. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information about the effects of moving out of our service area.

E. What makes you eligible to be a plan member

You are eligible for our plan as long as:

- you are age 21 or older, and
- you live in our service area (incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it), and
- you have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B, and
- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States,
 and
- you are eligible for Texas Medicaid and at least one of the following:
 - have a physical disability or a mental disability and qualify for Supplemental Security Income (SSI), or
 - qualify for Texas Medicaid because you receive Home and Communitybased Services (HCS) waiver services; and
- you are NOT enrolled in one of the following 1915(c) waiver programs:
 - Community Living Assistance and Support Services (CLASS)
 - Deaf Blind with Multiple Disabilities Program (DBMD)
 - Home and Community-based Services (HCS)
 - Texas Home Living Program (TxHmL)

F. What to expect when you first join a health plan

When you first join the plan, you will get a health risk assessment within the first 90 days.

The health risk assessment takes a deeper look at your medical needs, social needs, and capabilities. We will gather information from you, your providers, and family/caregivers when appropriate. This assessment will be done by qualified health professionals, such as clinical Service Coordinators or community health workers.

If the results of your health risk assessment show you have high health needs, you may be asked to complete additional assessments to determine whether you need additional care through Texas Medicaid's STAR+PLUS Waiver program.

If Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP is new for you, you can keep using the doctors you use now for 90 days or until the new health risk assessment is finished.

After 90 days for most services, but six months for long-term services and supports (LTSS), you will need to use doctors and other providers in the Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP network. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan. Refer to Chapter 3 for more information on getting care.

G. Your Plan of Care

Your Plan of Care is the plan for what health services you will get and how you will get them.

After your health risk assessment, your service coordination team will meet with you to talk about what health services you need and want. Together, you and your service coordination team will make your Plan of Care.

Every year, your service coordination team will work with you to update your Plan of Care if the health services you need and want change.

Your Plan of Care is developed with you or your designated representative to help ensure your needs are met in the most appropriate setting. Your Service Coordinator will continue to work with you throughout the year to help ensure you are making progress toward meeting your goals and getting the services identified in your Plan of Care.

H. Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP monthly plan premium

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP does not have a monthly plan premium.

I. The Member Handbook

This *Member Handbook* is part of our contract with you. This means that we must follow all of the rules in this document. If you think we have done something that goes against these rules, you may be able to appeal, or challenge, our action. For information about how to appeal, refer to Chapter 9, or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227).

You can ask for a *Member Handbook* by calling Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). You can also refer to the *Member Handbook* at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp or download it from this website.

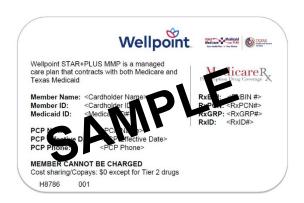
The contract is in effect for the months you are enrolled in Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP between January 1, 2024 and December 31, 2024.

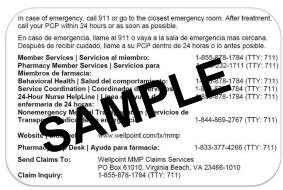
J. Other important information you will get from us

You should have already gotten a Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Member ID Card, information about how to access a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, and information about how to access a *List of Covered Drugs*.

J1. Your Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Member ID Card

Under our plan, you will have one card for your Medicare and Texas Medicaid services, including long-term services and supports (LTSS) and prescriptions. You must show this card when you get any services or prescriptions. Here's a sample card to show you what yours will look like:





If your card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**) right away and we will send you a new card.

As long as you are a member of our plan, you do not need to use your red, white, and blue Medicare card or your Texas Benefits Medicaid Card to get services. Keep those cards in a

safe place, in case you need them later. If you show your Medicare card instead of your Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Member ID Card, the provider may bill Medicare instead of our plan, and you may get a bill. Refer to Chapter 7 to find out what to do if you get a bill from a provider. The only exception is that you will use your Original Medicare card if you need hospice care.

J2. Provider and Pharmacy Directory

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* lists the providers and pharmacies in the Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP network. While you are a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services. There are some exceptions when you first join our plan (refer to page 8).

You can ask for a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* (electronically or in hard copy form) by calling Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). Requests for hard copy *Provider and Pharmacy Directories* will be mailed to you within three business days. You can also refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp or download it from this website.

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* also lists the provider's address, phone number, office hours, if the provider is accepting new patients, if the location is accessible to people with disabilities, and if the provider has received cultural competency training.

Definition of network providers

- Network providers include:
 - Doctors, nurses, and other health care professionals that you can use as a member of our plan;
 - Clinics, hospitals, nursing facilities, and other places that provide health services in our plan and;
 - Home health agencies, durable medical equipment (DME) suppliers, and others who provide goods and services that you get through Medicare or Texas Medicaid.

Network providers have agreed to accept payment from our plan for covered services as payment in full.

Definition of network pharmacies

Network pharmacies are pharmacies (drug stores) that have agreed to fill
prescriptions for our plan members. Use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*to find the network pharmacy you want to use.

 Except during an emergency, you must fill your prescriptions at one of our network pharmacies if you want our plan to help you pay for them.

Call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**) for more information. Both Member Services and Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP's website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network pharmacies and providers.

J3. List of Covered Drugs

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs*. We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells which prescription drugs are covered by Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules or restrictions on any drugs, such as a limit on the amount you can get. Refer to Chapter 5 for more information on these rules and restrictions.

Each year, we will send you information about how to access the Drug List, but some changes may occur during the year. To get the most up-to-date information about which drugs are covered, visit www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp or call **1-833-232-1711** (TTY: **711**).

J4. The Explanation of Benefits

When you use your Part D prescription drug benefits, we will send you a summary to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Part D prescription drugs. This summary is called the *Explanation of Benefits* (or EOB).

The EOB tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, have spent on your Part D prescription drugs and the total amount we have paid for each of your Part D prescription drugs during the month. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take such as increases in price and other drugs with lower cost sharing that may be available. You can talk to your prescriber about these lower cost options. Chapter 6 gives more information about the EOB and how it can help you keep track of your drug coverage.

An EOB is also available when you ask for one. To get a copy, contact Member Services.

K. How to keep your membership record up to date

You can keep your membership record up to date by letting us know when your information changes.

The plan's network providers and pharmacies need to have the right information about you. They use your membership record to know what services and drugs you get and how much it will cost you. Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up-to-date.

Let us know the following:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage, such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, or your domestic partner's employer, or workers' compensation
- Any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- Admission to a nursing home or hospital
- Care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- Changes in who your caregiver (or anyone responsible for you) is
- You are part of or become a part of a clinical research study (NOTE: You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies you intend to participate in but we encourage you to do so).

If any information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**).

K1. Privacy of personal health information (PHI)

The information in your membership record may include personal health information (PHI). Laws require that we keep your PHI private. We make sure that your PHI is protected. For more information about how we protect your PHI, refer to Chapter 8.

Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

Introduction

This chapter gives you contact information for important resources that can help you answer your questions about Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP and your health care benefits. You can also use this chapter to get information about how to contact your Service Coordinator and others that can advocate on your behalf. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of the *Member Handbook*.

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A. How to contact Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Member Services

CALL	1-855-878-1784 This call is free.
	Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time
	If you need emergency services, please call 911.
	If you call on a holiday, or on Saturday or Sunday, you can leave a voicemail message. We will return your call within one (1) business day.
	We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
TTY	711 This call is free.
	Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time
WRITE	Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP
	MMP Member Services
	5959 Corporate Drive
	Suite 1300
	Houston, TX 77036
WEBSIT E	www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp

A1. When to contact Member Services

- questions about the plan
- questions about claims, billing or Member ID Cards
- coverage decisions about your health care
 - A coverage decision about your health care is a decision about:
 - your benefits and covered services, or
 - the amount we will pay for your health services.
 - o Call us if you have questions about a coverage decision about health care.
 - To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to Chapter 9.

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care

CALL	1-855-878-1784 This call is free. Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
TTY	711 This call is free. Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time
WRITE	MMP Clinical Department 5959 Corporate Drive Suite 1300 Houston, TX 77036

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs

CALL	1-833-232-1711 This call is free.
	24 hours a day, 7 days a week
	We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
TTY	711 This call is free.
	24 hours a day, 7 days a week
WRITE	Wellpoint
	Attention: Pharmacy Department
	PO Box 47686
	San Antonio, TX 78265-8686

How to contact us to make a complaint, grievance, or appeal (medical and prescription drugs)

CALL	For Part C (medical) call: For Part D (prescription drugs) call:
	1-855-878-1784 1-833-232-1711
	These calls are free.
	For Part C (medical): Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time
	For Part D (prescription drugs): 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
	We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
TTY	711 This call is free.
	For Part C (medical): Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time
	For Part D (prescription drugs): 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
WRITE	Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP
	Complaints, Appeals, and Grievances
	Mailstop: OH0205-A537
	4361 Irwin Simpson Road
	Mason, OH 45040
FAX	For Part C (medical): 1-888-458-1406
	For Part D (prescription drugs): 1-888-458-1407

- · appeals about your health care
 - An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review a decision we made about your coverage and asking us to change it if you think we made a mistake.
 - o To learn more about making an appeal, refer to Chapter 9.
- complaints about your health care
 - You can make a complaint about us or any provider (including a nonnetwork or network provider). A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan. You can also make a complaint about the quality of

- the care you got to us or to the Quality Improvement Organization (refer to Section G below).
- If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your health care, you can make an appeal (refer to the section above).
- You can send a complaint about Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP right to Medicare. You can use an online form at www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.
- To learn more about making a complaint about your health care, refer to Chapter 9.
- coverage decisions about your drugs
 - A coverage decision about your drugs is a decision about:
 - your benefits and covered drugs, or
 - the amount we will pay for your drugs.
 - This applies to your Part D drugs, Medicaid prescription drugs, and Texas Medicaid over-the-counter drugs.
 - For more on coverage decisions about your prescription drugs, refer to Chapter 9.
- appeals about your drugs
 - An appeal is a way to ask us to change a coverage decision.
 - For more on making an appeal about your prescription drugs, refer to Chapter 9.
- complaints about your drugs
 - You can make a complaint about us or any pharmacy. This includes a complaint about your prescription drugs.
 - If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your prescription drugs, you can make an appeal. (Refer to the section above.)
 - You can send a complaint about Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP right to Medicare. You can use an online form at www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.

- For more on making a complaint about your prescription drugs, refer to Chapter 9.
- Payment for health care or drugs you already paid for
 - For more on how to ask us to pay you back, or to pay a bill you got, refer to Chapter 7.
 - If you ask us to pay a bill and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. Refer to Chapter 9 for more on appeals.

Where to send a request asking us to pay the cost for medical care you have received

CALL	1-855-878-1784 This call is free.	
	Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, except for holidays.	
	We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.	
TTY	711 This call is free.	
	Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time	
WRITE	Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Claims Services	
	PO Box 61010	
	Virginia Beach, VA 23466-1010	

Where to send a request asking us to pay our share of the cost for a drug you have received

CALL	1-833-232-1711 This call is free.24 hours a day, 7 days a weekWe have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
TTY	711 This call is free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

WRITE	CarelonRx
	ATTN: Claims Department - Part D Services
	PO Box 52077
	Phoenix, AZ 85072-2077

B. How to contact your Service Coordinator

When you join, you will be assigned a Service Coordinator who will help arrange care for all your needs: medical, behavioral health, community-based or facility-based Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS), and social.

If you already have a Service Coordinator (from Wellpoint STAR+PLUS, for example), you can ask for that person to be your Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Service Coordinator. We'll OK your request as long as:

- That Service Coordinator is also available in Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP
- He or she has the time, based on current caseload

If you don't choose a Service Coordinator, we'll connect you with one. We'll choose one with the right experience and qualifications to care for your unique needs. You have the right to change your Service Coordinator at any time.

CALL	1-855-878-1784 This call is free. Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
TTY	711 This call is free. Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time
WRITE	Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP MMP Service Coordination 5959 Corporate Drive Suite 1300 Houston, TX 77036

B1. When to contact your Service Coordinator

- questions about your health care
- questions about getting behavioral health services, transportation, and longterm services and supports (LTSS)

The state and Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP determine your eligibility for LTSS services.

Sometimes you can get help with your daily health care and living needs. You might be able to get these services:

- personal Assistance Services (PAS)
- day Activity and Health Services (DAHS)
- skilled nursing care
- physical therapy
- occupational therapy
- speech therapy
- medical social services
- home health care

C. How to contact the Nurse Advice Call Line

Sometimes you'll have health questions late at night, on the weekends, or on holidays. We understand. No matter what day or time it is, you can talk to a registered nurse by calling our Nurse Advice Call Line.

CALL	1-855-878-1784 This call is free.
	24 hours a day, 7 days a week
	We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
TTY	711 This call is free.
	24 hours a day, 7 days a week

C1. When to contact the Nurse Advice Call Line

questions about your health care

D. How to contact the Behavioral Health and Substance Abuse Crisis Line

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP maintains a toll-free, emergency and crisis behavioral health line that is staffed by trained personnel 24/7, 365 days per year to help members who are experiencing:

- suicidal or homicidal thoughts
- severe depression, anxiety
- severe substance use disorder systems
- serious Mental Health Symptoms and/or feeling unsafe toward self or others

A Utilization Management Representative (UMR) and, if necessary, a Licensed Clinician will work with members to assess the level of risk, attempt to de-escalate the situation and make appropriate recommendations and referrals, which may include seeking emergency services.

CALL	1-855-878-1784 This call is free.
	The phone line is staffed by trained personnel 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
	If you need emergency services, please call 911.
	We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.
TTY	711 This call is free.
	24 hours a day, 7 days a week

D1. When to contact the Behavioral Health and Substance Abuse Crisis Line

- questions about behavioral health services
- questions about substance abuse treatment services

E. How to contact the Nonemergency Medical Transportation (NEMT) Services Line and the "Where's My Ride?" Line

NEMT services provide transportation to nonemergency health-care appointments for members who have no other transportation options. These services include rides to the doctor, dentist, pharmacy, hospital, and other places you receive Medicaid services. NEMT services do not include ambulance trips.

Remember to schedule rides as early as possible, and at least two business days before you need the ride.

CALL

For the Nonemergency Medical Transportation (NEMT) Services Line:

- 1-844-869-2767 This call is free.
- Call any time to schedule a trip, or if you have questions about your transportation. We are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

For the "Where's My Ride?" Line:

1-844-869-2767 This call is free.

We are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English.

TTY

For the Nonemergency Medical Transportation (NEMT) Services Line:

711 This call is free.

Call any time to schedule a trip, or if you have questions about your transportation. We are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

For the "Where's My Ride?" Line:

711 This call is free.

We are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

E1. When to contact the NEMT Services Line

- questions and help with scheduling rides to nonemergency healthcare appointments
- · questions about the status of your scheduled ride

F. How to contact the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) gives free health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. In Texas, the SHIP is called the Health Information Counseling & Advocacy Program of Texas (HICAP).

HICAP is not connected with any insurance company or health plan.

CALL	1-800-252-3439
TTY	1-800-735-2989 or 711
WRITE	Health Information Counseling & Advocacy Program of Texas (HICAP)
	Texas Department of Insurance
	PO Box 12030
	Austin, TX 78711-2030
WEBSITE	www.tdi.texas.gov/consumer/hicap/

F1. When to contact HICAP

- questions about your Medicare health insurance
 - HICAP counselors can answer your questions about changing to a new plan and help you:
 - understand your rights,
 - understand your plan choices,
 - make complaints about your health care or treatment, and
 - straighten out problems with your bills.

G. How to contact the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)

Our state has an organization called TMF, Health Quality Institute. This is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. TMF, Health Quality Institute is not connected with our plan.

CALL	1-800-725-9216
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	TMF Health Quality Institute 3107 Oak Creek Drive, Suite 200 Austin, TX 78727-3107
WEBSITE	www.tmf.org/

G1. When to contact TMF, Health Quality Institute

- questions about your health care
 - You can make a complaint about the care you got if you:
 - have a problem with the quality of care,
 - think your hospital stay is ending too soon, or
 - think your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

H. How to contact Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS.

CALL	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This call is free. This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WEBSITE	www.medicare.gov This is the official website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, doctors, home health agencies, dialysis facilities, Inpatient rehabilitation facilities, and hospices.
	It includes helpful websites and phone numbers. It also has booklets you can print right from your computer. If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using their computer. Or, you can call Medicare at the number above and tell them what you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, print it out, and send it to you.

I. How to contact Texas Medicaid

Texas Medicaid helps with medical and long-term services and supports costs for people with limited incomes and resources. Depending on your eligibility, Texas Medicaid pays for Medicare premiums for certain people, and pays for Medicare deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments. Texas Medicaid covers long-term care services such as home- and community-based "waiver" services, assisted living services, and long-term nursing home care.

You are enrolled in Medicare and in Texas Medicaid. If you have questions about the help you get from Texas Medicaid, call Texas Medicaid.

For general information:

CALL	1-800-252-8263 or 2-1-1
TTY	1-800-735-2989 or 711
WRITE	Texas Health and Human Services PO Box 149024 Austin, TX 78714-9024
WEBSITE	yourtexasbenefits.com/Learn/Home

For information on eligibility or coverage/services:

CALL	1-877-541-7905 or 2-1-1
TTY	1-800-735-2989 or 711
WRITE	Texas Health and Human Services PO Box 149024 Austin, TX 78714-9024
WEBSITE	yourtexasbenefits.com/Learn/Home

J. How to contact the HHSC Office of the Ombudsman

The HHSC Office of the Ombudsman works as an advocate on your behalf. They can answer questions if you have a problem or complaint and can help you understand what to do. The HHSC Office of the Ombudsman also helps people enrolled in Texas Medicaid with service or billing problems. They are not connected with our plan or with any insurance company or health plan. The HHSC Office of the Ombudsman is an independent program, and their services are free.

CALL	1-866-566-8989
TTY	1-800-735-2989 This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.
WRITE	Texas Health and Human Services Commission Office of the Ombudsman, MC H-700 PO Box 13247 Austin, TX 78711-3247
WEBSITE	www.hhs.texas.gov/about-hhs/your-rights/office- ombudsman/hhs-ombudsman-managed-care-help

K. How to contact the Texas Long-Term Care Ombudsman

The Texas Long-Term Care Ombudsman is an ombudsman program that helps people learn about nursing homes and other long-term care settings. It also helps solve problems between these settings and residents or their families.

CALL	1-800-252-2412
TTY	1-800-735-2989 or 711
WRITE	Texas Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program
	Texas Health and Human Services
	PO Box 149030
	MC-W250
	Austin, TX 78714-9030
EMAIL	ltc.ombudsman@hhsc.state.tx.us
WEBSITE	apps.hhs.texas.gov/news_info/ombudsman/

L. Other resources

• **2-1-1 Texas**, a program of the Texas Health and Human Services Commission, is committed to helping Texas citizens connect with the services they need.

o Call: 211 or 1-877-541-7905

Website: www.211texas.org/

Abuse, neglect, or exploitation – The Department of Family and Protective
Services and the Department of Health and Human Services help people who may
have been victims of abuse, neglect, or exploitation. A report may include allegations
against a nursing home, assisted living facility, intermediate care facility, state
supported living centers, another person, or home health, hospice, or personal
assistance agencies. If you feel you were a victim of abuse, neglect, or exploitation,
you can call or submit a report online.

o Call: 1-800-252-5400

Website: <u>www.txabusehotline.org</u>

Chapter 3: Using the plan's coverage for your health care and other covered services

Introduction

This chapter has specific terms and rules you need to know to get health care and other covered services with Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP. It also tells you about your Service Coordinator, how to get care from different kinds of providers and under certain special circumstances (including from out-of-network providers or pharmacies), what to do when you are billed directly for services covered by our plan, and the rules for owning Durable Medical Equipment (DME). Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of the *Member Handbook*.

A Information about "services" "covered services, "inroviders, and "network

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A. Information about "services," "covered services," "providers," and "network providers"

Services are health care, long-term services and supports, supplies, behavioral health, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment and other services. Covered services are any of these services that our plan pays for. Covered health care and long-term services and supports are listed in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

Providers are doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care. The term providers also includes hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, medical equipment, and long-term services and supports.

Network providers are providers who work with the health plan. These providers have agreed to accept our payment as full payment. Network providers bill us directly for care they give you. When you use a network provider, you usually pay nothing for covered services.

B. Rules for getting your health care, behavioral health, and long-term services and supports (LTSS) covered by the plan

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP covers all services covered by Medicare and Texas Medicaid. This includes behavioral health and long-term services and supports (LTSS).

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP will generally pay for the health care and services you get if you follow plan rules. To be covered by our plan:

- The care you get must be a **plan benefit.** This means that it must be included in the plan's Benefits Chart. (The chart is in Chapter 4 of this handbook.)
- The care must be medically necessary. Some of the services listed in the Benefits Chart are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called "prior authorization" (PA)) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Benefits Chart. When we give our decision, we base it on two things. First, there are Medicare's rules. Second, there are generally accepted standards of medical practice. These standards are proven and accepted by those who practice and

study medicine. We also need to make sure you get the most cost-effective care. This means it doesn't cost more than another option that will work just as well. But we also need it to be right for you. And that you get it in the right place and the right number of times. Finally, we cannot approve a service just because it is more convenient than another option. You must get our approval before getting care from providers not in our plan unless it's for Urgent care, Emergency care, or Renal dialysis outside the service area. To find a provider in our plan, check our Find Care online or call Member Services. If you are referred or feel you need to use a provider who is not in our plan, you must call us to get approval before you get care.

- You must have a network **primary care provider (PCP)** who has ordered the care or has told you to use another doctor. As a plan member, you must choose a network provider to be your PCP.
 - o In most cases our plan must give you approval before you can use someone that is not your PCP or use other providers in the plan's network. This is called a **referral**. If you don't get approval, Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP may not cover the services. You don't need a referral to use certain specialists, such as women's health specialists. To learn more about referrals, refer to page 38.
 - You do not need a referral from your PCP for emergency care or urgently needed care or to use a woman's health provider. You can get other kinds of care without having a referral from your PCP. To learn more about this, refer to page 38.
 - o To learn more about choosing a PCP, refer to page 38.
 - Note: In your first 90 days with our plan, you may continue to use your current providers, at no cost, if they are not a part of our network. During the 90 days, our Service Coordinator will contact you to help you find providers in our network. After 90 days, we will no longer cover your care if you continue to use out-of-network providers.
- You must get your care from network providers. Usually, the plan will not cover care from a provider who does not work with the health plan. Here are some cases when this rule does not apply:
 - The plan covers emergency or urgently needed care from an out-ofnetwork provider. To learn more and to find out what emergency or urgently needed care means, refer to Section I, page 44.

- If you need care that our plan covers and our network providers cannot give it to you, you can get the care from an out-of-network provider. In this situation, we will cover the care as if you got it from a network provider. To learn about getting approval to use an out-of-network provider, refer to Section D, page 35.
- The plan covers kidney dialysis services when you are outside the plan's service area or when your provider for this service is unavailable or inaccessible for a short time. You can get these services at a Medicarecertified dialysis facility.
- When you first join the plan, you can continue using the providers you use now for at least 90 days.

C. Information about your Service Coordinator

C1. What a Service Coordinator is

The Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Service Coordinator makes sure all your care and services work together. The Service Coordinator will ensure the integration of your medical, behavioral health, substance use, community-based or facility-based long-term services and supports (LTSS), and social needs. The Service Coordinator will coordinate these services as specified in your personal care plan.

C2. How you can contact your Service Coordinator

When a Service Coordinator is assigned or selected, Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP will provide you with contact information for your Service Coordinator. Member Services can also provide this information to you at any time during your participation in Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP.

C3. How you can change your Service Coordinator

You may change your Service Coordinator at any time, but you will have to choose from a list of Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Service Coordinators. If the Service Coordinator is also available in the Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP plan and the Service Coordinator's caseload permits, Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP must honor your request. To change Service Coordinators, contact Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**), Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time, except for holidays.

C4. What a Service Coordinator can do for you

The state sends us information about your health and the services you have been getting from Medicare and Texas Medicaid. Your Service Coordinator will read this information to find out more about you. It will tell them which providers they need to call to be sure you keep getting the right care. We will ask you how helpful your Medicare and Texas Medicaid

services have been. We will talk to your Medicare and Texas Medicaid providers about the care you have been getting and, if you agree, we will talk to your doctors about your health-care needs.

D. Care from primary care providers, specialists, other network providers, out-of-network providers, and how to change health plans

D1. Care from a primary care provider

You must choose a primary care provider (PCP) to provide and manage your care.

Definition of "PCP," and what a PCP does for you

Your primary care provider (PCP) is your main doctor and will be responsible for providing many of your preventive and primary care services. Your PCP will help create your personal care plan and will recommend or ask for many of the services you'll get through your health plan.

Your PCP can be one of the following providers, or under certain circumstances such as pregnancy, a specialist:

- Family practice
- Internal medicine
- General practice
- OB/GYN
- Geriatrics
- Pediatricians
- Certified Nurse Practitioner (CNP) and Physician Assistant (PA)
- Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC)/Rural Health Clinic (RHC)

Your choice of PCP

You can choose a PCP from our list of providers in our online provider directory (www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp). For help picking a PCP or changing your PCP, call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**), Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.

If your doctor is not in our directory, nothing has to change for 90 days. During that time, we will work to include your doctor in our network. After this transition period, you can keep your PCP if he or she is in our network.

If you don't choose a PCP within 90 days, we will assign one. Finding the right PCP is important and we will look at how far the PCP is from your home, any special health care needs you have, and the language you speak.

Option to change your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time during the year. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network. We can help you find a new PCP if the one you have now leaves our network.

If you would like to change your PCP, call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**), Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time. Change requests made on the 15th day of the month or earlier will be effective on the first day of that same month. PCP change requests made on the 16th of the month or later, will start on the first day of the next month. You will get a new Member ID Card by mail with your new PCP name and phone number.

Services you can get without first getting approval from your PCP

In most cases, you will need approval from your PCP before using other providers. This approval is called a referral. You can get services like the ones listed below without first getting approval from your PCP:

- Emergency services from network providers or out-of-network providers.
- · Urgently needed care from network providers.
- Urgently needed care from out-of-network providers when you can't get to a
 network provider (for example, when you are outside the plan's service area or
 you need immediate care during the weekend).

Note: Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.

- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility
 when you are outside the plan's service area. (Please call Member Services
 before you leave the service area. We can help you get dialysis while you are
 away.)
- Flu shots and COVID-19 vaccinations, as well as hepatitis B vaccinations and pneumonia vaccinations as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Routine women's health care and family planning services. This includes breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Additionally, if you are eligible to get services from Indian health providers, you may use these providers without a referral.

- Behavioral Health Services from a network provider.
- Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD) services that include STD/HIV prevention, screening, counseling, diagnosis, and treatment.
- Network ophthalmologist or therapeutic optometrist to provide eye health-care services other than surgery.

D2. Care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart problems.
- Orthopedists care for patients with bone, joint, or muscle problems.

If you need care from a specialist or other network provider, your PCP will refer you to the specialist or other network provider. Your choice of PCP will not limit your choice of specialist or other network provider.

Prior authorization (PA) means you have to get approval from the health plan before you see a specialist or get specific services or drugs. A licensed clinical person, like a doctor or nurse practitioner, will look at coverage rules to determine medical need. This prior approval is based on information we get from your PCP and specialists, your medical history, and/or how severe your illness is. Your physician or health-care provider is responsible for asking for prior approval before giving you any treatments or services that PA is required for. Refer to the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for information about which services require PA.

D3. What to do when a provider leaves our plan

A network provider you are using might leave our plan. If one of your providers does leave our plan, you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, we must give you uninterrupted access to qualified providers.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
 - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.

- If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We will help you select a new qualified in-network provider to continue managing your health care needs.
- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to ask for, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are getting continues.
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.
- If we cannot find a qualified network specialist accessible to you, we must arrange an out-of-network specialist to provide your care when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs.
 Prior authorization is required.
- If you believe we have not replaced your previous provider with a qualified provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to make an appeal of our decision. Refer to Chapter 9 for information about making an appeal.

If you find out one of your providers is leaving our plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider and managing your care. Call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**), Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.

D4. How to get care from out-of-network providers

If you need care that our plan covers and our network providers cannot give it to you, you can get permission from Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP to get the care from an out-of-network provider. If this happens, we will cover the care as if you got it from a network provider and at no cost to you. To ask for approval to see an out-of-network provider, you or your representative may call your Service Coordinator. If your Service Coordinator is not available, you may call Member Services.

Remember, when you first join the plan, you can keep seeing the providers you see now during the transition period. In most cases, the transition period will last for 90 days or until your personal care plan is finalized and implemented, whichever is later. During the transition period, our Service Coordinator will contact you to help you find and switch to providers that are in our network. After the transition period, we will no longer pay for your care if you continue to see out-of-network providers, unless Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP gives you the OK to keep using the out-of-network provider.

If you use an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare and/or Texas Medicaid.

- We cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare and/or Texas Medicaid.
- If you go to a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you must pay the full cost of the services you get.
- Providers must tell you if they are not eligible to participate in Medicare.

D5. How to change health plans

You can change your health plan. For more information, refer to Chapter 10, Section A. You can also get help from the following resources:

- Call the STAR+PLUS help line at 1-877-782-6440, Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Central time. TTY users should call 711 or 1-800-735-2989.
- Call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) at 1-800-252-3439.
- Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

E. How to get long-term services and supports (LTSS)

Community-based LTSS are a range of medical, habilitation, rehabilitation, home care, or social services a person needs over months or years in order to improve or maintain function or health. These services are provided in the person's home or a community-based setting such as assisted-living facilities. Facility-based LTSS are services provided in a nursing facility or other long-term residential care setting.

As a member in Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, you will receive a comprehensive assessment of your needs, including your need for community-based or facility-based LTSS.

All of your needs, as identified in your assessment, will be addressed in your personal care plan. Your personal care plan will outline which LTSS you will get, from whom, and how often.

If you have a pre-existing service plan prior to your enrollment into Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, you will continue to receive any community-based or facility-based LTSS included in the pre-existing plan. Your pre-existing service plan will be honored for 90 days for medical and rehabilitation or 180 days for habilitation, social

services, and long-term support services or until your personal care plan is finalized and implemented, whichever is later.

If you have questions about LTSS, contact Member Services or your Service Coordinator.

The Department of Family and Protective Services and the Department of Health and Human Services help people who may have been victims of abuse, neglect, or exploitation. A report may include allegations against a nursing home, assisted living facility, intermediate care facility, state supported living centers, another person, or home health, hospice, or personal assistance agencies. If you feel you were a victim of abuse, neglect, or exploitation, you can call or submit a report online.

Call: 1-800-252-5400

Website: www.txabusehotline.org

F. How to get behavioral health services

Behavioral health services are a variety of services that can support mental health and substance abuse needs you may have. This support can include emotional, social, educational, vocational, peer support, and recovery services, in addition to more traditional psychiatric or medical services.

As a member in Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, you will receive a comprehensive health risk assessment of your needs, including your need for behavioral health services. All of your needs, as identified in your assessment, will be addressed in your personal care plan. Your personal care plan will outline which behavioral health services you will get, from whom, and how often.

If you are receiving services from a behavioral health provider at the time of your enrollment in Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, you may continue to get services from that provider until treatment is complete, but not for more than two years. This is the case even if the provider does not participate in Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP's network.

If you have questions about behavioral health services, contact Member Services or your Service Coordinator.

G. How to get self-directed care

G1. What self-directed care is

Self-directed care, also called self-direction or Consumer Directed Services, means you can hire, fire, and supervise your own service providers. For this program, you can self-direct

your Respite Care, Personal Assistance Services, Habilitation, Nursing Services, and Therapies.

G2. Who can get self-directed care (for example, if it is limited to waiver populations)

During your first health assessment, your Service Coordinator will help you decide whether this is the right choice for you. If you choose to self-direct your care, we will help you understand your responsibilities.

G3. How to get help in employing personal care providers (if applicable)

If you choose a self-directed care option, you will select the Consumer Directed Services Agency (CDSA) to assist with your payroll and act as your agent to pay federal and state taxes. They will also assist you with a budget and guidance on recruitment, wages, benefits, and administrative costs.

H. How to get Nonemergency Medical Transportation (NEMT) Services

H1. What NEMT Services are

NEMT Services provide transportation to nonemergency health care appointments if you have no other transportation options.

- These trips include rides to the doctor, dentist, hospital, pharmacy, and other places you get health care services.
- These trips do **not** include ambulance trips.

H2. What services are included

NEMT Services include:

- Passes or tickets for transportation, such as mass transit within and between cities or states (including by rail or bus).
- Commercial airline transportation services.
- Demand response (curb-to-curb) transportation services in private buses, vans, or sedans (including wheelchair-accessible vehicles, if necessary).
- Mileage reimbursement for an individual transportation participant (ITP) for a
 verified completed trip to a covered health care service. The ITP can be you, a
 responsible party, a family member, a friend, or a neighbor.

- Transportation costs for your NEMT attendant if you need them to travel to your appointment with you. An NEMT attendant is:
 - An adult providing necessary mobility or personal or language assistance to you during transportation. (For example, this can include an adult serving as your personal attendant.)
 - A service animal providing necessary mobility or personal assistance to you during transportation and that occupies a seat that would otherwise be filled by another person.
 - An adult traveling with you because a health care provider has stated in writing that you require an attendant.

H3. How to schedule NEMT Services

Call our NEMT Services line toll-free if you do not have transportation to covered health-care services. These services include rides to the doctor, dentist, pharmacy, hospital, and other places you receive Medicaid services. NEMT services do not include ambulance trips.

To schedule a trip, call 1-844-869-2767, Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. local time, except for state-approved holidays. If you do not speak English, we can help you in many other languages, including Spanish. For members who are deaf or hard of hearing, please call 711.

When you are waiting on transportation from us, whether going or returning on a scheduled trip, you can call the NEMT Services line. Pick the "Where's My Ride?" option to find out the status of your ride. You can call between 5 a.m. to 7 p.m. local time Monday through Saturday or any time you are waiting for a scheduled ride.

Remember to schedule rides as early as possible, and **at least two business days before you need the ride**. You may schedule rides with less notice in certain cases, including:

- Pickup after a hospital discharge.
- Trips to the pharmacy for medication or approved medical supplies.
- Trips for urgent conditions. (An urgent condition is a health condition that is not an emergency but is severe or painful enough to require treatment within 24 hours.)

Schedule rides for long-distance trips at least five days in advance.

If you have a scheduled ride and your health care appointment is cancelled **before** the trip, call 1-844-869-2767 (TTY: 711), Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. local time right away.

I. How to get covered services when you have a medical emergency or urgent need for care, or during a disaster

I1. Care when you have a medical emergency

Definition of a medical emergency

A medical emergency is a medical condition with symptoms such as severe pain or serious injury. The condition is so serious that, if it doesn't get immediate medical attention, you or anyone with an average knowledge of health and medicine could expect it to result in:

- serious risk to your health or to that of your unborn child; or
- serious harm to bodily functions; or
- serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part; or
- in the case of a pregnant woman in active labor, when:
 - there is not enough time to safely transfer you to another hospital before delivery.
 - a transfer to another hospital may pose a threat to your health or safety of that of your unborn child.

What to do if you have a medical emergency

If you have a medical emergency:

- Get help as fast as possible. Call 911 or use the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do not need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use a network provider. You may get emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the U.S. or its territories [or worldwide] from any provider with an appropriate state license.
- Tell Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP about your emergency as soon as possible. We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or your authorized representative should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. However, you will not have to pay for emergency services because of a delay in telling us. Call Member Services at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711), Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.

Covered services in a medical emergency

You may get covered emergency care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories. If you need an ambulance to get to the emergency room, our plan covers that. To learn more, refer to the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

The providers who give emergency care decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over. They will continue to treat you and will contact us to make plans if you need follow-up care to get better.

If you have an emergency, we will talk with the doctors who give you emergency care. Those doctors will tell us when your medical emergency is over. Our plan covers your follow-up care. If you get your emergency care from out-of-network providers, we will try to get network providers to take over your care as soon as possible.

Definition of post-stabilization

Post-stabilization care services are services that keep your condition stable following emergency medical care.

After the emergency is over, you may need follow-up care to be sure you get better. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan. If you get your emergency care from out-of-network providers, we will try to get network providers to take over your care as soon as possible.

What to do if you have a behavioral health emergency

Dial **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**) and press option 9 for behavioral health emergency services, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Calls to this number are free.

Getting emergency care if it wasn't an emergency

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical or behavioral health emergency. You might go in for emergency care and have the doctor say it wasn't really an emergency. As long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor says it was not an emergency, we will cover your additional care only if:

- you use a network provider, or
- the additional care you get is considered "urgently needed care" and you follow the rules for getting this care. (Refer to the next section.)

12. Urgently needed care

Definition of urgently needed care

Urgently needed care is care you get for a situation that isn't an emergency but needs care right away. For example, you might have a flare-up of an existing condition or a severe sore throat that occurs over the weekend and need to have it treated.

Urgently needed care when you are in the plan's service area

In most situations, we will cover urgently needed care only if:

- you get this care from a network provider, and
- you follow the other rules described in this chapter.

However, if it is not possible or reasonable to get to a network provider, we will cover urgently needed care you get from an out-of-network provider.

To find an urgent care center:

- Look in our Provider and Pharmacy Directory online at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp.
- Call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711)**, Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.

Urgently needed care when you are outside the plan's service area

When you are outside the plan's service area, you might not be able to get care from a network provider. In that case, our plan will cover urgently needed care you get from any provider.

13. Care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP.

Please visit our website for information on how to obtain needed care during a declared disaster: www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp.

During a declared disaster, if you cannot use a network provider, we will allow you to get care from out-of-network providers at no cost to you. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a declared disaster, you will be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please refer to Chapter 5 for more information.

J. What to do if you are billed directly for services covered by our plan

If a provider sends you a bill instead of sending it to the plan, you can ask us to pay the bill.

You should not pay the bill yourself. If you do, the plan may not be able to pay you back.

If you have paid for your covered services or if you have gotten a bill for covered medical services, refer to Chapter 7 to learn what to do.

J1. What to do if services are not covered by our plan

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP covers all services:

- that are medically necessary, and
- that are listed in the plan's Benefits Chart (refer to Chapter 4), and
- that you get by following plan rules.

If you get services that aren't covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost yourself.

If you want to know if we will pay for any medical service or care, you have the right to ask us. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we will not pay for your services, you have the right to appeal our decision.

Chapter 9 explains what to do if you want the plan to cover a medical item or service. It also tells you how to appeal the plan's coverage decision. You may also call Member Services to learn more about your appeal rights.

We will pay for some services up to a certain limit. If you go over the limit, you will have to pay the full cost to get more of that type of service. Call Member Services to find out what the limits are and how close you are to reaching them.

K. Coverage of health care services when you are in a clinical research study

K1. Definition of a clinical research study

A clinical research study (also called a clinical trial) is a way doctors test new types of health care or drugs. A clinical research study approved by Medicare typically asks for volunteers to be in the study.

Once Medicare approves a study you want to be in, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you. That person will tell you about the study and find out if you qualify to be in it. You can be in the study as long as you meet the required conditions. You must also understand and accept what you must do for the study.

While you are in the study, you may stay enrolled in our plan. That way you continue to get care from our plan not related to the study.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do not need to tell us or get approval from us or your primary care provider. The providers that give you care as part of the study do not need to be network providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations (NCDs) and investigational device trials (IDE) and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

We encourage you to tell us before you start participating in a clinical research study. If you plan to be in a clinical research study, you or your Service Coordinator should contact Member Services to let us know you will be in a clinical trial.

K2. Payment for services when you are in a clinical research study

If you volunteer for a clinical research study that Medicare approves, you will pay nothing for the services covered under the study and Medicare will pay for services covered under the study as well as routine costs associated with your care. Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you are covered for most items and services you get as part of the study. This includes:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure that is part of the research study.
- Treatment of any side effects and complications of the new care.

If you are part of a study that Medicare has **not approved**, you will have to pay any costs for being in the study.

K3. Learning more about clinical research studies

You can learn more about joining a clinical research study by reading "Medicare & Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

L. How your health care services are covered when you get care in a religious non-medical health care institution

L1. Definition of a religious non-medical health care institution

A religious non-medical health care institution is a place that provides care you would normally get in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against your religious beliefs, we will cover care in a religious non-medical health care institution.

This benefit is only for Medicare Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

L2. Getting care from a religious non-medical health care institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are against getting medical treatment that is "non-excepted."

- "Non-excepted" medical treatment is any care that is voluntary and not required by any federal, state, or local law.
- "Excepted" medical treatment is any care that is not voluntary and is required under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services is limited to non-religious aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following applies:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to get covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - You must get approval from our plan before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.
 - Coverage limitations apply; refer to the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more information.

M. Durable medical equipment (DME)

M1. DME as a member of our plan

DME includes certain items ordered by a provider such as wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, intravenous (IV) infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

You will always own certain items, such as prosthetics.

In this section, we discuss DME you must rent. As a member of Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, you usually will not own DME, no matter how long you rent it.

In certain limited situations, we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Member Services to find out about the requirements you must meet and the papers you need to provide.

Even if you had the DME for up to 12 months in a row under Medicare before you joined our plan, you will not own the equipment.

Our plan will pay for some durable medical equipment (DME) and products normally found in a pharmacy. Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP pays for nebulizers, ostomy supplies, and other covered supplies and equipment if they are medically necessary. Call Member Services for more information about these benefits.

M2. DME ownership when you switch to Original Medicare or Medicare Advantage

In the Original Medicare program, people who rent certain types of DME own it after 13 months. In a Medicare Advantage plan, the plan can set the number of months people must rent certain types of DME before they own it.

Note: You can find definitions of Original Medicare and Medicare Advantage Plans in Chapter 12. You can also find more information about them in the *Medicare & You 2024* handbook. If you don't have a copy of this booklet, you can get it at the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov/) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

You will have to make 13 payments in a row under Original Medicare, or you will have to make the number of payments in a row set by the Medicare Advantage plan, to own the DME item if:

- you did not become the owner of the DME item while you were in our plan,
 and
- you leave our plan and get your Medicare benefits outside of any health plan in the Original Medicare program or a Medicare Advantage Plan.

If you made payments for the DME item under Original Medicare or a Medicare Advantage plan before you joined our plan, those Original Medicare or Medicare Advantage plan payments do not count toward the payments you need to make after leaving our plan.

 You will have to make 13 new payments in a row under Original Medicare or a number of new payments in a row set by the Medicare Advantage plan to own the DME item. • There are no exceptions to this when you return to Original Medicare or a Medicare Advantage plan.

M3. Oxygen equipment benefits as a member of our plan

If you qualify for oxygen equipment covered by Medicare and you are a member of our plan, we will cover the following:

- rental of oxygen equipment
- delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- tubing and related accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

Oxygen equipment must be returned when it's no longer medically necessary for you or if you leave our plan.

M4. Oxygen equipment when you switch to Original Medicare or Medicare Advantage

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to Original Medicare**, you will rent it from a supplier for 36 months. Your monthly rental payments cover the oxygen equipment and the supplies and services listed above.

If oxygen equipment is medically necessary after you rent it for 36 months:

- your supplier must provide the oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months.
- your supplier must provide oxygen equipment and supplies for up to 5 years if medically necessary.

If oxygen equipment is still medically necessary at the end of the 5-year period:

- your supplier no longer has to provide it, and you may choose to get replacement equipment from any supplier.
- a new 5-year period begins.
- you will rent from a supplier for 36 months.
- your supplier must then provide the oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months.
- a new cycle begins every 5 years as long as oxygen equipment is medically necessary.

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to a Medicare Advantage plan**, the plan will cover at least what Original Medicare covers. You can ask your Medicare Advantage plan what oxygen equipment and supplies it covers and what your costs will be.

Chapter 4: Benefits Chart

Introduction

This chapter tells you about the services Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP covers and any restrictions or limits on those services. It also tells you about benefits not covered under our plan. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of the *Member Handbook*.

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A. Your covered services

This chapter tells you what services Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP pays for. You can also learn about services that are not covered. Information about drug benefits is in Chapter 5. This chapter also explains limits on some services.

Because you get assistance from Texas Medicaid, you pay nothing for your covered services as long as you follow the plan's rules. Refer to Chapter 3 for details about the plan's rules.

If you need help understanding what services are covered, call your Service Coordinator and/or Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**).

A1. During public health emergencies

If you live in an area that has declared a public health emergency, the plan may offer additional covered benefits. Please contact Member Services for information including benefits that will be made available during the duration of the public health emergency.

B. Rules against providers charging you for services

We do not allow Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP providers to bill you for covered services. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service.

You should never get a bill from a provider for covered services. If you do, refer to Chapter 7 or call Member Services.

C. Our plan's Benefits Chart

The Benefits Chart in Section D tells you which services the plan pays for. It lists categories of services in alphabetical order and explains the covered services.

We will pay for the services listed in the Benefits Chart only when the following rules are met. You do not pay anything for the services listed in the Benefits Chart, as long as you meet the coverage requirements described below.

- Your Medicare and Texas Medicaid covered services must be provided according to the rules set by Medicare and Texas Medicaid.
- The services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and drugs) must be medically necessary. Medically necessary means you need the services to prevent, diagnose, or treat a medical condition or to maintain your current health status. This includes care that keeps you from going into a

hospital or nursing home. It also means the services, supplies, or drugs meet accepted standards of medical practice. When we give our decision, we base it on two things. First, there are Medicare's rules. Second, there are generally accepted standards of medical practice. These standards are proven and accepted by those who practice and study medicine. We also need to make sure you get the most cost-effective care. This means it doesn't cost more than another option that will work just as well. But we also need it to be right for you. And that you get it in the right place and the right number of times. Finally, we cannot approve a service just because it is more convenient than another option. You must get our approval before getting care from providers not in our plan unless it's for Urgent care, Emergency care, or Renal dialysis outside the service area. To find a provider in our plan, check our Find Care tool online or call Member Services. If you are referred or feel you need to use a provider who is not in our plan, you must call us to get approval before you get care.

- You get your care from a network provider. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan. In most cases, the plan will not pay for care you get from an out-of-network provider. Chapter 3 has more information about using network and out-of-network providers.
- You use your primary care provider (PCP) first for most of your regular health-care needs. Your PCP, along with your Service Coordinator, can help plan and schedule your covered services. This includes x-rays, laboratory tests, home health services, therapies, care from specialists, hospital admissions, and follow-up care. Your PCP also contacts other plan providers for updates about your care and/or treatments.
- You have a primary care provider (PCP) or a service coordination team that is
 providing and managing your care. In most cases, your PCP must give you
 approval before you can use someone that is not your PCP or use other
 providers in the plan's network. This is called a referral. Chapter 3 has more
 information about getting a referral and explains when you do not need a
 referral.
- Some of the services listed in the Benefits Chart are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets approval from us first. This is called prior authorization (PA). Covered services that need PA are marked in the Benefits Chart with a note in bold type.
- All preventive services are free. You will find this apple next to preventive services in the Benefits Chart.

D. The Benefits Chart

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
~	Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening The plan will pay for a one-time ultrasound screening for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you	\$0
	have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	
	Acupuncture for chronic low back pain	\$0
	The plan will pay for up to 12 visits in 90 days if you have chronic low back pain, defined as:	
	 lasting 12 weeks or longer; 	
	 not specific (having no systemic cause that can be identified, such as not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, or infectious disease); 	
	 not associated with surgery; and 	
	 not associated with pregnancy. 	
	The plan will pay for an additional 8 sessions if you show improvement. You may not get more than 20 acupuncture treatments each year.	
	Acupuncture treatments must be stopped if you don't get better or if you get worse.	
	As a flexible benefit, the plan will also pay for up to six (6) acupuncture visits per year.	
	PA may be required.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Alcohol misuse screening and counseling	\$0
	The plan will pay for one alcohol-misuse screening for adults who misuse alcohol but are not alcohol dependent. This includes pregnant women.	
	If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four combined screening and brief, face-to-face counseling sessions each year (if you are able and alert during counseling) with a qualified primary care provider or practitioner in a primary care setting.	
	PA may be required.	
	Alzheimer's care	\$0
	We offer a memory album of photos for members with memory loss to encourage memory retention. Photo albums may help to stimulate memories for a member suffering from Alzheimer's disease and other dementia.	
	One photo album per lifetime. Must be diagnosed with Alzheimer's disease or other dementia. Talk to your Service Coordinator for more details.	
	PA may be required.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Ambulance services	\$0
	Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include fixed-wing, rotary-wing, and ground ambulance services. The ambulance will take you to the nearest place that can give you care.	
	Your condition must be serious enough that other ways of getting to a place of care could risk your life or health. Ambulance services for other cases must be approved by the plan.	
	In cases that are not emergencies, the plan may pay for an ambulance. Your condition must be serious enough that other ways of getting to a place of care could risk your life or health.	
	For non-emergency ambulance services, PA may be required.	
Č	Annual wellness visit	\$0
	If you have been in Medicare Part B for more than 12 months, you can get an annual checkup. This is to make or update a prevention plan based on your current risk factors. The plan will pay for this once every 12 months.	
	Note: You cannot have your first annual checkup within 12 months of your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. You will be covered for annual checkups after you have had Part B for 12 months. You do not need to have had a "Welcome to Medicare" visit first.	
	Behavioral health services	\$0
	The plan will pay for the following services:	
	mental health targeted case management	
	mental health rehabilitative services	
	PA may be required.	

Bone mass measurement The plan will pay for certain procedures for members who qualify (usually, someone at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis). These procedures identify bone mass, find bone loss, or find out bone quality. The plan will pay for the services once every 24 months, or more often if they are medically necessary. The plan will also pay for a doctor to look at and comment on the results.	
who qualify (usually, someone at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis). These procedures identify bone mass, find bone loss, or find out bone quality. The plan will pay for the services once every 24 months, or more often if they are medically necessary. The plan will also pay for a doctor to look at and comment on the	
or more often if they are medically necessary. The plan will also pay for a doctor to look at and comment on the	
Breast cancer screening (mammograms) \$0	
The plan will pay for the following services:	
one baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39	
one screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and older	
clinical breast exams once every 24 months	
Cardiac (heart) rehabilitation services \$0	
The plan will pay for cardiac rehabilitation services such as exercise, education, and counseling. Members must meet certain conditions with a doctor's referral.	
The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs, which are more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.	
In addition to the covered service, the plan offers up to 12 additional visits per year.	
PA may be required.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Č	Cardiovascular (heart) disease risk reduction visit (therapy for heart disease)	\$0
	The plan pays for one visit a year with your primary care provider to help lower your risk for heart disease. During this visit, your doctor may:	
	discuss aspirin use,	
	 check your blood pressure, or 	
	 give you tips to make sure you are eating well. 	
*	Cardiovascular (heart) disease testing	\$0
	The plan pays for blood tests to check for cardiovascular disease once every five years (60 months). These blood tests also check for defects due to high risk of heart disease.	
~	Cervical and vaginal cancer screening	\$0
	The plan will pay for the following services:	
	 for all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams once every 24 months 	
	 for women who are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer: one Pap test every 12 months 	
	 for women who have had an abnormal Pap test within the last three years and are of childbearing age: one Pap test every 12 months 	
	Chiropractic services	\$0
	The plan will pay for the following services:	
	 adjustments of the spine to correct alignment 	
	PA may be required.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Č	Colorectal cancer screening	\$0
	The plan will pay for the following services:	
	 Colonscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema. 	
	 Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema. 	
	 Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months. 	
	 Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. 	
	 Blood-based Biomarker Tests for pateints 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. 	
	 Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy. 	
	 Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy. 	
	 Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result. 	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
ď	Counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use	\$0
	If you use tobacco but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease:	
	 The plan will pay for two counseling quit attempts in a 12-month period as a preventive service. This service is free for you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. 	
	If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco:	
	 The plan will pay for two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. 	
	The plan also offers tobacco cessation counseling for pregnant women.	
	Day Activity and Health Services (DAHS)	\$0
	Daytime services for enrollees residing in the community in order to provide an alternative to placement in nursing facilities or other institutions.	
	Services may include but are not limited to nursing and personal care, noon meal and snacks, transportation, and social, educational and recreational activities at no cost to the enrollee.	
	If you are a waiver member, please refer to the Community-Based Services section later in this chapter.	
	PA may be required.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Dental services Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP will pay for the following services: Preventive dental services Oral exam, 1 every six months Cleaning, 1 every six months Dental x-ray, 1 set every year Comprehensive dental services Additional dental benefits include dental services limited to \$400 every calendar quarter. Unused quarterly allowance carries over to the next quarter, but does not carry over to the next year. Benefit resets December 31	\$0
~	of each year. PA may be required for nonroutine, diagnostic, restorative, endodontic, periodontic, and extraction services. Depression screening The plan will pay for one depression screening each year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can give follow-up treatment and referrals.	\$0

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Č	Diabetes screening	\$0
	The plan will pay for this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors:	
	 high blood pressure (hypertension) 	
	 history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia) 	
	obesity	
	 history of high blood sugar (glucose) 	
	Tests may be covered in some other cases, such as if you are overweight and have a family history of diabetes.	
	Depending on the test results, you may qualify for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
~	Diabetic self-management training, services, and supplies	\$0
	The plan will pay for the following services for all people who have diabetes (whether they use insulin or not):	
	 Supplies to monitor your blood glucose, including the following: 	
	 a blood glucose monitor 	
	 blood glucose test strips 	
	 lancet devices and lancets 	
	 glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors 	
	 For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease, the plan will pay for the following: 	
	 one pair of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts) and two extra pairs of inserts each calendar year, or 	
	 one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts each year (provided with such shoes) 	
	The plan will also pay for fitting the therapeutic custom-molded shoes or depth shoes.	
	The plan will pay for training to help you manage your diabetes, in some cases.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies	\$0
(For a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)," refer to Chapter 12 as well as Chapter 3, Section M of this handbook.)	
The following items are covered:	
wheelchairs	
crutches	
powered mattress systems	
diabetic supplies	
 hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home 	
intravenous (IV) infusion pumps	
speech generating devices	
oxygen equipment and supplies	
nebulizers	
walkers	
Other items may be covered.	
We will pay for all medically necessary DME that Medicare and Texas Medicaid usually pay for. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or maker, you may ask them if they can special-order it for you. This plan covers only DUROLANE, EUFLEXXA, SUPARTZ, and Gel-SYN-3 Hyaluronic Acids. We will not cover other brands unless your provider tells us it is medically necessary.	
PA may be required.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Emergency care	\$0
Emergency care means services that are:	If you get emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency is stabilized, you must return to a network hospital for your care to continue to be paid for. You can stay in the out-of-network hospital for your inpatient care only if the plan approves your stay.
 given by a provider trained to give emergency services, and 	
 needed to treat a medical emergency. 	
A medical emergency is a medical condition with severe pain or serious injury. The condition is so serious that, if it doesn't get immediate medical attention, anyone with an average knowledge of health and medicine could expect it to result in:	
 serious risk to your health, or to that of your unborn child; or 	
 serious harm to bodily functions; or 	
 serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part; or 	
 in the case of a pregnant woman in active labor, when: 	
 there is not enough time to safely transfer you to another hospital before delivery. 	
 a transfer to another hospital may pose a threat to your health or safety or to that of your unborn child. 	
Medical services performed out of the country are not covered.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Family planning services	\$0
The law lets you choose any provider – whether a network provider or out-of-network provider – to get certain family planning services from. This means any doctor, clinic, hospital, pharmacy or family planning office.	
The plan will pay for the following services:	
family planning exam and medical treatment	
family planning lab and diagnostic tests	
 family planning methods (birth control pills, patch, ring, IUD, injections, implants) 	
 family planning supplies with prescription (condom, sponge, foam, film, diaphragm, cap) 	
 counseling and diagnosis of infertility, and related services 	
 counseling and testing for sexually transmitted infections (STIs), HIV/AIDS, and other HIV-related conditions 	
 treatment for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) 	
 voluntary sterilization (You must be age 21 or older, and you must sign a federal sterilization consent form. At least 30 days, but not more than 180 days, must pass between the date that you sign the form and the date of surgery.) 	
genetic counseling	
The plan will also pay for some other family planning services. However, you must use a provider in the plan's network for the following services:	
 treatment for medical conditions of infertility (This service does not include artificial ways to become pregnant.) 	
treatment for AIDS and other HIV-related conditions	
genetic testing	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Č	Health and wellness education programs	\$0
	We offer programs to help you manage chronic conditions and identified health conditions, including:	
	 health education fitness benefit (refer to SilverSneakers® benefit later in this section) 	
	enhanced disease management	
	 nurse Advice Call Line (refer to 24/7 Nurseline benefit later in this section) 	
	counseling services	
	Hearing services	\$0
	The plan pays for hearing and balance tests done by your provider. These tests tell you whether you need medical treatment. They are covered as outpatient care when you get them from a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.	
	As an extra benefit, this plan covers routine hearing exams and hearing aid fitting/evaluations and offers up to \$2,000 a year for medically necessary hearing aids. This amount is in addition to your covered benefit of one hearing aid every five years.	
	PA may be required.	
~	HIV screening	\$0
	The plan pays for one HIV screening exam every 12 months for people who:	
	• ask for an HIV screening test, or	
	are at increased risk for HIV infection.	
	For women who are pregnant, the plan pays for up to three HIV screening tests during a pregnancy.	

ervices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Home-delivered meals - Post-Discharge	\$0
The plan covers nutritious meals that are delivered to your home after you are discharged from an inpatient hospital or skilled nursing facility stay. Maximum of 2 meals a day for 5 days.	
Limited to members living in the community. Benefit does not apply to members residing in nursing facilities or waivered members. If you are a waiver member, please refer to the Community-Based Services section later in this chapter.	
PA may be required.	
Home health agency care	\$0
Before you can get home health services, a doctor must tell us you need them, and they must be provided by a home health agency.	
The plan will pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
 part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week.) 	
physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy	
medical and social services	
medical equipment and supplies	
PA may be required.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Home infusion therapy	\$0
	The plan will pay for home infusion therapy, defined as drugs or biological substances administered into a vein or applied under the skin and provided to you at home. The following are needed to perform home infusion:	
	the drug or biological substance, such as an antiviral or immune globulin;	
	equipment, such as a pump; and	
	supplies, such as tubing or a catheter.	
	The plan will cover home infusion services that include but are not limited to:	
	 professional services, including nursing services, provided in accordance with your care plan; 	
	member training and education not already included in the DME benefit;	
	remote monitoring; and	
	 monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier. 	
	PA may be required.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Hospice care	\$0
You have the right to elect hospice if your provider and hospice medical director determine you have a terminal prognosis. This means you have a terminal prognosis and are expected to have six months or less to live. You can get care from any hospice program certified by Medicare. The plan must help you find a hospice program certified by Medicare. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.	
The plan will pay for the following while you are getting hospice services:	
drugs to treat symptoms and pain	
short-term respite care	
home care	
Hospice services and services covered by Medicare Part A or B are billed to Medicare.	
Refer to Section F of this chapter for more information.	
For services covered by Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP but not covered by Medicare Part A or B:	
Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP will cover plan-covered services not covered under Medicare Part A or B. The plan will cover the services whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay nothing for these services.	
For drugs that may be covered by Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP's Medicare Part D benefit:	
Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please refer to Chapter 5.	
Note: If you need non-hospice care, you should call your Service Coordinator at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711) to arrange the services. Non-hospice care is care that is not related to your terminal prognosis.	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Hospice care (continued)	
	Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who has not chosen the hospice benefit.	
	PA may be required.	
Č	Immunizations	.\$0
	The plan will pay for the following services:	
	pneumonia vaccine	
	 flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary 	
	 hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting hepatitis B 	
	COVID-19 vaccine	
	 other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules 	
	The plan will pay for other vaccines that meet the Medicare Part D coverage rules. Read Chapter 6 to learn more.	
	Inpatient hospital care	\$0
	The plan will pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
	 semi-private room (or a private room if it is medically necessary) 	
	 meals, including special diets 	
	regular nursing services	
	 costs of special care units, such as intensive care or coronary care units 	
	drugs and medications	
	lab tests	
	 X-rays and other radiology services 	
	 needed surgical and medical supplies 	
	This benefit is continued on the next page	

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay Inpatient hospital care (continued) appliances, such as wheelchairs operating and recovery room services physical, occupational, and speech therapy inpatient substance abuse services blood, including storage and administration The plan will pay for whole blood and packed red cells beginning with the fourth pint of blood you need. You must pay for the first three pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. The plan will pay for all other parts of blood beginning with the first pint used. physician services in some cases, the following types of transplants: corneal, kidney, kidney/pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, a Medicare-approved transplant center will review your case and decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If local transplant providers are willing to accept the Medicare rate, then you can get your transplant services locally or outside the pattern of care for your community. If Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP provides transplant services outside the pattern of care for your community and you choose to get your transplant there, we will arrange or pay for lodging and travel costs for you and one other person. PA may be required.

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital	\$0
The plan will pay for mental health care services that require a hospital stay.	
 coverage for inpatient services for acute psychiatric conditions may be provided in a free-standing psychiatric hospital in lieu of an acute care inpatient setting. 	
 coverage for substance abuse disorder treatment services may be provided in a chemical dependency treatment facility in lieu of an acute care inpatient hospital setting. 	
benefits and limits as described in the <i>Texas Medicaid Provider Procedures Manual</i> .	
The plan offers unlimited additional psychiatric inpatient days per benefit period.	
Except in an emergency, your doctor must tell the plan that you are going to be admitted to the hospital.	
PA may be required.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Inpatient stay: Covered services in a hospital during a non-covered inpatient stay	\$0
If your inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, the plan will not pay for it.	
However, in some cases the plan will pay for services you get while you are in the hospital. The plan will pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
doctor services	
diagnostic tests, like lab tests	
 x-ray, radium, and isotope therapy, including technician materials and services 	
surgical dressings	
 splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations 	
 prosthetics and orthotic devices, other than dental, including replacement or repairs of such devices. These are devices that: 	
 replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or 	
 replace all or part of the function of an inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ. 	
 leg, arm, back, and neck braces, trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes. This includes adjustments, repairs, and replacements needed because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's condition. 	
 physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy 	
PA may be required.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Kidney disease services and supplies	\$0
The plan will pay for the following services:	
 kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make good decisions about their care. 	
 you must have stage IV chronic kidney disease, and your doctor must refer you. 	
 the plan will cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services. 	
 outpatient dialysis treatments, including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. 	
 inpatient dialysis treatments if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care 	
 self-dialysis training, including training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments 	
home dialysis equipment and supplies	
 certain home support services, such as necessary visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and to check your dialysis equipment and water supply 	
Your Medicare Part B drug benefit pays for some drugs for dialysis. For information, please refer to "Medicare Part B prescription drugs" in this chart.	
PA may be required.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
***************************************	 Lung cancer screening The plan will pay for lung cancer screening every 12 months if you: are aged 50-77, and have a counseling and shared decision-making visit with your doctor or other qualified provider, and have smoked at least 1 pack a day for 20 years with no signs or symptoms of lung cancer or smoke now or have quit within the last 15 years After the first screening, the plan will pay for another screening each year with a written order from your doctor or other qualified provider. 	\$0
	Medical nutrition therapy This benefit is for people with diabetes or kidney disease without dialysis. It is also for after a kidney transplant when referred by your doctor. The plan will pay for three hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you get medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare. (This includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Medicare.) We pay for two hours of one-on-one counseling services each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to get more hours of treatment with a doctor's referral. A doctor must prescribe these services and renew the referral each year if your treatment is needed in the next calendar year.	\$0
•	Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP) The plan will pay for MDPP services. MDPP is designed to help you increase healthy behavior. It provides practical training in: I long-term dietary change, and increased physical activity, and ways to maintain weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.	\$0

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Medicare Part B prescription drugs	\$0
These drugs are covered under Part B of Medicare. Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP will pay for the following drugs:	
 drugs you don't usually give yourself and are injected or infused while you are getting doctor, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgery center services 	
 insulin furnished through an item of durable medical equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin pump) 	
 other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan 	
 clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia 	
 immunosuppressive drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant 	
 osteoporosis drugs that are injected. These drugs are paid for if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot inject the drug yourself 	
• antigens	
 certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin (when medically necessary), topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa) 	
IV immune globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases	
Some of the Part B covered drugs listed above may be subject to step therapy.	
The following link will take you to a list of Part B drugs that may be subject to step therapy: www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp/benefits/pharmacy-benefits.html.	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)	
We also cover some vaccines under our Medicare Part B and Part D prescription drug benefit.	
Chapter 5 explains the outpatient prescription drug benefit. It explains rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered.	
Chapter 6 explains what you pay for your outpatient prescription drugs through our plan.	
PA may be required.	
Nonemergency Medical Transportation (NEMT) services	\$0
The plan will pay for transportation services to nonemergency health care appointments if you have no other transportation options.	
These trips include rides to the doctor, dentist, hospital, pharmacy, and other places you get health care services.	
These trips do not include ambulance trips.	
NEMT services include:	
 passes or tickets for transportation, such as mass transit within and between cities or states (including by rail or bus). 	
commercial airline transportation services.	
 demand response (curb-to-curb) transportation services in private buses, vans, or sedans (including wheelchair-accessible vehicles, if necessary). 	
 mileage reimbursement for an individual transportation participant (ITP) for a verified completed trip to a covered health care service. The ITP can be you, a responsible party, a family member, a friend, or a neighbor. 	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Nursing facility care	\$0
	The nursing facility must provide for the needs of each client, including room and board, social services, overthe-counter medications, medical supplies and equipment, and personal needs items.	
	PA may be required.	
~	Obesity screening and therapy to keep weight down	\$0
	If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, the plan will pay for counseling to help you lose weight. You must get the counseling in a primary care setting. That way, it can be managed with your full prevention plan. Talk to your primary care provider to find out more.	
	Opioid treatment program (OTP) services	\$0
	The plan will pay for the following services to treat opioid use disorder (OUD):	
	intake activities	
	 periodic assessments 	
	 medications approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and, if applicable, managing and giving you these medications 	
	substance use counseling	
	individual and group therapy	
	 testing for drugs or chemicals in your body (toxicology testing) 	
	PA may be required.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies	\$0
	The plan will pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
	• X-rays	
	 radiation (radium and isotope) therapy, including technician materials and supplies 	
	 surgical supplies, such as dressings 	
	 splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations 	
	lab tests	
	 blood, beginning with the fourth pint of blood that you need. You must pay for the first three pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. The plan will pay for storage and administration beginning with the first pint of blood you need. 	
	other outpatient diagnostic tests	
	PA may be required.	

Outpatient hospital services

the Benefits Chart

PA may be required.

• some drugs that you can't give yourself

Services that our plan pays for

The plan pays for medically necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.
The plan will pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:
services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as outpatient surgery or observation services
 Observation services help your doctor know if you need to be admitted to the hospital as an "inpatient."
 Sometimes you can be in the hospital overnight and still be an "outpatient."
 You can get more information about being an inpatient or an outpatient in this fact sheet: www.medicare.gov/media/11101.
labs and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital
mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be needed without it
X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital
medical supplies, such as splints and casts
preventive screenings and services listed throughout

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Outpatient mental health care	\$0
The plan will pay for mental health services provided by:	
a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor,	
a clinical psychologist,	
a clinical social worker,	
a clinical nurse specialist,	
a licensed professional counselor (LPC)	
a licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT)	
a nurse practitioner (NP),	
a physician assistant (PA), or	
any other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.	
The plan will pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
clinic services	
day treatment	
psychosocial rehab services	
PA may be required.	
Outpatient rehabilitation services	\$0
The plan will pay for physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy.	
You can get outpatient rehabilitation services from hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities (CORFs), and other facilities.	
If you are a waiver member, please refer to the Community-Based Services section later in this chapter.	
PA may be required.	
,	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Outpatient substance abuse services The plan will pay for outpatient services when covered, medically necessary, and provided by network physicians, psychologists or other mental health professionals. Services may include but are not limited to: • basic medical and therapeutic services • individual, family, and/or group therapy • rehabilitation services • adult Day Program • medication Training and Support • crisis Intervention • skills Training and Development • psychosocial Rehabilitative Services • targeted Case Management PA may be required.	\$0
Outpatient surgery The plan will pay for outpatient surgery and services at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers. PA may be required.	\$0

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Over-the-counter (OTC) medications and items	\$0
	The plan provides unlimited over-the-counter (OTC) medications when written as prescriptions by your provider. For more information please refer to Tier 4 drugs found in Chapter 6 or visit our website at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp for Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP's <i>List of Covered Drugs</i> (Drug List).	
	In addition, the plan also provides an extra \$51 spending amount, every three months for plan-approved, over-the-counter (OTC) health and wellness items. This extra benefit:	
	 Does not require PA or a prescription 	
	 Does not include items currently available as a covered benefit 	
	 Is limited to items in Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP's OTC Catalog 	
	Members are eligible to use the full quarterly spending amount anytime throughout the quarter. Unused balances will roll forward each calendar quarter but must be used by December 31. Balance does not carry forward from year to year. OTC items may be purchased only for the member.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Partial hospitalization services and intensive outpatient services	\$0
	Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment. It is offered as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center. It is more intense than the care you get in your doctor's or therapist's office. It can help keep you from having to stay in the hospital.	
	Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.	
	PA may be required.	

Services that our plan pays for		What you must pay
Personal assistance services		\$0
The plan covers personal assista daily living.	nce with activities of	
The plan may pay for the followin or functionally necessary, and malisted here:	•	
grooming		
eating		
bathing		
 dressing and personal hygier 	e	
functional living tasks / assist	ance with planning	
preparing meals		
transportation, or assistance transportation	in securing	
assistance with ambulation a	nd mobility	
 reinforcement of behavioral s therapies activities; and 	upport or specialized	
assistance with medications		
These services can be self-direct option allows you or your legally a representative to be the employer service providers and to direct the services.	authorized of some of your	
If you are a waiver member, please Community-Based Services section		
PA may be required.		

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Personal Emergency Response System (PERS)	\$0
The plan offers a personal monitoring system that works 24/7. In the event of an emergency, you can press a call button to signal for help.	
PERS is available to all members residing in the community (non-nursing facility members). Limitations and restrictions may apply.	
If you are a waiver member, please refer to the Community-Based Services section later in this chapter.	
PA may be required.	
Pest control	\$0
The plan offers pest control treatments once every 3 months to eliminate rodents, roaches, and other unsafe pests from the home. This extra benefit is limited to members residing in the community (non-nursing facility members). Limitations and restrictions may apply.	
PA may be required.	
Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits	\$0
The plan will pay for the following services:	
medically necessary health care or surgery services given in places such as:	
o physician's office	
 certified ambulatory surgical center 	
 hospital outpatient department 	
consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist	
 basic hearing and balance exams given by your primary care provider or specialist, if your doctor orders them to find out whether you need treatment 	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued)	
 you have the option of getting services by telehealth. If you choose to get services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. Ask your doctor if telehealth services are available. 	
some telehealth services including consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a physician or practitioner, for members in certain rural areas or other places approved by Medicare	
telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease (ESRD) related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home	
telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke	
 telehealth services for members with a substance abuse use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder 	
telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if:	
 you have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit 	
 you have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services 	
 exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances 	
 telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers 	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued)	
 virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if: 	
 you're not a new patient and 	
 the check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and 	
 the check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment 	
 evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if: 	
 you're not a new patient and 	
 the evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and 	
 the evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment 	
This benefit is continued on the next page	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (continued)	
consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, the Internet, or electronic health record if you're not a new patient	
 second opinion by another network provider before surgery 	
non-routine dental care. Covered services are limited to:	
 surgery of the jaw or related structures, 	
 setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, 	
 pulling teeth before radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer, or 	
 services that would be covered when provided by a physician. 	
PA and referral may be required.	
Podiatry services	\$0
The plan will pay for the following services:	
 diagnosis and medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the foot (such as hammer toe or heel spurs) 	
routine foot care for members with conditions affecting the legs, such as diabetes	
In addition, the plan covers one routine foot care visit every three months. Medicare covered services must be exhausted first.	
PA may be required.	

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay	
Prostate cancer screening exams For men age 50 and older, the plan will pay for the following services once every 12 months: • a digital rectal exam • a prostate specific antigen (PSA) test	\$0
Prosthetic devices and related supplies Prosthetic devices replace all or part of a body part or function. The plan will pay for the following prosthetic devices, and maybe other devices not listed here: • colostomy bags and supplies related to colostomy care • pacemakers • braces • prosthetic shoes • artificial arms and legs • breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy) The plan will also pay for some supplies related to prosthetic devices. They will also pay to repair or replace prosthetic devices. The plan offers some coverage after cataract removal or cataract surgery. Refer to "Vision care" later in this section for details. PA may be required.	\$0
Pulmonary rehabilitation services The plan will pay for pulmonary rehabilitation programs for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD). The member must have a referral for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor or provider treating the COPD. PA may be required.	\$0

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Respite care Non-waivered members who reside in the community are eligible to receive respite services limited to four (4) hours for two (2) days or eight (8) hours for one (1) day. If you are a waiver member, please refer to the Community-Based Services section later in this chapter. PA may be required.	\$0
Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) screening and counseling The plan will pay for screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for some people who are at increased risk for an STI. A primary care provider must order the tests. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy. The plan will also pay for up to two face-to-face, high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. Each session can be 20 to 30 minutes long. The plan will pay for these counseling sessions as a preventive service only if they are given by a primary care provider. The sessions must be in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.	\$0

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
SilverSneakers® Membership	\$0
SilverSneakers can help you live a healthier, more active life through fitness and social connection. You are covered for a fitness benefit through SilverSneakers at participating locations ¹ . You have access to instructors who lead specially designed group exercise classes ² . At participating locations nationwide ¹ , you can take classes ² plus use exercise equipment and other amenities. Additionally, SilverSneakers FLEX® gives you options to get active outside of traditional gyms (like recreation centers, malls and parks). SilverSneakers also connects you to a support network and virtual resources through SilverSneakers Live, SilverSneakers On-Demand TM and the mobile app, SilverSneakers GO TM .	
At-home kits are offered for members who want to start working out at home or for those who can't get to a fitness location due to injury, illness or being homebound.	
All you need to get started is your personal SilverSneakers ID number. Go to SilverSneakers.com to learn more about your benefit or call 1-888-423-4632 (TTY: 711) Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern time. Always talk with your doctor before starting an exercise program.	
¹ Participating locations ("PL") are not owned or operated by Tivity Health, Inc. or its affiliates. Use of PL facilities and amenities is limited to terms and conditions of PL basic membership. Facilities and amenities vary by PL.	
² Membership includes SilverSneakers instructor-led group fitness classes. Some locations offer members additional classes. Classes vary by location.	
SilverSneakers is not a gym membership, but a specialized program designed specifically for older adults. Gym memberships or other fitness programs that do not meet the SilverSneakers criteria are excluded.	
This benefit is continued on the next page	
SilverSneakers® Membership (continued)	

rvices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
The SilverSneakers fitness program is provided by Tivity Health, an independent company. SilverSneakers and SilverSneakers FLEX are registered trademarks of Tivity Health, Inc. SilverSneakers On-Demand and SilverSneakers GO are trademarks of Tivity Health, Inc. © 2020 Tivity Health, Inc. All rights reserved.	
Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care	\$0
No prior hospital stay is required.	
The plan will pay for the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:	
a semi-private room, or a private room if it is medically necessary	
meals, including special diets	
nursing services	
 physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy 	
 drugs you get as part of your Plan of Care, including substances that are naturally in the body, such as blood-clotting factors 	
blood, including storage and administration	
 the plan will pay for whole blood and packed red cells beginning with the fourth pint of blood you need. You must pay for the first three pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. 	
 the plan will pay for all other parts of blood beginning with the first pint used. 	
 medical and surgical supplies given by nursing facilities 	
lab tests given by nursing facilities	
This benefit is continued on the next page	
Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care (continued)	

Serv	ices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	 X-rays and other radiology services given by nursing facilities 	
	 appliances, such as wheelchairs, usually given by nursing facilities 	
	 physician/provider services 	
	You will usually get your care from network facilities. However, you may be able to get your care from a facility not in our network. You can get care from the following places if they accept our plan's amounts for payment:	
	 a nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you lived before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides nursing facility care) 	
	 a nursing facility where your spouse or domestic partner lives at the time you leave the hospital 	
	PA may be required.	

Services that our plan pays for	What you must pay
Supervised exercise therapy (SET)	\$0
The plan will pay for SET for members with symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) who have a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment. The plan will pay for:	
 up to 36 sessions during a 12-week period if all SET requirements are met 	
an additional 36 sessions over time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider	
The SET program must be:	
30 to 60-minute sessions of a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in members with leg cramping due to poor blood flow (claudication)	
 in a hospital outpatient setting or in a physician's office 	
 delivered by qualified personnel who make sure benefit exceeds harm and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD 	
 under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques 	
PA may be required.	
24/7 Nurseline	\$0
As a member, you have access to a 24/7 Nurseline, 7 days a week, 365 days a year. When you call our Nurse HelpLine, you can speak directly to a registered nurse who will help answer your health-related questions. The call is toll-free and the service is available anytime, including weekends and holidays. Plus, your call is always confidential. Call the 24/7Nurseline at 1-855-878-1784. TTY users should call 711.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Urgently needed care	\$0
	Urgently needed care is care given to treat:	
	• a non-emergency, or	
	a sudden medical illness, or	
	• an injury, or	
	 a condition that needs care right away. 	
	If you require urgently needed care, you should first try to get it from a network provider. However, you can use out-of-network providers when you cannot get to a network provider beause given your circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable, to obtain services from network providers (for example, when you are outside the plan's service area and you require medically needed immediate services for an unseen condition but it is not a medical emergency).	
	Medical services performed out of the country are not covered.	

Ser	vices that our plan pays for	What you must pay
	Vision care	\$0
	The plan will pay for outpatient doctor services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye. For example, this includes annual eye exams for diabetic retinopathy for people with diabetes and treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Medicare does not cover regular eye exams for glasses or contacts.	
	For people at high risk of glaucoma, the plan will pay for one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include:	
	 people with a family history of glaucoma, 	
	 people with diabetes 	
	 African-Americans who are age 50 and older, and 	
	 Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older. 	
	The plan covers one eye exam every year.	
	In addition to the covered services, the plan will provide up to \$300 extra for one pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses every year.	
	PA may be required.	
Č	"Welcome to Medicare" Preventive Visit	\$0
	The plan covers the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. The visit includes:	
	 a review of your health, 	
	 education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including screenings and shots), and 	
	 referrals for other care if you need it. 	
	Note: We cover the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit only during the first 12 months that you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, tell your doctor's office you want to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.	

E. Our home and community-based services

In addition to these general services, our plan also covers home and community-based services. These are services that you may be able to use instead of going to a facility. To get some of these services, you will need to qualify for the home and community-based waiver (the STAR+PLUS Waiver). Your Service Coordinator will work with you to decide if these services are right for you and will be in your Plan of Care.

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Adaptive Aids and Medical Supplies	\$0
The plan covers the following devices, controls, appliances, or items that are necessary to address your specific needs, including those necessary for life support up to a \$10,000 per year limit.	
The plan may pay for the following if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other items/services not listed here:	
lifts, including vehicle lifts	
mobility Aids	
positioning Devices	
control switches/pneumatic switches and devices	
environmental control units	
medically necessary supplies	
communication aids (including batteries)	
adaptive/modified equipment for activities of daily living	
safety restraints and safety devices	
Service Coordinators can help you get medical supplies or equipment.	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
The State allows a member to select a relative or legal guardian, other than a legally responsible individual, to be his/her provider for this service if the relative or legal guardian meets the requirements for this type of service.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Adult Foster Care	\$0
The plan covers 24-hour living arrangements in a foster home if you have physical, mental, or emotional limitations or if you are unable to continue functioning independently in your own home.	
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other services not listed here:	
meal preparation	
housekeeping	
personal care	
nursing tasks	
• supervision	
companion services	
daily living assistance	
transportation	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Assisted Living Services	\$0
The plan covers a 24-hour living arrangement for you if you are unable to live independently in your own home.	
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other services not listed here:	
Host home/companion care that provides you with:	
o personal assistance	
o functional living tasks	
 supervision of your safety and security 	
 habilitation activities 	
Supervised living that provides you with:	
o personal assistance	
o functional living tasks	
 supervision of your safety and security 	
 ○ habilitation activities 	
Residential support service that provides you with:	
o personal assistance	
o functional living tasks	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy	\$0
The plan covers services that help you learn or re-learn cognitive skills.	
These skills may have been lost or altered as a result of damage to brain cells or brain chemistry.	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	
Day Habilitation Services	\$0
These services help you with obtaining, retaining, or improving skills necessary to live successfully at home and/or in community-based settings.	
They promote independence, personal choice, and achievement of the outcomes identified in your service plan.	
For individuals enrolled in and receiving Community First Choice (CFC) services: Benefits and limits as described in the <i>Texas Medicaid Provider Procedures Manual</i> , as required by CFC.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Dental Services	\$0
The plan covers the following services to help preserve your teeth and meet your medical needs up to \$5,000 per year. If the services of an oral surgeon are required, you can get an additional \$5,000 per year.	
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other services not listed here:	
emergency dental treatment	
preventive dental treatment	
therapeutic dental treatment (restoration, maintenance, etc.)	
orthodontic dental treatment	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Emergency Response Services	\$0
The plan covers emergency response services for you through an electronic monitoring system 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.	
In an emergency, you can press a call button to signal for help.	
This benefit is for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver; and, for individuals enrolled in and receiving Community First Choice (CFC) services: Benefits and limits as described in the <i>Texas Medicaid Provider Procedures Manual</i> , as required by CFC.	
Emergency Response Services (ERS) are also available as a Flexible Benefit for free for members who are not enrolled in CFC or HCBS STAR+PLUS waiver services.	
PA may be required.	
Employment Assistance	\$0
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other services not listed here:	
 identifying your employment preferences, job skills, and requirements for a work setting and work conditions 	
 locating prospective employers offering employment compatible with your identified preferences, skills, and requirements 	
 contacting a prospective employer on your behalf and negotiating your employment 	
transportation	
participating in service planning team meetings	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Functional Living Task Services	\$0
These services help you with:	
planning and preparing meals	
transportation, or help in securing transportation	
assistance with ambulation and mobility	
 reinforcement of behavioral support or specialized therapies activities 	
assistance with medications	
Home-Delivered Meals	\$0
The plan covers hot, nutritious meals that are served in your home. Meals are limited to 1 to 2 per day.	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Minor Home Modifications	\$0
The plan covers minor home modifications to ensure your health, welfare, and safety and to allow you to function with greater independence in your home. The plan will cover up to \$7,500 over the course of your lifetime and will also cover up to \$300 each year for repairs.	
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other services not listed here:	
installation of ramps and grab bars	
widening of doorways	
modifications of kitchen and bathroom facilities, and	
other specialized accessibility adaptations	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	
Nursing Services	\$0
The plan covers the treatment and monitoring of your medical conditions, especially if you have chronic conditions that require specific nursing tasks.	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Occupational Therapy	\$0
The plan covers occupational therapy for you, which provides assessment and treatment by a licensed occupational therapist.	
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other services not listed here:	
screening and assessment	
development of therapeutic treatment plans	
direct therapeutic intervention	
assistance, and training with adaptive aids and augmentative communication devices	
 consulting with and training other service providers and family members 	
participating on the service planning team, when appropriate	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Personal Assistance Services	\$0
The plan covers personal assistance with activities of daily living.	
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other services not listed here:	
• grooming	
eating	
bathing	
dressing and personal hygiene	
functional living tasks / assistance with planning	
preparing meals	
transportation or assistance in securing transportation	
assistance with ambulation and mobility	
 reinforcement of behavioral support or specialized therapies activities; and 	
assistance with medications	
Individuals can elect to receive Self-Directed Personal Assistance Services.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Physical Therapy	\$0
The plan covers physical therapy, assessments, and treatments by a licensed physical therapist.	
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other services not listed here:	
screening and assessment	
development of therapeutic treatment plans	
direct therapeutic intervention	
assistance and training with adaptive aids/augmentative communication devices	
consulting with and training other service providers and family members	
participating on the service planning team, when appropriate	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Respite Care	\$0
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary up to 30 visits a year, and maybe other services not listed here:	
personal assistance	
habilitation activities	
community activities	
leisure activities	
supervision of your safety and security	
development of socially valued behaviors	
development of daily living skills	
Respite care is provided to ensure your comfort, health, and safety. It may be provided in the following locations: your home or place of residence; adult foster care home; Texas Medicaid certified nursing facility; and an assisted living facility.	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
Respite Care is also available as a Flexible Benefit for free for members who are not enrolled in HCBS STAR+PLUS waiver services. Maximum of eight (8) hours. Provided eight (8) hours for one (1) day or four (4) hours a day for two (2) days.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Speech, Hearing, and Language Therapy	\$0
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other services not listed here:	
screening and assessment	
development of therapeutic treatment plans	
direct therapeutic intervention	
assistance/training with adaptive aids and augmentative communication devices	
consulting with and training other service providers and family members	
participating on the service planning team, when appropriate	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Support Consultation	\$0
The plan covers optional support consultation provided by a chosen certified support advisor.	
This advisor will assist you in learning about and performing employer responsibilities.	
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other services not listed here:	
recruiting, screening, and hiring workers	
preparing job descriptions	
verifying employment eligibility and qualifications, and other documents required to employ an individual	
managing workers	
other professional skills as needed	
This benefit is for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver; and, for individuals enrolled in and receiving Community First Choice (CFC) services: Benefits and limits as described in the <i>Texas Medicaid Provider Procedures Manual</i> , as required by CFC.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Supported Employment	\$0
The plan covers supported employment, which is provided to you at your place of employment if:	
 you need the support services to maintain employment due to a disability; 	
 you are paid minimum wage (or more) for the work performed; and 	
your place of employment is competitive and integrated.	
The plan also covers transportation to and from your worksite, and supervision and training to you beyond what an employer would ordinarily provide.	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	

Community-based services that our plan covers	What you must pay
Transitional Assistance Services	\$0
The plan covers one transition from a nursing facility to a home in the community, up to a \$2,500 limit.	
The plan may pay for the following services if medically or functionally necessary, and maybe other services not listed here:	
 payment of security deposits required to lease an apartment or home 	
 set-up fees or deposits to establish utility services for the home, including telephone, electricity, gas, and water 	
 purchase of essential furnishings for the apartment or home, including table, chairs, window blinds, eating utensils, food preparation items, and bath linens 	
 payment of moving expenses required to move into or occupy the home or apartment; and 	
 payment for services to ensure your health in the apartment or home, such as pest eradication, allergen control, or a one-time cleaning before occupancy 	
This benefit is only for individuals enrolled in and receiving STAR+PLUS Waiver Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) as outlined in Attachment C: HCBS Service Definitions of the 1115 waiver.	
PA may be required.	

F. Benefits covered outside of Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP

The following services are not covered by Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP but are available to you through Medicare or Texas Medicaid.

F1. Hospice care

You have the right to elect hospice if your provider and hospice medical director determine you have a terminal prognosis. This means you have a terminal illness and are expected to have six months or less to live. You can get care from any hospice program certified by Medicare. The plan must help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs. Hospice programs provide members and families with palliative and supportive care to meet the special needs arising out of physical, psychological, spiritual, social, and economic stresses which are experienced during the final stages of illness and during dying and bereavement. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.

Refer to the Benefits Chart in Section D of this chapter for more information about what Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP pays for while you are getting hospice care services.

For hospice services and services covered by Medicare Part A or B that relate to your terminal prognosis:

 The hospice provider will bill Medicare for your services. Medicare will pay for hospice services and any Medicare Part A or B services. You pay nothing for these services.

For services covered by Medicare Part A or B that are not related to your terminal prognosis:

 The provider will bill Medicare for your services. Medicare will pay for the services covered by Medicare Part A or B. You pay nothing for these services.

For drugs that may be covered by Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP's Medicare Part D benefit:

 Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please refer to Chapter 5.

Note: If you need non-hospice care, you should call your Service Coordinator to arrange the services. Non-hospice care is care that is not related to your terminal prognosis. Call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**), Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time for help with service coordination.

F2. Pre-Admission Screening and Resident Review (PASRR)

This is a program to ensure members are not inappropriately placed in nursing homes. This requires that members (1) be evaluated for mental illness, intellectual disability, or both; (2) be offered the most appropriate setting for their needs (in the community, a nursing facility, or acute care settings); and (3) get the services they need in those settings.

G. Benefits not covered by Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, Medicare, or Texas Medicaid

This section tells you what kinds of benefits are excluded by the plan. Excluded means that the plan does not pay for these benefits. Medicare and Texas Medicaid will not pay for them either.

The list below describes some services and items that are not covered by the plan under any conditions and some that are excluded by the plan only in some cases.

The plan will not pay for the excluded medical benefits listed in this section (or anywhere else in this *Member Handbook*) except under the specific conditions listed. Even if you receive the services at an emergency facility, the plan will not pay for the services. If you think that we should pay for a service that is not covered, you can file an appeal. For information about filing an appeal, refer to Chapter 9.

In addition to any exclusions or limitations described in the Benefits Chart, **the following items and services are not covered by our plan:**

- Services considered not "reasonable and necessary," according to the standards of Medicare and Texas Medicaid, unless these services are listed by our plan as covered services.
- Experimental medical and surgical treatments, items, and drugs, unless covered by Medicare or under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan. Refer to Chapter 3 for more information on clinical research studies. Experimental treatment and items are those that are not generally accepted by the medical community.
- Surgical treatment for morbid obesity, except when it is medically necessary and Medicare pays for it.
- A private room in a hospital, except when it is medically necessary.
- Private duty nurses.
- Personal items in your room at a hospital or a nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.

- Full-time nursing care in your home.
- Homemaker services, including basic household assistance, such as light cleaning or making meals.
- Fees charged by your immediate relatives or members of your household.
- Elective or voluntary enhancement procedures or services (including weight loss, hair growth, sexual performance, athletic performance, cosmetic purposes, anti-aging and mental performance), except when medically necessary.
- Cosmetic surgery or other cosmetic work, unless it is needed because of an
 accidental injury or to improve a part of the body that is not shaped right.
 However, the plan will pay for reconstruction of a breast after a mastectomy
 and for treating the other breast to match it.
- Chiropractic care, other than manual manipulation of the spine consistent with Medicare coverage guidelines.
- Orthopedic shoes, unless the shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease.
- Supportive devices for the feet, except for orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.
- Radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low-vision aids.
- Reversal of sterilization procedures and non-prescription contraceptive supplies.
- Naturopath services (the use of natural or alternative treatments).
- Services provided to veterans in Veterans Affairs (VA) facilities. However, when a veteran gets emergency services at a VA hospital and the VA cost sharing is more than the cost sharing under our plan, we will reimburse the veteran for the difference. Members are still responsible for their cost sharing amounts.

Chapter 5: Getting your outpatient prescription drugs through the plan

Introduction

This chapter explains rules for getting your outpatient prescription drugs. These are drugs that your provider orders for you that you get from a pharmacy or by mail-order. They include drugs covered under Medicare Part D and some prescription and over-the-counter drugs covered under Texas Medicaid. Chapter 6 tells you what you pay for these drugs. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of the *Member Handbook*.

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP also covers the following drugs, although they will not be discussed in this chapter:

- Drugs covered by Medicare Part A. These include some drugs given to you
 while you are in a hospital or nursing facility.
- Drugs covered by Medicare Part B. These include some chemotherapy drugs, some drug injections given to you during an office visit with a doctor or other provider, certain home health supply products (test strips, lancets, spacers), and drugs you are given at a dialysis clinic. To learn more about what Medicare Part B drugs are covered, refer to the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

Rules for the plan's outpatient drug coverage

The plan will usually cover your drugs as long as you follow the rules in this section.

- You must have a doctor or other provider write your prescription, which must be valid under applicable state law. This person often is your primary care provider (PCP). It could also be another provider if your primary care provider has referred you for care.
- Your prescriber must not be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription.
- Your prescribed drug must be on the plan's List of Covered Drugs. We call it the "Drug List" for short.
 - If it is not on the Drug List, we may be able to cover it by giving you an exception.
 - Refer to Chapter 9 to learn about asking for an exception.

5. Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. This means that the use of the drug is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references. A medically accepted indication refers to the diagnosis or condition for which a drug is being prescribed, not the dose being prescribed for such indication. The drug must be used for a medically accepted indication that supports the diagnosis or treatment of illness or injury, or to improve the function of the body (except for Part D vaccines, which may be used for prevention of a condition).

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A. Getting your prescriptions filled

A1. Filling your prescription at a network pharmacy

In most cases, the plan will pay for prescriptions only if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. A network pharmacy is a drug store that has agreed to fill prescriptions for our plan members. You may use any of our network pharmacies.

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Member Services or your Service Coordinator.

A2. Using your Member ID Card when you fill a prescription

To fill your prescription, **show your Member ID Card** at your network pharmacy. The network pharmacy will bill the plan for our share of the cost of your covered prescription drug. You may need to pay the pharmacy a copay when you pick up your prescription.

If you do not have your Member ID Card with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call the plan to get the necessary information, or you can ask the pharmacy to lookup your plan enrollment information.

In some cases, if the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. You can then ask us to pay you back for our share. If you cannot pay for the drug, contact Member Services right away. We will do what we can to help.

- To learn how to ask us to pay you back, refer to Chapter 7.
- If you need help getting a prescription filled, you can contact Member Services or your Service Coordinator.

A3. What to do if you change to a different network pharmacy

If you change pharmacies and need a refill of a prescription, you can either ask to have a new prescription written by a provider or ask your pharmacy to transfer the prescription to the new pharmacy if there are any refills left.

If you need help changing your network pharmacy, you can contact Member Services or your Service Coordinator.

A4. What to do if your pharmacy leaves the network

If the pharmacy you use leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new network pharmacy.

To find a new network pharmacy, you can look in the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Member Services or your Service Coordinator.

A5. Using a specialized pharmacy

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care facility, such as a nursing home.
 - Usually, long-term care facilities have their own pharmacies. If you are a resident of a long-term care facility, we must make sure you can get the drugs you need at the facility's pharmacy.
 - If your long-term care facility's pharmacy is not in our network or you have any difficulty accessing your drug benefits in a long-term care facility, please contact Member Services.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service/Tribal/Urban Indian Health Program. Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives may use these pharmacies.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To find a specialized pharmacy, you can look in the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Member Services or your Service Coordinator.

A6. Using mail-order services to get your drugs

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network mail-order services. Generally, the drugs available through mail-order are drugs that you take on a regular basis for a chronic or long-term medical condition. The drugs available through our plan's mail-order service are marked as mail-order drugs in our Drug List.

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order up to a 93-day supply. A 93-day supply has the same copay as a one-month supply.

Filling prescriptions by mail

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail, visit our website at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp or call Pharmacy Member Services toll-free at **1-833-232-1711** (TTY: **711**) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week or your Service Coordinator.

Usually, a mail-order prescription will get to you within 7 to 14 days. If your mail-order prescription is delayed, we will cover a temporary supply from a retail pharmacy. Contact CarelonRx Mail Order at 1-833-203-1738 (TTY: 711) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The call is free.

Mail-order processes

The mail-order service has different procedures for new prescriptions it gets from you, new prescriptions it gets directly from your provider's office, and refills on your mail-order prescriptions:

New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from you

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it gets from you.

2. New prescriptions the pharmacy gets directly from your provider's office

The pharmacy will automatically fill and deliver new prescriptions it gets from health care providers, without checking with you first, if either:

- You used mail-order services with this plan in the past, or
- You sign up for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions you get directly from health care providers. You may ask for automatic delivery of all new prescriptions now or at any time by contacting CarelonRx Mail Order at 1-833-203-1738 (TTY: 711) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The call is free.

If you get a prescription automatically by mail that you do not want and you were not contacted to find out if you wanted it before it shipped, you may be eligible for a refund.

If you used mail-order in the past and do not want the pharmacy to automatically fill and ship each new prescription, please contact us by calling CarelonRx Mail Order at **1-833-203-1738** (TTY: **711**) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The call is free.

If you have never used our mail-order delivery and/or decide to stop automatic fills of new prescriptions, the pharmacy will contact you each time it gets a new prescription from a health care provider to find out if you want the medication filled and shipped immediately.

This will give you an opportunity to make sure that the pharmacy is delivering
the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if necessary, allow
you to cancel or delay the order before you are billed and it is shipped.

 It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

To opt out of automatic deliveries of new prescriptions you get directly from your health care provider's office, please contact us by calling CarelonRx Mail Order at 1-833-203-1738 (TTY: 711) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The call is free.

3. Refills on mail-order prescriptions

For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program. Under this program we will start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug.

- The pharmacy will contact you before shipping each refill to make sure you need more medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough of your medication or if your medication has changed.
- If you choose not to use our auto refill program, please contact your pharmacy
 14 days before your current prescription will run out to make sure your next
 order is shipped to you in time.

To opt out of our program that automatically prepares mail-order refills, please contact us by calling Pharmacy Member Services at **1-833-232-1711** (TTY: **711**). 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The call is free.

So the pharmacy can reach you to confirm your order before shipping, please make sure to let the pharmacy know the best ways to contact you. Let your Service Coordinator know, or contact Pharmacy Member Services at **1-833-232-1711** (TTY: **711**) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week and we will update your member file. If we don't know the best way to reach you, you might miss the chance to tell us whether you want a refill, and you could run out of your prescription drugs.

A7. Getting a long-term supply of drugs

You can get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs on our plan's Drug List. Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.

Some network pharmacies allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. A 93-day supply has the same copay as a one-month supply. The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* tells you which pharmacies can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Member Services for more information.

For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network mail-order services to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Refer to the section above to learn about mail-order services.

A8. Using a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network

Generally, we pay for drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy only when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. We have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan.

We will pay for prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy in the following cases:

- If you are traveling outside the service area, run out of your drug, and can't get to a network pharmacy
- If you can't get a drug in a timely manner because there isn't a network pharmacy within driving distance that offers 24/7 service
- If the drug you take is not regularly stocked at an accessible pharmacy or mailorder pharmacy
- If the drug is given to you while you're in an emergency room, out-of-network hospital or facility, outpatient surgery center, or other outpatient setting and you can't get your medicine from a network pharmacy
- During a federally declared natural disaster or other emergency when you couldn't reasonably be expected to get medicines from a network pharmacy

In these cases, please check first with Member Services to find out if there is a network pharmacy nearby.

A9. Paying you back if you pay for a prescription

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost instead of a copay when you get your prescription. You can ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

To learn more about this, refer to Chapter 7.

B. The plan's Drug List

The plan has a List of Covered Drugs. We call it the "Drug List" for short.

The drugs on the Drug List are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules you need to follow to get your drugs.

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the rules explained in this chapter.

B1. Drugs on the Drug List

The Drug List includes the drugs covered under Medicare Part D and prescription and over-the-counter drugs and items covered under your Texas Medicaid benefits.

The Drug List includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biosimilars.

A brand name drug is a prescription drug that is sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Brand name drugs that are more complex than typical drugs (for example, drugs that are based on a protein) are called biological products. On the Drug List, when we refer to "drugs," this could mean a drug or a biological product such as vaccines or insulin.

Generic drugs have the same active ingredients as brand name drugs. Since biological products are more complex than typical drugs, instead of having a generic form, they have alternatives that are called biosimilars. Generally, generics and biosimilars work just as well as brand name drugs or biological products and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs. There are biosimilar alternatives for some biological products.

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the rules explained in this chapter.

Our plan also covers certain over-the-counter drugs and products. Some over-the-counter drugs cost less than prescription drugs and work just as well. For more information, call Member Services.

B2. How to find a drug on the Drug List

To find out if a drug you are taking is on the Drug List, you can:

- Check the most recent Drug List we sent you in the mail.
- Visit the plan's website at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp. The Drug List on the website is always the most current one.
- Call Member Services to find out if a drug is on the plan's Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list.
- Use our "Real Time Benefit Tool" at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp or call your care coordinator or Member Services. With this tool you can search for drugs on the Drug List to get an estimate of what you will pay and if there are alternative drugs on the Drug List that could treat the same condition.

B3. Drugs that are not on the Drug List

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs. Some drugs are not on the Drug List because the law does not allow the plan to cover those drugs. In other cases, we have decided not to include a drug on the Drug List.

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP will not pay for the drugs listed in this section. These are called excluded drugs. If you get a prescription for an excluded drug, you must pay for it yourself. If you think we should pay for an excluded drug because of your case, you can file an appeal. (To learn how to file an appeal, refer to Chapter 9.)

Here are three general rules for excluded drugs:

- 1. Our plan's outpatient drug coverage (which includes Medicare Part D and Texas Medicaid drugs) cannot pay for a drug that would already be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B. Drugs covered under Medicare Part A or Part B are covered by Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP for free, but they are not considered part of your outpatient prescription drug benefits.
- **2.** Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.
- 3. The use of the drug must be either approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references as a treatment for your condition. Your doctor might prescribe a certain drug to treat your condition, even though it was not approved to treat the condition. This is called off-label use. Our plan usually does not cover drugs when they are prescribed for off-label use.

Also, by law, the types of drugs listed below are not covered by Medicare or Texas Medicaid.

- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction, such as Viagra[®], Cialis[®], Levitra[®], and Caverject[®]
- Drugs used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs when the company who makes the drugs says that you have to have tests or services done only by them

B4. Drug List cost sharing tiers

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one of four (4) cost sharing tiers. A tier is a group of drugs of generally the same type (for example, brand name, generic, or over-the-counter drugs). In general, the higher the cost sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

- Tier 1 drugs are Medicare Part D preferred generic and brand-name drugs.
 The copay is \$0.
- Tier 2 drugs are Medicare Part D preferred and nonpreferred generic and brand-name drugs. The copay is from \$0 to \$11.20 depending on your income.
- Tier 3 drugs are Texas Medicaid State approved prescription generic and brand name drugs. The copay is \$0.
- Tier 4 drugs are Texas Medicaid State approved over-the-counter (OTC) drugs that require a prescription from your provider. The copay is \$0.

To find out which cost sharing tier your drug is in, look for the drug in the plan's Drug List. Chapter 6 tells the amount you pay for drugs in each cost sharing tier.

C. Limits on some drugs

For certain prescription drugs, special rules limit how and when the plan covers them. In general, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. When a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well as a higher-cost drug, the plan expects your provider to prescribe the lower-cost drug.

If there is a special rule for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps for us to cover the drug. For example, your provider may have to tell us your diagnosis or provide results of blood tests first. If you or your provider think our rule should not apply to your situation, you should ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to let you use the drug without taking the extra steps.

To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to Chapter 9.

1. Limiting use of a brand name drug or original biological products when a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version is available

Generally, a generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar works the same as a brand name drug or original biological product and usually costs less. In most cases, if there is a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version of a brand name drug or original biological product, our network pharmacies will give you the generic or interchangeable biosimilar version.

- We usually will not pay for the brand name drug or original biological product when there is a generic version.
- However, if your provider has told us the medical reason that the generic drug
 or interchangeable biosimilar will not work for you or has written "No
 substitutions" on your prescription for a brand name drug or original biological
 product or has told us the medical reason that neither the generic drug or
 interchangeable biosimilar nor other covered drugs that treat the same
 condition will work for you, then we will cover the brand name drug.
- Your copay may be greater for the brand name drug or original biological product than for the generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar.

2. Getting plan approval in advance

For some drugs, you or your doctor must get approval from Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP before you fill your prescription. If you don't get approval, Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP may not cover the drug.

You can get a 72-hour supply of a drug covered by Texas Medicaid if it is an emergency.

3. Trying a different drug first

In general, the plan wants you to try lower-cost drugs (that often are as effective) before the plan covers drugs that cost more. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, and Drug A costs less than Drug B, the plan may require you to try Drug A first.

If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This is called step therapy.

4. Quantity limits

For some drugs, we limit the amount of the drug you can have. This is called a quantity limit. For example, the plan might limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription.

To find out if any of the rules above apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List. For the most up-to-date information, call Member Services or check our website at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp.

D. Reasons your drug might not be covered

We try to make your drug coverage work well for you, but sometimes a drug might not be covered in the way that you would like it to be. For example:

- The drug you want to take is not covered by the plan. The drug might not be
 on the Drug List. A generic version of the drug might be covered, but the brand
 name version you want to take is not. A drug might be new and we have not
 yet reviewed it for safety and effectiveness.
- The drug is covered, but there are special rules or limits on coverage for that drug. As explained in the section above, some of the drugs covered by the plan have rules that limit their use. In some cases, you or your prescriber may want to ask us for an exception to a rule.

There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you would like it to be.

D1. Getting a temporary supply

In some cases, the plan can give you a temporary supply of a drug when the drug is not on the Drug List or when it is limited in some way. This gives you time to talk with your provider about getting a different drug or to ask the plan to cover the drug.

To get a temporary supply of a drug, you must meet the two rules below:

- 1. The drug you have been taking:
 - is no longer on the plan's Drug List, or
 - was never on the plan's Drug List, or
 - is now limited in some way.
- 2. You must be in one of these situations:
 - You were in the plan last year.
 - We will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of the calendar year.
 - This temporary supply will be for up to 31 days.
 - If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple refills to provide up to a maximum of 31 days of medication. You must fill the prescription at a network pharmacy.

- Long-term care pharmacies may provide your prescription drug in small amounts at a time to prevent waste.
- You are new to the plan.
 - We will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan.
 - This temporary supply will be for up to 31 days.
 - If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple refills to provide up to a maximum of 31 days of medication. You must fill the prescription at a network pharmacy.
 - Long-term care pharmacies may provide your prescription drug in small amounts at a time to prevent waste.
- You have been in the plan for more than 90 days and live in a long-term care facility and need a supply right away.
 - We will cover one 34-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply.
 - o To ask for a temporary supply of a drug, call Member Services.

When you get a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your supply runs out. Here are your choices:

• You can change to another drug.

There may be a different drug covered by the plan that works for you. You can call Member Services to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. The list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

OR

You can ask for an exception.

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the Drug List. Or you can ask the plan to cover the drug without limits. If your provider says you have a good medical reason for an exception, they can help you ask for one.

To learn more about asking for an exception, refer to Chapter 9.

If you need help asking for an exception, you can contact Member Services or your Service Coordinator.

E. Changes in coverage for your drugs

Most changes in drug coverage happen on January 1, but Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP may add or remove drugs on the Drug List during the year. We may also change our rules about drugs. For example, we could:

- Decide to require or not require prior authorization (PA) or approval for a drug.
 (PA is permission from Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP before you can get a drug.)
- Add or change the amount of a drug you can get (called quantity limits).
- Add or change step therapy restrictions on a drug. (Step therapy means you
 must try one drug before we will cover another drug.)

For more information on these drug rules, refer to Section C earlier in this chapter.

If you are taking a drug that was covered at the **beginning** of the year, we will generally not remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year** unless:

- a new, cheaper drug comes on the market that works as well as a drug on the Drug List now, or
- we learn that a drug is not safe, or
- a drug is removed from the market.

To get more information on what happens when the Drug List changes, you can always:

- Check Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP's up to date Drug List online at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp or
- Call Member Services to check the current Drug List at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711).

Some changes to the Drug List will happen immediately. For example:

• A new generic drug becomes available. Sometimes, a new generic drug comes on the market that works as well as a brand name drug on the Drug List now. When that happens, we may remove the brand name drug and add the new generic drug, but your cost for the new drug will stay the same *or will be lower*.

When we add the new generic drug, we may also decide to keep the brand name drug on the list but change its coverage rules or limits.

- We may not tell you before we make this change, but we will send you information about the specific change we made once it happens.
- You or your provider can ask for an "exception" from these changes. We will send you a notice with the steps you can take to ask for an exception. Please refer to Chapter 9 of this handbook for more information on exceptions.
- A drug is taken off the market. If the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) says a drug you are taking is not safe or the drug's manufacturer takes a drug off the market, we will take it off the Drug List. If you are taking the drug, we will let you know. Your provider will also know about this change. They can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

We may make other changes that affect the drugs you take. We will tell you in advance about these other changes to the Drug List. These changes might happen if:

- The FDA provides new guidance or there are new clinical guidelines about a drug.
- We add a generic drug that is not new to the market and
 - Replace a brand name drug currently on the Drug List or
 - o Change the coverage rules or limits for the brand name drug.

When these changes happen, we will:

- Tell you at least 30 days before we make the change to the Drug List or
- Let you know and give you a 31-day supply of the drug after you ask for a refill.

This will give you time to talk to your doctor or other prescriber. They can help you decide:

- If there is a similar drug on the Drug List you can take instead or
- Whether to ask for an exception from these changes. To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to Chapter 9.

We may make changes that do not affect the drugs you take now. For such changes, if you are taking a drug we covered at the **beginning** of the year, we generally will not remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year**.

For example, if we remove a drug you are taking or limit its use, then the change will not affect your use of the drug for the rest of the year.

F. Drug coverage in special cases

F1. If you are in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan

If you are admitted to a hospital or skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. You will not have to pay a copay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage.

To learn more about drug coverage and what you pay, refer to Chapter 6.

F2. If you are in a long-term care facility

Usually, a long-term care facility, such as a nursing home, has its own pharmacy or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are living in a long-term care facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy if it is part of our network.

Check your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your long-term care facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it is not, or if you need more information, please contact Member Services.

F3. If you are in a Medicare-certified hospice program

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time.

- If you are enrolled in a Medicare hospice and require a pain medication, antinausea, laxative, or antianxiety drug not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal prognosis and related conditions, our plan must get notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug.
- To prevent delays in getting any unrelated drugs that should be covered by our plan, you can ask your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

If you leave hospice, our plan should cover all of your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, you should bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify that you have left hospice. Refer to the previous parts of this chapter that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage under Medicare Part D.

To learn more about the hospice benefit, refer to Chapter 4.

G. Programs on drug safety and managing drugs

G1. Programs to help members use drugs safely

Each time you fill a prescription, we look for possible problems, such as drug errors or drugs that:

- may not be needed because you are taking another drug that does the same thing
- may not be safe for your age or gender
- could harm you if you take them at the same time
- have ingredients that you are or may be allergic to
- have unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we see a possible problem in your use of prescription drugs, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

G2. Programs to help members manage their drugs

If you take medications for different medical conditions and/or you are in a Drug Management Program to help you use your opioid medications safely, you may be eligible to get services, at no cost to you, through a medication therapy management (MTM) program. This program helps you and your provider make sure that your medications are working to improve your health. If you qualify for the program, A pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications and talk with you about:

- how to get the most benefit from the drugs you take
- any concerns you have, like medication costs and drug reactions
- how best to take your medications
- any questions or problems you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medication

You'll get a written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do to make the best use of your medications. You'll also get a personal medication list that will include all the medications you're taking and why you take them. In addition, you'll get information about safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to schedule your medication review before your yearly "Wellness" visit, so you can talk to your doctor about your action plan and medication list. Bring your action plan and medication list with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, take your medication list with you if you go to the hospital or emergency room.

Medication therapy management programs are voluntary and free to members that qualify. If we have a program that fits your needs, we will enroll you in the program and send you information. If you do not want to be in the program, please let us know, and we will take you out of the program.

If you have any questions about these programs, please contact Member Services or your Service Coordinator.

G3. Drug management program to help members safely use their opioid medications

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP has a program that can help members safely use their prescription opioid medications and other medications that are frequently misused. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP).

If you use opioid medications that you get from several doctors or pharmacies or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your doctors to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your doctors, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications is not safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. Limitations may include:

- Requiring you to get all prescriptions for those medications from certain pharmacies and/or from certain doctors
- Limiting the amount of those medications we will cover for you

If we think that one or more limitations should apply to you, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we will limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific provider or pharmacy.

You will have a chance to tell us which doctors or pharmacies you prefer to use and any information you think is important for us to know. If we decide to limit your coverage for these medications after you have a chance to respond, we will send you another letter that confirms the limitations.

If you think we made a mistake, you disagree that you are at risk for prescription drug misuse, or you disagree with the limitation, you and your prescriber can file an appeal. If you file an appeal, we will review your case and give you our decision. If we continue to deny

any part of your appeal related to limitations to your access to these medications, we will automatically send your case to an Independent Review Entity (IRE). (To learn how to file an appeal and to find out more about the IRE, refer to Chapter 9.)

The DMP may not apply to you if you:

- have certain medical conditions, such as cancer or sickle cell disease,
- are getting hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or
- live in a long-term care facility.

Chapter 6: What you pay for your Medicare and Texas Medicaid prescription drugs

Introduction

This chapter tells what you pay for your outpatient prescription drugs. By "drugs," we mean:

- Medicare Part D prescription drugs, and
- · drugs and items covered under Texas Medicaid, and
- drugs and items covered by the plan as additional benefits.

Because you are eligible for Texas Medicaid, you are getting "Extra Help" from Medicare to help pay for your Medicare Part D prescription drugs.

Extra Help is a Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D prescription drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the "Low-Income Subsidy," or "LIS."

Other key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of the *Member Handbook*.

To learn more about prescription drugs, you can look in these places:

- The plan's List of Covered Drugs.
 - We call this the "Drug List." It tells you:
 - Which drugs the plan pays for
 - Which of the 4 cost sharing tiers each drug is in
 - Whether there are any limits on the drugs
 - o If you need a copy of the "Drug List", call Member Services. You can also find the Drug List on our website at Wellpointwww.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp. The "Drug List" on the website is always the most current.
- Chapter 5 of this Member Handbook.

- Chapter 5 tells how to get your outpatient prescription drugs through the plan.
- It includes rules you need to follow. It also tells which types of prescription drugs are not covered by our plan.
- The plan's Provider and Pharmacy Directory.
 - In most cases, you must use a network pharmacy to get your covered drugs. Network pharmacies are pharmacies that have agreed to work with our plan.
 - The Provider and Pharmacy Directory has a list of network pharmacies.
 You can read more about network pharmacies in Chapter 5.
 - When you use the plan's "Real Time Benefit Tool" to look up drug coverage (refer to Chapter 5, Section B2), the cost shown is provided in "real time" meaning the cost displayed in the tool reflects a moment in time to provide an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you are expected to pay. You can call your care coordinator or Member Services for more information.

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A. The Explanation of Benefits (EOB)

Our plan keeps track of your prescription drugs. We keep track of two types of costs:

- Your out-of-pocket costs. This is the amount of money you, or others on your behalf, pay for your prescriptions.
- Your **total drug costs**. This is the amount of money you, or others on your behalf, pay for your prescriptions, plus the amount the plan pays.

When you get prescription drugs through the plan, we send you a summary called the *Explanation of Benefits*. We call it the EOB for short. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take such as increases in price and other drugs with lower cost sharing that may be available. You can talk to your prescriber about these lower cost options. The EOB includes:

- **Information for the month**. The summary tells what prescription drugs you got for the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others paying for you paid.
- "Year-to-date" information. This is your total drug costs and the total payments made since January 1.
- **Drug price information**. This is the total price of the drug and the percentage change in the drug price since the first fill.
- Lower cost alternatives. When available, they appear in the summary below your current drugs. You can talk to your prescriber to find out more.

We offer coverage of drugs not covered under Medicare.

- Payments made for these drugs will not count towards your total out-of-pocket costs.
- We also pay for some over-the-counter drugs. You do not have to pay anything for these drugs.
- To find out which drugs our plan covers, refer to the Drug List.

B. How to keep track of your drug costs

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make, we use records we get from you and from your pharmacy. Here is how you can help us:

1. Use your Member ID Card.

Show your Member ID Card every time you get a prescription filled. This will help us know what prescriptions you fill and what you pay.

2. Make sure we have the information we need.

Give us copies of receipts for covered drugs that you have paid for. You can ask us to help you get paid back for our share of the cost of the drug. Contact your Service Coordinator for information on how to get paid back.

Here are some times when you should give us copies of your receipts:

- When you buy a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit
- When you pay a copay for drugs that you get under a drug maker's patient assistance program
- When you buy covered drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy
- When you pay the full price for a covered drug

To learn how to ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost of the drug, refer to Chapter 7.

3. Send us information about the payments others have made for you.

Payments made by certain other people and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, payments made by an AIDS drug assistance program, the Indian Health Service, and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. This can help you qualify for catastrophic coverage. When you reach the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP pays all of the costs of your Medicare Part D drugs for the rest of the year.

4. Check the EOBs we send you.

When you get an EOB in the mail, please make sure it is complete and correct. If you think something is wrong or missing, or if you have any questions, please call Member Services. Be sure to keep these EOBs. They are an important record of your drug expenses.

C. Drug Payment Stages for Medicare Part D drugs

There are two payment stages for your Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage under Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP. How much you pay depends on which stage you are in when you get a prescription filled or refilled. These are the two stages:

Stage 1: Initial Coverage Stage	Stage 2: Catastrophic Coverage Stage
During this stage, the plan pays part of the costs of your drugs, and you pay your share. Your share is called the copay. You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year.	During this stage, the plan pays all of the costs of your drugs through December 31, 2024. You begin this stage when you have paid a certain amount of out-of-pocket costs.

D. Stage 1: The Initial Coverage Stage

During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays a share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share. Your share is called the copay. The copay depends on what cost sharing tier the drug is in and where you get it.

Cost sharing tiers are groups of drugs with the same copay. Every drug in the plan's Drug List is in one of 4 cost sharing tiers. In general, the higher the tier number, the higher the copay. To find the cost sharing tiers for your drugs, you can look in the Drug List.

- Tier 1 drugs are Medicare Part D preferred generic and brand-name drugs.
 The copay is \$0.
- Tier 2 drugs are Medicare Part D preferred and non-preferred generic and brand-name drugs. The copay is from \$0 to \$11.20 depending on your income.
- Tier 3 drugs are Texas Medicaid State approved prescription generic and brand name drugs. The copay is \$0.
- Tier 4 drugs are Texas Medicaid State approved over-the-counter (OTC) drugs that require a prescription from your provider. The copay is \$0.

D1. Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- a network pharmacy, or
- an out-of-network pharmacy.

In limited cases, we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Refer to Chapter 5 to find out when we will do that.

To learn more about these pharmacy choices, refer to Chapter 5 in this handbook and the plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

D2. Getting a long-term supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is up to a 93-day supply. It costs you the same as a one-month 31-day supply.

For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, refer to Chapter 5 or the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory.*

D3. What you pay

During the Initial Coverage Stage, you will pay a copay each time you fill a prescription. If your covered drug costs less than the copay, you will pay the lower price.

You can contact Member Services to find out how much your copay is for any covered drug.

Your share of the cost when you get a one-month or long-term supply of a covered prescription drug from:

	A network pharmacy A one-month or up to a 93-day supply	The plan's mail-order service A one-month or up to a 93-day supply	A network long-term care pharmacy Up to a 34-day supply	An out-of-network pharmacy Up to a 10-day supply. Coverage is limited to certain cases. Refer to Chapter 5 for details.
Cost Sharing Tier 1 (Medicare Part D preferred generic and brand-name drugs)	\$0	\$0	\$0	Please call Pharmacy Member Services for assistance.
Cost Sharing Tier 2 (Medicare Part D preferred and non- preferred generic and brand-name drugs.)	Generic: \$0/\$1.55/\$4.50 Brand-name: \$0/\$4.60/ \$11.20 (depending on your level of Extra Help)	Generic: \$0/\$1.55/\$4.50 Brand-name: \$0/\$4.60/ \$11.20 (depending on your level of Extra Help)	Generic: \$0/\$1.55/\$4.50 Brand-name: \$0/\$4.60/ \$11.20 (depending on your level of Extra Help)	Please call Pharmacy Member Services for assistance.
Cost Sharing Tier 3 (Texas Medicaid State approved prescription generic and brand name drugs)	\$0 (up to 31 days)	Mail-order is not available for drugs in Tier 3	\$0 (up to 34 days)	Please call Pharmacy Member Services for assistance.

	A network pharmacy A one-month or up to a 93-day supply	The plan's mail-order service A one-month or up to a 93-day supply	A network long-term care pharmacy Up to a 34-day supply	An out-of-network pharmacy Up to a 10-day supply. Coverage is limited to certain cases. Refer to Chapter
Cost Sharing Tier 4 (Texas Medicaid State approved over-the counter (OTC) drugs that require a prescription from your provider)	\$0 (up to 31 days)	Mail-order is not available for drugs in Tier 4	\$0 (up to 34 days)	5 for details. Please call Pharmacy Member Services for assistance.

For information about which pharmacies can give you long-term supplies, refer to the plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory.*

D4. End of the Initial Coverage Stage

The Initial Coverage Stage ends when your total out-of-pocket costs reach \$8,000. At that point, the Catastrophic Coverage Stage begins. The plan covers all your drug costs from then until the end of the year.

Your EOBs will help you keep track of how much you have paid for your drugs during the year. We will let you know if you reach the \$8,000 limit. Many people do not reach it in a year.

E. Stage 2: The Catastrophic Coverage Stage

When you reach the out-of-pocket limit of \$8,000 for your prescription drugs, the Catastrophic Coverage Stage begins. You will stay in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage until the end of the calendar year. During this stage, the plan will pay all of the costs for your Medicare drugs.

F. Your drug costs if your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply

Typically, you pay a copay to cover a full month's supply of a covered drug. However, your doctor can prescribe less than a month's supply of drugs.

- There may be times when you want to ask your doctor about prescribing less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a drug for the first time that is known to have serious side effects).
- If your doctor agrees, you will not have to pay for the full month's supply for certain drugs.

When you get less than a month's supply of a drug, the amount you pay will be based on the number of days of the drug that you get. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the "daily cost sharing rate") and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you get.

- Here's an example: Let's say the copay for your drug for a full month's supply (a 31-day supply) is \$1.35. This means that the amount you pay for your drug is less than \$0.05 per day. If you get a 7 days' supply of the drug, your payment will be less than \$0.05 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment of less than \$0.35.
- Daily cost sharing allows you to make sure a drug works for you before you have to pay for an entire month's supply.
- You can also ask your provider to prescribe less than a full month's supply of a drug, if this will help you:
 - o better plan when to refill your drugs,
 - o coordinate refills with other drugs you take, and
 - o take fewer trips to the pharmacy.

G. Vaccinations

Important Message About What You Pay for Vaccines - Our plan covers most Medicare Part D vaccines at no cost to you. There are two parts to our coverage of Medicare Part D vaccinations:

1. The first part of coverage is for the cost of **the vaccine itself**. The vaccine is a prescription drug.

2. The second part of coverage is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. For example, sometimes you may get the vaccine as a shot given to you by your doctor.

G1. What you need to know before you get a vaccination

We recommend that you call us first at Member Services whenever you are planning to get a vaccination.

- We can tell you about how your vaccination is covered by our plan and explain your share of the cost.
- We can tell you how to keep your costs down by using network pharmacies and providers. Network pharmacies are pharmacies that have agreed to work with our plan. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan. A network provider should work with Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP to ensure that you do not have any upfront costs for a Medicare Part D vaccine.

G2. What you pay for a Medicare Part D vaccination

What you pay for a vaccination depends on the type of vaccine (what you are being vaccinated for).

- Some vaccines are considered health benefits rather than drugs. These
 vaccines are covered at no cost to you. To learn about coverage of these
 vaccines, refer to the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.
- Other vaccines are considered Medicare Part D drugs. You can find these
 vaccines listed in the plan's Drug List. You may have to pay a copay for
 Medicare Part D vaccines. If the vaccine is recommended for adults by an
 organization called the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices
 (ACIP) then the vaccine will cost you nothing.

Here are three common ways you might get a Medicare Part D vaccination.

1. You get the Medicare Part D vaccine at a network pharmacy and get your shot at the pharmacy.

For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.

2. You get the Medicare Part D vaccine at your doctor's office and the doctor gives you the shot.

You will pay a copay to the doctor for the vaccine.

Our plan will pay for the cost of giving you the shot.

The doctor's office should call our plan in this situation so we can make sure they know you only have to pay a copay for the vaccine.

3. You get the Medicare Part D vaccine itself at a pharmacy and take it to your doctor's office to get the shot.

For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing for the vaccine itself.

For other Part D vaccines, you will pay a copay for the vaccine.

Our plan will pay for the cost of giving you the vaccine.

Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have gotten for covered services or drugs

Introduction

This chapter tells you how and when to send us a bill to ask for payment. It also tells you how to make an appeal if you do not agree with a coverage decision. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of the *Member Handbook*.

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A. Asking us to pay for your services or drugs

Our network providers must bill the plan for the services and drugs you already got. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan.

If you get a bill for the full cost of health care or drugs, send the bill to us. To send us a bill, refer to page 156.

- If the services or drugs are covered, we will pay the provider directly.
- If the services or drugs are covered and you already paid more than your share of the cost, it is your right to be paid back.
- If the services or drugs are **not** covered, we will tell you.

Contact Member Services or your Service Coordinator if you have any questions. If you do not know what you should have paid or if you get a bill and you do not know what to do about it, we can help. You can also call if you want to tell us information about a request for payment you already sent to us.

Here are examples of times when you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you got:

When you get emergency or urgently needed health care from an out-ofnetwork provider

You should ask the provider to bill the plan.

- If you pay the full amount when you get the care, ask us to pay you back.
 Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.
 - If the provider should be paid, we will pay the provider directly.
 - If you have already paid for the service, we will pay you back.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill

Network providers must always bill the plan. Show your Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Member ID Card when you get any services or prescriptions. Improper/inappropriate billing occurs when a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills you more than the plan's cost sharing amount for services. **Call Member Services if you get any bills.**

- Because Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP pays the entire cost for your services, you are not responsible for paying any costs. Providers should not bill you anything for these services.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and take care of the problem.
- If you have already paid a bill from a network provider, send us the bill and proof of any payment you made. We will pay you back for your covered services.

3. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription.

- We may cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.
- Please refer to Chapter 5 to learn more about out-of-network pharmacies.

4. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you do not have your Member ID Card with you

If you do not have your Member ID Card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information.

- If the pharmacy cannot get the information they need right away, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription for a drug that is not covered

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because the drug is not covered.

- The drug may not be on the plan's List of Covered Drugs (Drug List), or it
 could have a requirement or restriction that you did not know about or do not
 think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug, you may need to pay
 the full cost for it.
 - If you do not pay for the drug but think it should be covered, you can ask for a coverage decision (refer to Chapter 9).
 - If you and your doctor or other prescriber think you need the drug right away, you can ask for a fast coverage decision (refer to Chapter 9).
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor or other prescriber in order to pay you back for our share of the cost of the drug.

When you send us a request for payment, we will review your request and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a "coverage decision." If we decide it should be covered, we will pay for our share of the cost of the service or drug. If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision.

To learn how to make an appeal, refer to Chapter 9.

B. Sending a request for payment

Send us your bill and proof of any payment you have made. Proof of payment can be a copy of the check you wrote or a receipt from the provider. It is a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. You can ask your Service Coordinator for help.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You do not have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.
- You can get a copy of the form on our website (www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp), or you can call Member Services and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

Part D: Part C:

CarelonRx Wellpoint MMP Claims Services

ATTN: Claims Department - Part D Services PO Box 61010

PO Box 52077 Virginia Beach, VA 23466-1010

Phoenix, AZ 85072-2077

C. Coverage decisions

When we get your request for payment, we will make a coverage decision. This means that we will decide whether your health care or drug is covered by the plan. We will also decide the amount, if any, you have to pay for the health care or drug.

- We will let you know if we need more information from you.
- If we decide that the health care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules for getting it, we will pay our share of the cost for it. If you have already paid for the service or drug, we will mail you a check for our share of the cost. If you have not paid for the service or drug yet, we will pay the provider directly.

Chapter 3 explains the rules for getting your services covered. Chapter 5 explains the rules for getting your Medicare Part D prescription drugs covered.

- If we decide not to pay for our share of the cost of the service or drug, we will send you a letter explaining why not. The letter will also explain your rights to make an appeal.
- To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to Chapter 9.

D. Appeals

If you think we made a mistake in turning down your request for payment, you can ask us to change our decision. This is called making an appeal. You can also make an appeal if you do not agree with the amount we pay.

The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. To learn more about appeals, refer to Chapter 9.

- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a health care service, refer to page 199.
- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, refer to page 199

Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

Introduction

This chapter includes your rights and responsibilities as a member of the plan. We must honor your rights. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of the

Member Handbook.

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A. Your right to get services and information in a way that meets your needs

We must ensure that **all** services are provided to you in a culturally competent and accessible manner. We must also tell you about the plan's benefits and your rights in a way that you can understand. We must tell you about your rights each year that you are in our plan.

- To get information in a way that you can understand, call Member Services.
 Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions in different languages.
- Our plan can also give you materials in languages other than English and in formats such as large print, braille, or audio. You can get this document for free in other languages and formats, such as Spanish, large print, braille, or audio. Call Member Services at the number listed on the bottom of this page.

When calling, let us know if you want this to be a standing order. That means we will send the same documents in your requested format and language every year.

You can also call us to change or cancel a standing order. You can also find your documents online at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp.

If you are having trouble getting information from our plan because of language problems or a disability and you want to file a complaint, call

- Medicare at1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). You can call 24 hours a day,
 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can also call Texas Medicaid directly for help with problems. Here are two ways to get help from Texas Medicaid:
 - Call 1-800-252-8263 or 2-1-1. TTY users should call 1-800-735-2989 or 7-1-1. The call is free.
 - Visit the Texas Medicaid website at http://www.yourtexasbenefits.com/Learn/Home.
 - Office of Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Su derecho a recibir información de una manera que satisfaga sus necesidades

Debemos informarle sobre los beneficios del plan y sus derechos de manera que usted pueda comprender. Debemos informarle sobre sus derechos cada año que usted sea parte de nuestro plan.

- Para obtener información de una manera que usted pueda comprender, llame a Servicios para Miembros. Nuestro plan cuenta con personas que pueden responder las preguntas en diferentes idiomas.
- Nuestro plan también puede brindarle materiales en otros idiomas además del español y en formatos como letra grande, braille o audio. Puede obtener este documento de forma gratuita en otros formatos e idiomas, como en español, en letra grande, braille o audio. Llame a Servicios para Miembros al número que está en la parte inferior de esta página.

Cuando llame, indique si su solicitud es permanente. Eso quiere decir que le enviaremos los mismos documentos en el formato e idioma solicitados todos los años.

También puede llamarnos para cambiar o cancelar la solicitud permanente. También puede encontrar los documentos en línea en www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp.

- Si tiene problemas para recibir información de nuestro plan debido a problemas de idioma o una discapacidad y desea presentar un reclamo, llame a Medicare al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). Puede llamar las 24 horas del día, los 7 días de la semana. Los usuarios de TTY deben llamar al 1-877-486-2048. También puede llamar directamente a Texas Medicaid para obtener ayuda con sus problemas. Aquí hay dos maneras de obtener ayuda de Texas Medicaid:
 - Llame al 1-800-252-8263 o al 2-1-1. Los usuarios de TTY deben llamar al 1-800-735-2989 o al 7-1-1. La llamada es gratuita.
 - Visite el sitio web de Texas Medicaid <u>www.yourtexasbenefits.com/Learn/Home</u>.

B. Our responsibility to ensure that you get timely access to covered services and drugs

As a member of our plan:

- You have the right to a reasonable opportunity to choose a health plan and primary care provider (PCP) in the plan's network. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan.
- A PCP is the doctor or health care provider you will use most of the time and who will coordinate your care. You can find more information about choosing a PCP in Chapter 3.
 - Call Member Services or look in the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to learn more about network providers and which doctors are accepting new patients.
- You have the right to change to another plan or provider in a reasonably easy manner. That includes the right to:
 - Be told how to choose and change your health plan and your PCP.
 - Choose any health plan you want that is available in your area and choose your PCP from that plan.
 - Be told the frequency you can change plans.
 - Be told about other plans available in your area.
- You have the right to use a women's health specialist without getting a referral. A referral is approval from your PCP to use someone that is not your PCP.
- You have the right to get covered services from network providers within a reasonable amount of time.
 - This includes the right to get timely services from specialists.
 - If you cannot get services within a reasonable amount of time, we have to pay for out-of-network care.
- You have the right to get emergency services or care that is urgently needed without prior approval (PA).
- You have the right to get your prescriptions filled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

- You have the right to know when you can use an out-of-network provider. To learn about out-of-network providers, refer to Chapter 3.
- You have the right to agree to or refuse treatment and actively participate in treatment decisions. That includes the right to:
 - Work as part of a team with your provider in deciding what health care is best for you.
 - Say yes or no to the care recommended by your provider.
- You have the right to timely access to care that does not have any communication or physical access barriers. That includes the right to:
 - Have telephone access to a medical professional 24 hours a day, 7 days a week to get any emergency or urgent care you need.
 - o Get medical care in a timely manner.
 - Get in and out of a health care provider's office. This includes barrier-free access for people with disabilities or other conditions that limit mobility, in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act.
 - Have interpreters, if needed, during appointments with your providers and when talking to your health plan. Interpreters include people who can speak in your native language, help someone with a disability, or help you understand the information.
 - Be given information you can understand about your health plan rules, including the health care services you can get and how to get them.

Chapter 9 tells what you can do if you think you are not getting your services or drugs within a reasonable amount of time. Chapter 9 also tells what you can do if we have denied coverage for your services or drugs and you do not agree with our decision.

C. Our responsibility to protect your personal health information (PHI)

We protect your personal health information (PHI) as required by federal and state laws.

Your PHI includes the information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan. It also includes your medical records and other medical and health information.

You have rights related to your information and to control how your PHI is used. We give you a written notice that tells about these rights. The notice is called the "Notice of Privacy Practice." The notice also explains how we protect the privacy of your PHI.

C1. How we protect your PHI

We make sure that unauthorized people do not look at or change your records.

Except for the cases noted below, we do not give your PHI to anyone who is not providing your care or paying for your care. If we do, we are required to get written permission from you first. Written permission can be given by you or by someone who has the legal power to make decisions for you.

There are certain cases when we do not have to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.

- We are required to release PHI to government agencies that are checking on our quality of care.
- We are required to give Medicare your PHI. If Medicare releases your PHI for research or other uses, it will be done according to Federal laws. We are also required to share your medical records with Texas Medicaid.

C2. You have a right to look at your medical records

You have the right to look at your medical records and to get a copy of your records.

You have the right to ask us to update or correct your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know if and how your PHI has been shared with others.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your PHI, call Member Services.

This notice can change. To make sure you're viewing the most recent version, you can request the current version from Member Services (phone number is printed on the bottom of this page) or visit our website at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp.

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP (Medicare-Medicaid Plan) HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices

The original effective date of this notice was April 14, 2003. This notice was most recently revised in May 2023.

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Information about your health and health benefits is private. The law says we must keep this

kind of information, called PHI, safe for our members. That means if you're a member right now or if you used to be, your information is safe.

We get information about you from state agencies for Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program after you become eligible and sign up for our health plan. We also get it from your doctors, clinics, labs and hospitals so we can OK and pay for your healthcare.

Federal law says we must tell you what we have to do to protect PHI that's told to us on the phone, written on paper, or saved on a computer. We also have to tell you how we keep it safe. To protect PHI that is:

- On paper, we:
 - Lock our offices and files
 - Destroy paper with health information so others can't get it
- Saved on a computer, we:
 - Use passwords so only the right people can get in
 - Use special programs to watch our systems
- Used or shared by people who work for us, doctors, or the state, we:
 - Make rules for keeping information safe (called policies and procedures)
 - Teach people who work for us to follow the rules

When is it OK for us to use and share your PHI?

We can share your PHI with your family or a person you choose who helps with or pays for your healthcare if you tell us it's OK. Sometimes, we can use and share it **without** your OK:

- For your medical care (treatment)
 - To help doctors, hospitals and others get you the care you need
- For payment reasons
 - To share information with the doctors, clinics and others who bill us for your care
 - When we say we'll pay for healthcare or services before you get them
 - To support you and help you get available benefits
- For healthcare business reasons (operations)
 - To help with audits, fraud and abuse prevention programs, planning and everyday work
 - To find ways to make our programs better

We may get your PHI from different sources, and we may give your PHI to health information exchanges for payment, healthcare operations and treatment. If you don't want this, please visit https://www.wellpoint.com/privacy for more information.

For public health reasons

- To help public health officials keep people from getting sick or hurt
- With others who help with or pay for your care
 - With your family or a person you choose who helps with or pays for your healthcare, if you tell us it's OK
 - With someone who helps with or pays for your healthcare, if you can't speak for

yourself and it's best for you

We must get your OK in writing before we use or share your PHI for all but your care, payment, everyday business, research or other things listed below. We have to get your written OK before we share psychotherapy notes from your doctor about you. We also would need your written OK if we were going to sell your PHI or to use or share it for marketing.

You may tell us in writing that you want to take back your written OK. We can't take back what we used or shared when we had your OK. But, we will stop using or sharing your PHI in the future.

Other ways we can — or the law says we have to — use your PHI:

- To help the police and other people who make sure others follow laws
- To report abuse and neglect
- To answer legal documents, like court orders
- To give information to health oversight agencies for things like audits or exams
- To help coroners, medical examiners or funeral directors find out your name and cause of death
- To help when you've asked to give your body parts to science
- For research
- To keep you or others from getting sick or badly hurt
- To help people who work for the government with certain jobs, such as helping veterans with benefits
- To give information to workers' compensation if you get sick or hurt at work

What are your rights?

- You can ask to look at your PHI and get a copy of it. We will have 30 days to send it to
 you. If we need more time, we have to let you know. We don't have your whole medical
 record, though. If you want a copy of your whole medical record, ask your doctor or
 health clinic.
- You can ask us to change the medical record we have for you if you think something is
 wrong or missing. We will have 60 days to send it to you. If we need more time, we have
 to let you know.
- Sometimes, you can ask us not to share your PHI. But we don't have to agree to your request.
- You can ask us to send PHI to a different address than the one we have for you or in some other way. We can do this if sending it to the address we have for you may put you in danger.
- You can ask us to tell you all the times over the past six years we've shared your PHI
 with someone else. This won't list the times we've shared it because of healthcare,
 payment, everyday healthcare business or some other reasons we didn't list here. We
 will have 60 days to send it to you. If we need more time, we have to let you know.
- You can ask for a paper copy of this notice at any time, even if you asked for this one by

email.

• If you pay the whole bill for a service, you can ask your doctor not to share the information about that service with us.

What do we have to do?

- The law says we must keep your PHI private except as we've said in this notice.
- We must tell you what the law says we have to do about privacy.
- We must do what we say we'll do in this notice.
- We must send your PHI to some other address or in a way other than regular mail if you ask for reasons that make sense, like if you're in danger.
- We must tell you if we have to share your PHI after you've asked us not to.
- If state laws say we have to do more than what we've said here, we'll follow those laws.
- We have to let you know if we think your PHI has been breached.

Contacting you

We, along with our affiliates and/or vendors, may call or text you using an automatic telephone dialing system and/or an artificial voice. We only do this in line with the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA). The calls may be to let you know about treatment options or other health-related benefits and services. If you do not want to be reached by phone, just let the caller know, and we won't contact you in this way anymore. Or you may call 844-203-3796 to add your phone number to our Do Not Call list.

What if you have questions?

If you have questions about our privacy rules or want to use your rights, please call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784**. If you're deaf or hard of hearing, call **TTY 711**.

To see more information

To read more information about how we collect and use your information, your privacy rights, and details about other state and federal privacy laws, please visit our Privacy web page at https://www.anthem.com/privacy/.

What if you have a complaint?

We're here to help. If you feel your PHI hasn't been kept safe, you may call Member Services or contact the Department of Health and Human Services. Nothing bad will happen to you if you complain.

Write to or call the Department of Health and Human Services:

Office for Civil Rights
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
1301 Young St., Suite 106
Dallas, TX 75202
Phone: 1-800-368-1019

TDD: 1-800-537-7697 **Fax:** 202-619-3818

We reserve the right to change this Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) notice and the ways we keep your PHI safe. If that happens, we'll tell you about the changes in a newsletter. We'll also post them on the Web at https://www.wellpoint.com/privacy.

We reserve the right to change this Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) notice and the ways we keep your PHI safe. If that happens, we'll tell you about the changes in a newsletter. We'll also post them on the web at www.wellpoint.com/privacy

Race, ethnicity, language, sexual orientation and gender identity

We may infer, receive, and/or maintain race, ethnicity, language, sexual orientation and gender identity information about you. We protect this information as described in this notice.

We use this information to:

- · Make sure you get the care you need
- Create programs to improve health outcomes
- Create and send health education information
- Let doctors know about your language needs
- Provide interpretation and translation services

We do **not** use this information to:

- Issue health insurance
- Decide how much to charge for services
- Determine benefits
- Share with unapproved users

Your personal information

We may ask for, use and share personal information (PI) as we talked about in this notice. Your PI is not public and tells us who you are. It's often taken for insurance reasons. PI can include different things like website usernames and passwords that you use, bank account numbers, and your job history. Your PI may be the same as PHI if it relates to your healthcare or your health plan. We protect your PI and your PHI as we talked about in this notice.

- We may use your PI to make decisions about your:
- Health
- Habits
- Hobbies
- We may get PI about you from other people or groups like:
- Doctors
- Hospitals
- Other insurance companies

- We may share PI with people or groups outside of our company without your OK in some cases.
- We'll let you know before we do anything where we have to give you a chance to say no.
- We'll tell you how to let us know if you don't want us to use or share your PI.
- You have the right to see and change your PI.
- We make sure your PI is kept safe.

This information is available for free in other languages. Please contact our Member Services number at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**) Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.

Revised May 2023

D. Our responsibility to give you information about the plan, its network providers, and your covered services

As a member of Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, you have the right to get information from us. If you do not speak English, we have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). This is a free service. You can get written materials in Spanish. We can also give you information in large print, braille, or audio.

If you want information about any of the following, call Member Services:

- How to choose or change plans
- Our plan, including:
 - financial information
 - how the plan has been rated by plan members
 - the number of appeals made by members
 - how to leave the plan
- Our network providers and our network pharmacies, including:
 - how to choose or change primary care providers
 - qualifications of our network providers and pharmacies
 - how we pay providers in our network
 - A list of providers and pharmacies in the plan's network, is in the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*. For more detailed information about our

providers or pharmacies, call Member Services, or visit our website at www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp.

- Covered services (refer to Chapter 3 and 4) and drugs (refer to Chapter 5 and
 6) and about rules you must follow, including:
 - services and drugs covered by the plan
 - limits to your coverage and drugs
 - o rules you must follow to get covered services and drugs
- Why something is not covered and what you can do about it (refer to Chapter
 9), including asking us to:
 - o put in writing why something is not covered
 - change a decision we made
 - o pay for a bill you have got

E. Inability of network providers to bill you directly

Doctors, hospitals, and other providers in our network cannot make you pay for covered services. They also cannot charge you if we pay for less than the provider charged us. To learn what to do if a network provider tries to charge you for covered services, refer to Chapter 7.

F. Your right to leave the plan

No one can make you stay in our plan if you do not want to. You can leave the plan at any time during the year.

- You have the right to get most of your health care services through Original Medicare or a Medicare Advantage plan.
- You can get your Medicare Part D prescription drug benefits from a prescription drug plan or from a Medicare Advantage plan.
- Refer to Chapter 10 for more information about when you can join a new Medicare Advantage or prescription drug benefit plan.
- If you leave the plan, you will still get your Texas Medicaid benefits through Wellpoint or another Texas Medicaid managed care organization. To change plans, call the STAR+PLUS help line at 1-877-782-6440 (TTY: 711 or 1-800-735-2989), Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Central time.

G. Your right to make decisions about your health care

G1. Your right to know your treatment options and make decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand. You have the right to:

- Know your choices. You have the right to be told about all the kinds of treatment.
- **Know the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved. You must be told in advance if any service or treatment is part of a research experiment. You have the right to refuse experimental treatments.
- **Get a second opinion.** You have the right to use another doctor before deciding on treatment.
- Say "no." You have the right to refuse any treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to. You also have the right to stop taking a drug. If you refuse treatment or stop taking a drug, you will not be dropped from the plan. However, if you refuse treatment or stop taking a drug, you accept full responsibility for what happens to you.
- Ask us to explain why a provider denied care. You have the right to get an
 explanation from us if a provider has denied care that you believe you should
 get.
- Ask us to cover a service or drug that was denied or is usually not covered. This is called a coverage decision. Chapter 9 tells how to ask the plan for a coverage decision.

G2. Your right to say what you want to happen if you are unable to make health care decisions for yourself

Sometimes people are unable to make health care decisions for themselves. Before that happens to you, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give someone the right to make health care decisions for you.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your health care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal document that you can use to give your directions is called an advance directive. There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Examples are a living will and a power of attorney for health care.

You do not have to use an advance directive, but you can if you want to. Here is what to do:

- Get the form. You can get a form from your doctor, a lawyer, a legal services agency, or a social worker. Organizations that give people information about Medicare or Texas Medicaid like your local Area Agencies on Aging (AAA), the Health Information, Counseling, and Advocacy Program (HICAP), or the Texas Health and Human Services Commission may also have advance directive forms.
- **Fill it out and sign the form.** The form is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- Give copies to people who need to know about it. You should give a copy
 of the form to your doctor. You should also give a copy to the person you
 name as the one to make decisions for you. You may also want to give copies
 to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.
- If you are going to be hospitalized and you have signed an advance directive, take a copy of it to the hospital.

The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.

If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice to fill out an advance directive or not.

G3. What to do if your instructions are not followed

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with:

Complaint against Healthcare Facilities

Complaint hotline: 1-800-458-9858

Mailing address:

Health and Human Services Commission

Complaint and Incident Intake

Mail Code E-249

PO Box 149030

Austin, TX 78714-9030

Complaint against Substance Abuse or Narcotic Treatment Facilities

Complaint hotline: 1-512-834-6650 Option 8

Mailing address:

Health and Human Services Commission

Complaint and Incident Intake

Mail Code E-249

PO Box 149030

Austin, TX 78714-9030

Complaint against Doctor

Complaint hotline: 1-800-201-9353

Mailing address:

Texas Medical Board

Investigations Department

Mail Code 263

PO Box 2018

Austin, TX 78768-2018

H. Your right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

Chapter 9 tells what you can do if you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care. For example, you could ask us to make a coverage decision, make an appeal to us to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint. You also have the right to a fair hearing from the state at any time.

You have the right to get information about appeals and complaints that other members have filed against our plan. To get this information, call Member Services.

You have the right to get a timely answer to a complaint.

H1. What to do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or you would like more information about your rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly – and it is **not** about discrimination for the reasons listed in Chapter 11 – or you would like more information about your rights, you can get help by calling:

- Member Services.
- The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP). In Texas, the SHIP is called the Health Information Counseling & Advocacy Program of Texas (HICAP). For details about this organization and how to contact it, refer to Chapter 2.
- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY 1-877-486-2048. (You can also read or download "Medicare Rights & Protections," found on the Medicare website at www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)
- The HHSC Office of the Ombudsman helps people enrolled in Texas Medicaid with service or billing problems. They can help you file a complaint or an appeal with our plan. The HHSC Office of the Ombudsman is an independent program and the services are free.
 - Call: 1-866-566-8989 (TTY: 1-800-735-2989. This number is for people who have hearing or speaking problems. You must have special telephone equipment to call it.)
 - Write: Texas Health and Human Services Commission
 Office of the Ombudsman, MC H-700
 PO Box 13247
 Austin, TX 78711-3247
 - Online: https://hhs.texas.gov/about-hhs/your-rights/hhs-officeombudsman

I. Your responsibilities as a member of the plan

As a member of the plan, you have a responsibility to do the things that are listed below. If you have any questions, call Member Services.

 Read the Member Handbook to learn what is covered and what rules you need to follow to get covered services and drugs. For details about your:

- Covered services, refer to Chapters 3 and 4. Those chapters tell you what is covered, what is not covered, what rules you need to follow, and what you pay.
- Covered drugs, refer to Chapters 5 and 6.
- Tell us about any other health or prescription drug coverage you have. We are required to make sure you are using all of your coverage options when you get health care. Please call Member Services if you have other coverage.
- Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan. Show your Member ID Card whenever you get services or drugs.
- **Help your doctors** and other health care providers give you the best care.
 - Give them the information they need about you and your health. Learn as much as you can about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your providers agree on.
 - Make sure your doctors and other providers know about all of the drugs you are taking. This includes prescription drugs, over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - o If you have any questions, be sure to ask. Your doctors and other providers must explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you do not understand the answer, ask again.
- Be considerate. We expect all our members to respect the rights of other
 patients. We also expect you to act with respect in your doctor's office,
 hospitals, and other providers' offices. We expect you to cancel appointments
 in advance when you cannot keep them and to keep your scheduled
 appointments.
- Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B premiums. For most Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP members, Texas Medicaid pays for your Part A premium and for your Part B premium.
 - For some of your drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the drug.
- **Tell us if you move.** If you are going to move, it is important to tell us right away. Call Member Services.

- If you move outside of our service area, you cannot stay in this plan.
 Only people who live in our service area can get Wellpoint STAR+PLUS
 MMP. Chapter 1 tells about our service area.
- We can help you figure out whether you are moving outside our service area. During a special enrollment period, you can switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or prescription drug plan in your new location. We can let you know if we have a plan in your new area.
- Also, be sure to let Medicare and Texas Medicaid know your new address when you move. Refer to Chapter 2 for phone numbers for Medicare and Texas Medicaid.
- o **If you move within our service area, we still need to know.** We need to keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- Call Member Services for help if you have questions or concerns.
- You must abide by the health plan's policies and procedures. That includes the responsibility to:
 - Be sure you have approval from your primary care provider before going to a specialist.
- You must share information about your health with your primary care provider and learn about service and treatment options. That includes the responsibility to:
 - Help your providers get your medical records.
 - Work as a team with your Service Coordinator in deciding what health care is best for you.
- You are responsible when using Nonemergency Medical Transportation (NEMT) Services. That includes the responsibility to:
 - Provide information requested by the person arranging or verifying your transportation. (You also must contact the person as soon as possible if something changes and you no longer need the NEMT Service.)
 - Follow all rules and regulations affecting your NEMT Services.
 - Be respectful. (Do not verbally, sexually, or physically abuse or harass anyone while asking for or getting NEMT Services.)

- Return unused advanced funds. (Provide proof that you kept your medical appointment before you get future advanced funds.)
- Keep bus tickets or tokens safe. (Do not lose them. Only use the bus tickets or tokens to go to your medical appointment, and return any that you do not use.)
- Use NEMT Services only to travel to and from your medical appointments.
- Contact the NEMT Services line right away at 1-844-869-2767 (TTY:711)
 Monday to Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. local time if your public transit tickets are lost or stolen.
- If you think you have been treated unfairly or discriminated against, call the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) toll-free at 1-800-368-1019. You also can view information concerning the HHS Office of Civil Rights online at www.hhs.gov/ocr.

Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Introduction

This chapter has information about your rights. Read this chapter to find out what to do if:

- You have a problem with or complaint about your plan.
- You need a service, item, or medication that your plan has said it will not pay for.
- You disagree with a decision that your plan has made about your care.
- You think your covered services are ending too soon.

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. This chapter is broken into different sections to help you easily find what you are looking for.

If you are facing a problem with your health or long-term services and supports

You should get the health care, drugs, and long-term services and supports that your doctor and other providers determine are necessary for your care as a part of your Plan of Care. If you are having a problem with your care, you can call the HHSC Ombudsman's Office at 1-866-566-8989 for help. This chapter explains the options you have for different problems and complaints, but you can always call the HHSC Ombudsman's Office to help guide you through your problem.

For additional resources to address your concerns and ways to contact them, refer to Chapter 2 for more information on ombudsman programs.

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A. What to do if you have a problem

This chapter tells you what to do if you have a problem with your plan or with your services or payment. Medicare and Texas Medicaid approved these processes. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

A1. About the legal terms

There are difficult legal terms for some of the rules and deadlines in this chapter. Many of these terms can be hard to understand, so we have used simpler words in place of certain legal terms. We use abbreviations as little as possible.

For example, we will say:

- "Making a complaint" rather than "filing a grievance"
- "Coverage decision" rather than "organization determination," "benefit determination," "at risk-determination," or "coverage determination"
- "Fast coverage decision" rather than "expedited determination"

Knowing the proper legal terms may help you communicate more clearly, so we provide those too.

B. Where to call for help

B1. Where to get more information and help

Sometimes it can be confusing to start or follow the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you do not feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the knowledge you need to take the next step.

You can get help from the HHSC Ombudsman's Office

If you need help, you can always call the HHSC Ombudsman's Office. The HHSC Ombudsman's Office can answer your questions and help you understand what to do to handle your problem. Refer to Chapter 2 for more information on ombudsman programs.

The HHSC Ombudsman's Office is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. They can help you understand which process to use. The phone number for the HHSC Ombudsman's Office is 1-866-566-8989. The services are free.

You can get help from the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

You can also call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP). SHIP counselors can answer your questions and help you understand what to do to handle your problem.

The SHIP is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The SHIP has trained counselors in every state, and services are free. In Texas, the SHIP is called the Health Information Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP). The HICAP phone number is 1-800-252-3439 and their website is https://hhs.texas.gov/services/health/medicare.

Getting help from Medicare

You can call Medicare directly for help with problems. Here are two ways to get help from Medicare:

- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
 TTY: 1-877-486-2048. The call is free.
- Visit the Medicare website at <u>www.medicare.gov</u>.

Getting help from Texas Medicaid

You can call Texas Medicaid directly for help with problems. Here are two ways to get help from Texas Medicaid:

- Call 1-800-252-8263 or 2-1-1. TTY users should call 1-800-735-2989 or 7-1-1.
 The call is free.
- Visit the Texas Medicaid website at www.yourtexasbenefits.com/Learn/Home.

C. Problems with your benefits

C1. Using the process for coverage decisions and appeals or for making a complaint

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The chart below will help you find the right section of this chapter for problems or complaints.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

(This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way in which they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)

Yes.	No.
My problem is about	My problem is not about
benefits or coverage.	benefits or coverage.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

(This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way in which they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)

Refer to Section D: "Coverage decisions and appeals" on page 183.

Skip ahead to **Section J: "How to make a complaint"** on page 224.

D. Coverage decisions and appeals

D1. Overview of coverage decisions and appeals

The process for asking for coverage decisions and making appeals deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage. It also includes problems with payment.

What is a coverage decision?

A coverage decision is an initial decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services, items, or drugs. We are making a coverage decision whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay.

If you or your doctor are not sure if a service, item, or drug is covered by Medicare or Texas Medicaid, either of you can ask for a coverage decision before the doctor gives the service, item, or drug.

What is an appeal?

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review our decision and change it if you think we made a mistake. For example, we might decide that a service, item, or drug that you want is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare or Texas Medicaid. If you or your doctor disagree with our decision, you can appeal.

D2. Getting help with coverage decisions and appeals

Who can I call for help asking for coverage decisions or making an appeal? You can ask any of these people for help:

- Call Member Services at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711).
- Call the HHSC Ombudsman's Office for free help. The HHSC Ombudsman's Office helps people enrolled in Texas Medicaid with service or billing problems. The phone number is 1-866-566-8989.

- Call the **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)** for free help. The SHIP is an independent organization. It is not connected with this plan. In Texas, the SHIP is called the Health Information Counseling & Advocacy Program (HICAP). The phone number is 1-800-252-3439.
- Talk to **your doctor or other provider**. Your doctor or other provider can ask for a coverage decision or appeal on your behalf.
- Talk to a **friend or family member** and ask them to act for you. You can name another person to act for you as your "representative" to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form.
 - You can also get the form by visiting www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-

 Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf. The form gives the person permission to act for you. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
- You also have the right to ask a lawyer to act for you. You may call your
 own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from the local bar association or other
 referral service. Some legal groups will give you free legal services if you
 qualify. If you want a lawyer to represent you, you will need to fill out the
 Appointment of Representative form.
 - However, you do not have to have a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or to make an appeal.

D3. Using the section of this chapter that will help you

There are four different types of situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Each situation has different rules and deadlines. We separate this chapter into different sections to help you find the rules you need to follow. You only need to read the section that applies to your problem:

- Section E on page 186 gives you information if you have problems about services, items, and drugs (but not Part D drugs). For example, use this section if:
 - You are not getting medical care you want, and you believe our plan covers this care.
 - We did not approve services, items, or drugs that your doctor wants to give you, and you believe this care should be covered.

- NOTE: Only use Section E if these are drugs not covered by Part D.
 Drugs in the List of Covered Drugs, also known as the Drug List, with an asterisk (*) are not covered by Part D. Refer to Section F on page 199 for Part D drug appeals.
- You got medical care or services you think should be covered, but we are not paying for this care.
- You got and paid for medical services or items you thought were covered, and you want to ask us to pay you back.
- You are being told that coverage for care you have been getting will be reduced or stopped, and you disagree with our decision.
 - NOTE: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read a separate section of this chapter because special rules apply to these types of care. Refer to Sections G and H on pages 210 and 217.
- Your request for a coverage decision might be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when we might dismiss your request are: if your request is incomplete, if someone makes the request for you but hasn't given us proof that you agreed to allow them to make the request, or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why, and how to ask for a review of the dismissal. This review is a formal process called an appeal.
- Section F on page 199 gives you information about Part D drugs. For example, use this section if:
 - You want to ask us to make an exception to cover a Part D drug that is not on our Drug List.
 - o You want to ask us to waive limits on the amount of the drug you can get.
 - o You want to ask us to cover a drug that requires prior authorization (PA).
 - We did not approve your request or exception, and you or your doctor or other prescriber thinks we should have.
 - You want to ask us to pay for a prescription drug you already bought. (This
 is asking for a coverage decision about payment.)

- Section G on page 210 gives you information on how to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon. Use this section if:
 - You are in the hospital and think the doctor asked you to leave the hospital too soon.
- Section H on page 217 gives you information if you think your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

If you're not sure which section you should use, please call Member Services at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711).

If you need other help or information, please call the HHSC Ombudsman's Office at 1-866-566-8989.

E. Problems about services, items, and drugs (not Part D drugs)

E1. When to use this section

This section is about what to do if you have problems with your benefits for your medical, behavioral health, and long-term care services. You can also use this section for problems with drugs that are **not** covered by Part D, including Medicare Part B drugs. Drugs in the Drug List with an asterisk (*) are **not** covered by Part D. Use Section F for Part D drug appeals.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

- **1.** You think we cover a medical, behavioral health, or long-term care service you need but are not getting.
 - **What you can do:** You can ask us to make a coverage decision. Refer to Section E2 on page 187 for information on asking for a coverage decision.
- **2.** We did not approve care your doctor wants to give you, and you think we should have.
 - **What you can do:** You can appeal our decision to not approve the care. Refer to Section E3 on page 189 for information on making an appeal.
- **3.** You got services or items that you think we cover, but we will not pay.
 - **What you can do**: You can appeal our decision not to pay. Refer to Section E3 on page 189 for information on making an appeal.

4. You got and paid for services or items you thought were covered, and you want us to reimburse you for the services or items.

What you can do: You can ask us to pay you back. Refer to Section E5 on page 197 for information on asking us for payment.

5. We reduced or stopped your coverage for a certain service, and you disagree with our decision.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision to reduce or stop the service. Refer to Section E3 on page 181 for information on making an appeal.

NOTE: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, special rules apply. Read Sections G or H on pages 210 and 217 to find out more.

E2. Asking for a coverage decision

How to ask for a coverage decision to get a medical, behavioral health, or long-term care service

To ask for a coverage decision, call, write, or fax us, or ask your representative or doctor to ask us for a decision.

You can call us at: 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711).

You can fax us at: 1-866-959-1537

You can write to us at: MMP Clinical Department

5959 Corporate Drive, Suite 1300

Houston, TX 77036

How long does it take to get a coverage decision?

It usually takes up to 3 business days after you asked unless your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you a decision no more than 72 hours after we receive your request. If we don't give you our decision within 3 business days (or 72 hours for a Medicare Part B prescription drug), you can appeal.

Can I get a coverage decision faster?

Yes. If you need a response faster because of your health, ask us to make a "fast coverage decision." If we approve the request, we will notify you of our decision within 1 business day (or within 24 hours for a Medicare Part B prescription drug).

The legal term for "fast coverage decision" is "expedited determination."

Asking for a fast coverage decision:

- If you request a fast coverage decision, start by calling or faxing our plan to ask us to cover the care you want.
- You can call us at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**) or fax us at 1-866-959-1537. For details on how to contact us, refer to Chapter 2.
- You can also have your doctor or your representative call us.

Here are the rules for asking for a fast coverage decision:

You must meet the following two requirements to get a fast coverage decision:

- You can get a fast coverage decision only if you are asking for coverage for medical care or an item you have not yet received. (You cannot ask for a fast coverage decision if your request is about payment for medical care or an item you already got.)
- 2. You can get a fast coverage decision only if the standard 3 business day deadline (or the 72-hour deadline for Medicare Part B prescription drugs) could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
 - If your doctor says that you need a fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you one.
 - If you ask for a fast coverage decision without your doctor's support, we will
 decide if you get a fast coverage decision.
 - If we decide that your health does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter. We will also use the standard 3 business day deadline (or the 72-hour deadline for Medicare Part B prescription drugs) instead.
 - This letter will tell you that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
 - The letter will also tell how you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of a fast coverage decision. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to Section J on page 224.

If the coverage decision is No, how will I find out?

If the answer is **No**, we will send you a letter telling you our reasons for saying **No**.

- If we say No, you have the right to ask us to change this decision by making an appeal. Making an appeal means asking us to review our decision to deny coverage.
- If you decide to make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process (read the next section for more information).

E3. Level 1 Appeal for services, items, and drugs (not Part D drugs)

What is an Appeal?

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review our decision and change it if you think we made a mistake. If you or your doctor or other provider disagree with our decision, you can appeal.

If you need help during the appeals process, you can call the HHSC Ombudsman's Office at 1-866-566-8989. The HHSC Ombudsman's Office is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan.

What is a Level 1 Appeal?

A Level 1 Appeal is the first appeal to our plan. We will review your coverage decision to find out if it is correct. The reviewer will be someone who did not make the original coverage decision. When we complete the review, we will give you our decision in writing.

If we tell you after our review that the service or item is not covered, your case can refer to a Level 2 Appeal.

How do I make a Level 1 Appeal?

- To start your appeal, you, your doctor or other provider, or your representative must contact us. You can call us at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711). For additional details on how to reach us for appeals, refer to Chapter 2.
- You can ask us for a "standard appeal" or a "fast appeal."
- If you are asking for a standard appeal or fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us.

At a glance: How to make a Level 1 Appeal

You, your doctor, or your representative may put your request in writing and mail or fax it to us. You may also ask for an appeal by calling us.

- Ask within 60 calendar days of the decision you are appealing. If you miss the deadline for a good reason, you may still appeal.
- If you appeal because we told you that a service you currently get will be changed or stopped, you have fewer days to appeal if you want to keep getting that service while your appeal is processing.
- Keep reading this section to learn about what deadline applies to your appeal.

You can submit a request to the following address:

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP - Complaints, Appeals, and Grievances Mailstop: OH0205-A537 4361 Irwin Simpson Road Mason, OH 45040

 You may also ask for an appeal by calling us at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711).

The legal term for "fast appeal" is "expedited reconsideration."

Can someone else make the appeal for me?

Yes. Your doctor or other provider can make the appeal for you. Also, someone besides your doctor or other provider can make the appeal for you, but first you must complete an

Appointment of Representative form. The form gives the other person permission to act for you.

If we don't get this form, and someone is acting for you, your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, you have a right to have someone else review our dismissal. We will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the Independent Review Organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.

To get an Appointment of Representative form, call Member Services and ask for one, or visit www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf or on our website at https://www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp/benefits/grievances-appeals.html.

If the appeal comes from someone besides you or your doctor or other provider, we must get the completed Appointment of Representative form before we can review the appeal.

How much time do I have to make an appeal?

You must ask for an appeal within 60 calendar days from the date on the letter we sent to tell you our decision.

If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of a good reason are: you had a serious illness, or we gave you the wrong information about the deadline for requesting an appeal. You should explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal.

NOTE: If you appeal because we told you that a service you currently get will be changed or stopped, **you have fewer days to appeal** if you want to keep getting that service while your appeal is processing. Read "Will my benefits continue during Level 1 appeals" on page 193 for more information.

Can I get a copy of my case file?

Yes. Ask us for a free copy by calling Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**).

Can my doctor give you more information about my appeal?

Yes, you and your doctor may give us more information to support your appeal.

How will we make the appeal decision?

We take a careful look at all of the information about your request for coverage of medical care. Then, we check if we were following all the rules when we said **No** to your request. The reviewer will be someone who did not make the original decision. If the original decision was based on a lack of medical necessity, then the reviewer will be a physician.

If we need more information, we may ask you or your doctor for it.

When will I hear about a "standard" appeal decision?

We must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we get your appeal (or within 7 calendar days after we get your appeal for a Medicare Part B prescription drug). We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.

- However, if you ask for more time or if we need to gather more information, we
 can take up to 14 more calendar days. If we decide we need to take extra days
 to make the decision, we will send you a letter that explains why we need
 more time. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your appeal is for a
 Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to Section J on page 224.
- If we do not give you an answer to your appeal within 30 calendar days (or within 7 calendar days after we get your appeal for a Medicare Part B prescription drug) or by the end of the extra days (if we took them), we will automatically send your case to Level 2 of the appeals process if your problem is about coverage of a Medicare service or item. You will be notified when this happens. If your problem is about coverage of a Texas Medicaid service or item, you can file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. For more information about the Level 2 Appeal process, refer to Section E4 on page 194.

If our answer is Yes to part or all of what you asked for, we must approve or give the coverage within 30 calendar days after we get your appeal (or within 7 calendar days after we get your appeal for a Medicare Part B prescription drug).

If our answer is No to part or all of what you asked for, we will send you a letter. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare service or item, the letter will tell you that we sent your case to the Independent Review Entity for a Level 2 Appeal. If your problem is about coverage of a Texas Medicaid service or item, the letter will tell you how to file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. For more information about the Level 2 Appeal process, refer to Section E4 on page 194.

When will I hear about a "fast" appeal decision?

If you ask for a fast appeal, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to do so.

 However, if you ask for more time or if we need to gather more information, we can take up to 14 more calendar days. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will send you a letter that explains why we need more time. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

- If you believe we should not take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to Section J on page 224.
- If we do not give you an answer to your appeal within 72 hours or by the end of the extra days (if we took them), we will automatically send your case to Level 2 of the appeals process if your problem is about coverage of a Medicare service or item. You will be notified when this happens. If your problem is about coverage of a Texas Medicaid service or item, you can file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. For more information about the Level 2 Appeal process, refer to Section E4 on page 194.

If our answer is Yes to part or all of what you asked for, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 72 hours after we get your appeal.

If our answer is No to part or all of what you asked for, we will send you a letter. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare service or item, the letter will tell you that we sent your case to the Independent Review Entity for a Level 2 Appeal. If your problem is about coverage of a Texas Medicaid service or item, the letter will tell you how to file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. For more information about the Level 2 Appeal process, refer to Section E4 on page 194.

Will my benefits continue during Level 1 appeals?

If we decide to change or stop coverage for a service that was previously approved, we will send you a notice before taking the action. If you disagree with the action, you can file a Level 1 Appeal and ask that we continue your benefits. You must **make the request on or before the later of the following** in order to continue your benefits:

- Within 10 business days of the mailing date of our notice of action; or
- The intended effective date of the action.

If you meet this deadline, you can keep getting the disputed service while your appeal is processing.

E4. Level 2 Appeal for services, items, and drugs (not Part D drugs)

If the plan says No at Level 1, what happens next?

- If we say No to part or all of your Level 1 Appeal, we will send you a letter.
 This letter will tell you if the service or item is usually covered by Medicare and/or Texas Medicaid.
- If your problem is about a Medicare service or item, you will automatically get a Level 2 Appeal with the Independent Review Entity (IRE) as soon as the Level 1 Appeal is complete.
- If your problem is about a **Texas Medicaid** service or item, you can ask for a
 Level 2 Appeal (known as a Fair Hearing) with the Texas Health and Human
 Services Commission (HHSC) Appeals Division. The letter will tell you how to
 do this. Information is also below.
- If your problem is about a service or item that could be covered by both
 Medicare and Texas Medicaid, you will automatically get a Level 2 Appeal
 with the IRE. You can also ask for a Level 2 Appeal (known as a Fair Hearing)
 with the HHSC Appeals Division.

What is a Level 2 Appeal?

A Level 2 Appeal is an external appeal, which is done by an independent organization that is not connected to the plan. Medicare's Level 2 Appeal organization is the Independent Review Entity (IRE). The IRE is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not a government agency. Medicare oversees its work. Texas Medicaid's Level 2 Appeal is known as a Fair Hearing. Requests for a Fair Hearing are filed with Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, but reviewed by the HHSC Appeals Division.

My problem is about a Texas Medicaid service or item. How can I make a Level 2 Appeal?

A Level 2 Appeal for Texas Medicaid services and items is called a "Fair Hearing."

If you want to request a Fair Hearing, you must contact Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP in writing. We will send your Fair Hearing request to the HHSC Appeals Division. You or your representative must ask for a Fair Hearing within 120 days of the date on the letter telling you we were denying your Level 1 Appeal to our plan. If you have a good reason for being late, the HHSC Appeals Division may extend this deadline for you.

Mail your written request to:

Fair Hearing Coordinator

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP (Medicare-Medicaid Plan)

5959 Corporate Drive, Suite 1300

Houston, TX 77036

Or you can call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). We can help you with this request. If you need a fast decision because of your health, you should call Member Services to ask for an expedited Fair Hearing.

After your hearing request is received by the HHSC Appeals Division, you will get a packet of information letting you know the date, time, and location of the hearing. Most Fair Hearings are held by telephone. During the hearing, you or your representative can tell the hearing officer why you need the service that we denied.

The HHSC Appeals Division will give you a final decision within 90 days from the date you asked for the hearing. If you qualify for an expedited Fair Hearing, the HHSC Appeals Division must give you an answer within 72 hours. However, if the HHSC Appeals Division needs to gather more information that may help you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days.

My problem is about a Medicare service or item. What will happen at the Level 2 Appeal?

An Independent Review Entity (IRE) will carefully review the Level 1 decision and decide whether it should be changed.

- You do not need to request the Level 2 Appeal. We will automatically send any denials (in whole or in part) to the IRE. You will be notified when this happens.
- The IRE is hired by Medicare and is not connected with this plan.
- You may ask for a copy of your file by calling Member Services at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711).

The IRE must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 30 calendar days of when it gets your appeal (or within 7 calendar days of when it gets your appeal for a Medicare Part B prescription drug). This rule applies if you sent your appeal before getting medical services or items.

 However, if the IRE needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. If the IRE needs extra days to make a decision, it will tell you by letter. The IRE can't take extra time to make a decision if your appeal is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you had a "fast appeal" at Level 1, you will automatically have a fast appeal at Level 2. The IRE must give you an answer within 72 hours of when it gets your appeal.

 However, if the IRE needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. If the IRE needs extra days to make a decision, it will tell you by letter. The IRE can't take extra time to make a decision if your appeal is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

What if my service or item is covered by both Medicare and Texas Medicaid?

If your problem is about a service or item that could be covered by both Medicare and Texas Medicaid, we will automatically send your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Entity. You can also ask for a Fair Hearing. Requests for a Fair Hearing are filed with Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, but reviewed by the HHSC Appeals Division. Follow the instructions on page 194.

Will my benefits continue during Level 2 appeals?

If your problem is about a service covered by **Medicare or both Medicare and Texas Medicaid**, your benefits for that service will not continue during Level 2 Appeals.

If your problem is about a service covered by **Texas Medicaid only**, your benefits for that service will continue during the Level 2 Appeal if:

- Your appeal is about our decision to reduce or stop a service that was previously authorized; and
- You request a Level 2 Appeal (Fair Hearing) within 10 business days of our letter telling you that we were denying your Level 1 appeal or before the intended effective date of the action, whichever is later.

How will I find out about the decision?

If your Level 2 Appeal (Fair Hearing) went to the HHSC Appeals Division, it will notify you in writing of the hearing decision.

- If the HHSC Appeals Division says Yes to part or all of what you asked for, we
 must authorize the coverage within 72 hours from the date we receive the
 hearing decision.
- If the HHSC Appeals Division says No to part or all of what you asked for, it
 means they agree with the Level 1 decision. This is called "upholding the
 decision." It is also called "turning down your appeal."

If your Level 2 Appeal went to the Independent Review Entity (IRE), it will send you a letter explaining its decision.

- If the IRE says Yes to part or all of what you asked for in your standard appeal, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or give you the service or item within 14 calendar days from the date we get the IRE's decision. If you had a fast appeal, we must authorize the medical care coverage or give you the service or item within 72 hours from the date we get the IRE's decision.
- If the IRE says Yes to part or all of what you asked for in your standard appeal
 for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we must authorize or provide the
 Medicare Part B prescription drug within 72 hours after we get the IRE's
 decision. If you had a fast appeal, we must authorize or provide the Medicare
 Part B prescription drug within 24 hours from the date we get the IRE's
 decision.
- If the IRE says No to part or all of what you asked for, it means they agree with the Level 1 decision. This is called "upholding the decision." It is also called "turning down your appeal."

What if I appealed to both the Independent Review Entity and the HHSC Appeals Division and they have different decisions?

If either the Independent Review Entity or the HHSC Appeals Division decides **Yes** for all or part of what you asked for, we will give you the approved service or item that is closest to what you requested in your appeal.

If the decision is No for all or part of what I asked for, can I make another appeal?

If your Level 2 Appeal (Fair Hearing) went to the HHSC Appeals Division, you may appeal again by requesting an administrative review. The letter you get from the HHSC Appeals Division will describe this next appeal option.

If your Level 2 Appeal went to the Independent Review Entity (IRE), you can appeal again only if the dollar value of the service or item you want meets a certain minimum amount. The letter you get from the IRE will explain additional appeal rights you may have.

Refer to Section I on page 223 for more information on additional levels of appeal.

E5. Payment problems

We do not allow our network providers to bill you for covered services and items. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a covered service or item. You

are never required to pay the balance of any bill. The only amount you should be asked to pay is the copay for certain drugs on the Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Drug List.

If you get a bill for covered services and items, send the bill to us. **You should not pay the bill yourself.** We will contact the provider directly and take care of the problem.

For more information, start by reading Chapter 7: "Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have gotten for covered services or drugs." Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you got from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

Can I ask you to pay me back for your share of a service or item I paid for?

Remember, if you get a bill that is more than your copay for covered services and items, you should not pay the bill yourself. But if you do pay the bill, you can get a refund if you followed the rules for getting services and items.

If you are asking to be paid back, you are asking for a coverage decision. We will find out if the service or item you paid for is a covered service or item, and we will check if you followed all the rules for using your coverage.

- If the service or item you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost of the service or item within 60 calendar days after we get your request.
- If you haven't paid for the service or item yet, we will send the payment directly
 to the provider. When we send the payment, it's the same as saying Yes to
 your request for a coverage decision.
- If the service or item is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will send you a letter telling you we will not pay for the service or item, and explaining why.

What if we say we will not pay?

If you do not agree with our decision, **you can make an appeal**. Follow the appeals process described in Section E3 on page 181. When you follow these instructions, please note:

- If you make an appeal for reimbursement, we must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we get your appeal.
- If you are asking us to pay you back for a service or item you already got and paid for yourself, you cannot ask for a fast appeal.

If we answer **No** to your appeal and the service or item is usually covered by Medicare, we will automatically send your case to the Independent Review Entity (IRE). We will notify you by letter if this happens.

- If the IRE reverses our decision and says we should pay you, we must send
 the payment to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days. If the answer to
 your appeal is Yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must
 send the payment you asked for to you or to the provider within 60 calendar
 days.
- If the IRE says No to your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request. (This is called "upholding the decision." It is also called "turning down your appeal.") The letter you get will explain additional appeal rights you may have. You can appeal again only if the dollar value of the service or item you want meets a certain minimum amount. Refer to Section I on page 223 for more information on additional levels of appeal.

If we answer **No** to your appeal and the service or item is usually covered by Texas Medicaid, you can file a Level 2 Appeal yourself (refer to Section E4 on page 194194).

F. Part D drugs

F1. What to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug

Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many prescription drugs. Most of these drugs are "Part D drugs." There are a few drugs that Medicare Part D does not cover but that Texas Medicaid may cover. **This section only applies to Part D drug appeals.**

The Drug List includes some drugs with an asterisk (*). These drugs are **not** Part D drugs. Appeals or coverage decisions about drugs with an asterisk (*) symbol follow the process in Section E on page 186.

Can I ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal about Part D prescription drugs?

Yes. Here are examples of coverage decisions you can ask us to make about your Part D drugs:

- You ask us to make an exception such as:
 - Asking us to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's Drug List

- Asking us to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get)
- You ask us if a drug is covered for you (for example, when your drug is on the plan's Drug List but we require you to get approval from us before we will cover it for you).

NOTE: If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled, you will get a notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

 You ask us to pay for a prescription drug you already bought. This is asking for a coverage decision about payment.

The legal term for a coverage decision about your Part D drugs is "coverage determination."

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you how to ask for coverage decisions **and** how to request an appeal.

Use the chart below to help you decide which section has information for your situation:

Which of these situ	hich of these situations are you in?						
Do you need a drug that isn't on our Drug List or need us to waive a rule or restriction on a drug we cover?	Do you want us to cover a drug on our Drug List and you believe you meet any plan rules or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need?	Do you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you already got and paid for?	Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for?				
You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.)	You can ask us for a coverage decision.	You can ask us to pay you back. (This is a type of coverage decision.)	You can make an appeal. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.)				
Start with Section F2 on page 201.	Skip ahead to Section F4 on	Skip ahead to Section F4 on	Skip ahead to Section F5 on				

F2. What an exception is

An exception is permission to get coverage for a drug that is not normally on our Drug List or to use the drug without certain rules and limitations. If a drug is not on our Drug List or is not covered in the way you would like, you can ask us to make an "exception."

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception.

Here are examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or another prescriber can ask us to make:

1. Covering a Part D drug that is not on our Drug List.

- If we agree to make an exception and cover a drug that is not on the Drug List, you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier 2.
- You cannot ask for an exception to the copay or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- 2. Removing a restriction on our coverage. There are extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our Drug List (for more information, refer to Chapter 5).
 - The extra rules and restrictions on coverage for certain drugs include:
 - Being required to use the generic version of a drug instead of the brand name drug.
 - Getting plan approval before we will agree to cover the drug for you. (This
 is sometimes called "prior authorization" (PA).)
 - Being required to try a different drug first before we will agree to cover the drug you are asking for. (This is sometimes called "step therapy.")
 - Quantity limits. For some drugs, we limit the amount of the drug you can have.
 - If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can still ask for an exception to the copay amount we require you to pay for the drug.

The legal term for asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes called asking for a "**formulary exception**."

F3. Important things to know about asking for exceptions

Your doctor or other prescriber must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement explaining the medical reasons for requesting an exception. Our decision about the exception will be faster if you include this information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These are called "alternative" drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are asking for and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally not approve your request for an exception.

We will say Yes or No to your request for an exception

- If we say Yes to your request for an exception, the exception usually lasts until
 the end of the calendar year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to
 prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for
 treating your condition.
- If we say No to your request for an exception, you can ask for a review of our decision by making an appeal. Section F5 on page 204 tells how to make an appeal if we say No.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.

F4. How to ask for a coverage decision about a Part D drug or reimbursement for a Part D drug, including an exception

What to do

- Ask for the type of coverage decision you want. Call, write, or fax us to make your request. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. You can call us at 1-833-232-1711 (TTY: 711) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Include your name, contact information, and information about the claim.
- You or your doctor (or other prescriber) or someone else who is acting on your behalf can ask for a coverage decision. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.
- Read Section D on page 183 to find out how to give permission to someone else to act as your representative.
- You do not need to give your doctor or other prescriber written permission to ask us for a coverage decision on your behalf.
- If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug, read Chapter 7 of this handbook. Chapter 7 describes times when

At a glance: How to ask for a coverage decision about a drug or payment

Call, write, or fax us to ask, or ask your representative or doctor or other prescriber to ask. We will give you an answer on a standard coverage decision within 72 hours. We will give you an answer on reimbursing you for a Part D drug you already paid for within 14 calendar days.

- If you are asking for an exception, include the supporting statement from your doctor or other prescriber.
- You or your doctor or other prescriber may ask for a fast decision. (Fast decisions usually come within 24 hours.)
- Read this section to make sure you qualify for a fast decision! Read it also to find information about decision deadlines.

you may need to ask for reimbursement. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us to pay you back for our share of the cost of a drug you have paid for.

- If you are asking for an exception, provide the "supporting statement." Your
 doctor or other prescriber must give us the medical reasons for the drug
 exception. We call this the "supporting statement."
- Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone, and then fax or mail a statement.

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a "fast coverage decision"

We will use the "standard deadlines" unless we have agreed to use the "fast deadlines."

- A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's statement.
- A **fast coverage decision** means we will give you an answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's statement.

The legal term for "fast coverage decision" is "expedited coverage determination."

You can get a fast coverage decision **only if you are asking for a drug you have not yet received**. (You cannot get a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.)

You can get a fast coverage decision only if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.

If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a "fast coverage decision," we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision, and the letter will tell you that.

- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own (without your doctor's or other prescriber's support), we will decide whether you get a fast coverage decision.
- If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will use the standard deadlines instead.

- We will send you a letter telling you that. The letter will tell you how to make a complaint about our decision to give you a standard decision.
- You can file a "fast complaint" and get a response to your complaint within 24 hours. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to Section J on page 224.

Deadlines for a "fast coverage decision"

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 24 hours. This means within 24 hours after we get your request. Or, if you are asking for an exception, this means within 24 hours after we get your doctor's or prescriber's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If we do not meet this deadline, we will send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. At Level 2, an Independent Review Entity will review your request.
- If our answer is Yes to part or all of what you asked for, we must give you the coverage within 24 hours after we get your request or your doctor's or prescriber's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is No to part or all of what you asked for, we will send you a letter that explains why we said No. The letter will also explain how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a "standard coverage decision" about a drug you have not yet received

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your request. Or, if you are asking for an exception, this means within 72 hours after we get your doctor's or prescriber's supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If we do not meet this deadline, we will send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process. At Level 2, an Independent Review Entity will review your request.
- If our answer is Yes to part or all of what you asked for, we must approve or give the coverage within 72 hours after we get your request or, if you are asking for an exception, your doctor's or prescriber's supporting statement.
- If our answer is No to part or all of what you asked for, we will send you a letter that explains why we said No. The letter will also explain how you can appeal our decision.

Deadlines for a "standard coverage decision" about payment for a drug you already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- If we do not meet this deadline, we will send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. At Level 2, an Independent Review Entity will review your request.
- **If our answer is Yes** to part or all of what you asked for, we will make payment to you within 14 calendar days.
- If our answer is No to part or all of what you asked for, we will send you a letter that explains why we said No. The letter will also explain how you can appeal our decision.

F5. Level 1 Appeal for Part D drugs

- To start your appeal, you, your doctor or other prescriber, or your representative must contact us. Include your name, contact information, and information about the claim.
- If you are asking for a standard appeal, you can make your appeal by sending a request in writing. You may also ask for an appeal by calling us at 1-833-232-1711 (TTY: 711) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- If you want a fast appeal, you may make your appeal in writing or you may call us.
- Make your appeal request within 60
 calendar days from the date on the
 notice we sent to tell you our decision.
 If you miss this deadline and have a
 good reason for missing it, we may give

At a glance: How to make a Level 1 Appeal

You, your doctor or prescriber, or your representative may put your request in writing and mail or fax it to us. You may also ask for an appeal by calling us.

- Ask within 60 calendar days of the decision you are appealing. If you miss the deadline for a good reason, you may still appeal.
- You, your doctor or prescriber, or your representative can call us to ask for a fast appeal.
- Read this section to make sure you qualify for a fast decision! Read it also to find information about decision deadlines.

you more time to make your appeal. For example, good reasons for missing the deadline would be if you have a serious illness that kept you from contacting us or if we gave you incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information about your appeal.
 To ask for a copy, call Pharmacy Member Services at 1-833-232-1711 (TTY: 711)

24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

The legal term for an appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is plan "redetermination."

If you wish, you and your doctor or other prescriber may give us additional information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a "fast appeal"

- If you are appealing a decision our plan made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a "fast appeal."
- The requirements for getting a "fast appeal" are the same as those for getting a "fast coverage decision" in Section F4 on page 203.

The legal term for "fast appeal" is "expedited redetermination."

Our plan will review your appeal and give you our decision

 We take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check if we were following all the rules when we said **No** to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information. The reviewer will be someone who did not make the original coverage decision.

Deadlines for a "fast appeal"

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your appeal, or sooner if your health requires it.
- If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we will send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. At Level 2, an Independent Review Entity will review your appeal.
- If our answer is Yes to part or all of what you asked for, we must give the coverage within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- If our answer is No to part or all of what you asked for, we will send you a letter that explains why we said No.

Deadlines for a "standard appeal"

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we get your appeal, or sooner if your health requires it, except if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought. If you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we get your appeal. If you think your health requires it, you should ask for a "fast appeal."
- If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, or 14 calendar days if you asked us to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we will send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. At Level 2, an Independent Review Entity will review your appeal.
- If our answer is Yes to part or all of what you asked for:
 - If we approve a request for coverage, we must give you the coverage as quickly as your health requires, but no later than 7 calendar days after we get your appeal_or 14 calendar days if you asked us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.
 - If we approve a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we will send payment to you within 30 calendar days after we get your appeal request.
- If our answer is No to part or all of what you asked for, we will send you a
 letter that explains why we said No and tells how to appeal our decision.

F6. Level 2 Appeal for Part D drugs

If we say **No** to part or all of your appeal, you can choose whether to accept this decision or make another appeal. If you decide to go on to a Level 2 Appeal, the Independent Review Entity (IRE) will review our decision.

- If you want the IRE to review your case, your appeal request must be in writing.
 The letter we send about our decision in the Level 1 Appeal will explain how to request the Level 2 Appeal.
- When you make an appeal to the IRE, we will send them your case file. You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file by calling Pharmacy Member Services at 1-833-232-1711 (TTY: 711) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- You have a right to give the IRE other information to support your appeal.

At a glance: How to make a Level 2 Appeal

If you want the Independent Review Entity to review your case, your appeal request must be in writing.

- Ask within 60 calendar days of the decision you are appealing. If you miss the deadline for a good reason, you may still appeal.
- You, your doctor or other prescriber, or your representative can request the Level 2 Appeal.
- Read this section to make sure you qualify for a fast decision! Read it also to find information about decision deadlines.
- The IRE is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. It is not connected with this plan and it is not a government agency.
- Reviewers at the IRE will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal. The organization will send you a letter explaining its decision.

The legal term for an appeal to the IRE about a Part D drug is "reconsideration."

Deadlines for "fast appeal" at Level 2

- If your health requires it, ask the Independent Review Entity (IRE) for a "fast appeal."
- If the IRE agrees to give you a "fast appeal," it must give you an answer to your
 Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours after getting your appeal request.
- If the IRE says Yes to part or all of what you asked for, we must authorize or give you the drug coverage within 24 hours after we get the decision.

Deadlines for "standard appeal" at Level 2

- If you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the Independent Review Entity (IRE)
 must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 7 calendar days after it
 gets your appeal, or 14 calendar days if you asked us to pay you back for a
 drug you already bought.
- If the IRE says **Yes** to part or all of what you asked for, we must authorize or give you the drug coverage within 72 hours after we get the decision.
- If the IRE approves a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we will send payment to you within 30 calendar days after we get the decision.

What if the Independent Review Entity says No to your Level 2 Appeal?

No means the Independent Review Entity (IRE) agrees with our decision not to approve your request. This is called "upholding the decision." It is also called "turning down your appeal."

If you want to go to Level 3 of the appeals process, the drugs you are requesting must meet a minimum dollar value. If the dollar value is less than the minimum, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, you can ask for a Level 3 appeal. The letter you get from the IRE will tell you the dollar value needed to continue with the appeal process.

G. Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all hospital services that we cover that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will work with you to prepare for the day when you leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for any care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your "discharge date."
- Your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you what your discharge date is.

If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay. This section tells you how to ask.

G1. Learning about your Medicare rights

Within two days after you are admitted to the hospital, a caseworker or nurse will give you a notice called An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights. If you do not get this notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784**

(TTY: **711**). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand. The Important Message tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including your rights to:

- Get Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay. You have the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Be a part of any decisions about the length of your hospital stay.
- Know where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
- Appeal if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon.

You should sign the Medicare notice to show that you got it and understand your rights. Signing the notice does **not** mean you agree to the discharge date that may have been told to you by your doctor or hospital staff.

Keep your copy of the signed notice so you will have the information in it if you need it.

- To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711). You can also call 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. The call is free.
- You can also refer to the notice online at <a href="www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Medicar
- If you need help, please call Member Services or Medicare at the numbers listed above.

G2. Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want us to cover your inpatient hospital services for a longer time, you must request an appeal. A Quality Improvement Organization will do the Level 1 Appeal review to find out if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you. In Texas, the Quality Improvement Organization is called TMF, Health Quality Institute.

To make an appeal to change your discharge date call TMF, Health Quality Institute at: 1-800-725-9216.

Call right away!

Call the Quality Improvement Organization **before** you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date. An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights contains information on how to reach the Quality Improvement Organization.

- If you call before you leave, you are allowed to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date without paying for it while you wait to get the decision on your appeal from the Quality Improvement Organization.
- If you do not call to appeal, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may have to pay all of the costs for hospital care you get after your planned discharge date.

At a glance: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your discharge date

Call the Quality Improvement Organization for your state at 1-800-725-9216 and ask for a "fast review."

Call before you leave the hospital and before your planned discharge date.

• **If you miss the deadline** for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to our plan instead. For details, refer to Section G4 on page 215.

We want to make sure you understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711). You can also call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) at 1-800-252-3439 or the HHSC Ombudsman's Office at 1-866-566-8989.

What is a Quality Improvement Organization?

It is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. They are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare.

Ask for a "fast review"

You must ask the Quality Improvement Organization for a "**fast review**" of your discharge. Asking for a "fast review" means you are asking the organization to use the fast deadlines for an appeal instead of using the standard deadlines.

The legal term for "fast review" is "immediate review."

What happens during the fast review?

- The reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will ask you or your representative why you think coverage should continue after the planned discharge date. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will look at your medical record, talk with your doctor, and review all of the information related to your hospital stay.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers tell us about your appeal, you will get a
 letter that gives your planned discharge date. The letter explains the reasons
 why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right for you to be discharged
 on that date.

The legal term for this written explanation is called the "Detailed Notice of Discharge." You can get a sample by calling Member Services at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or you can refer to a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

What if the answer is Yes?

 If the Quality Improvement Organization says Yes to your appeal, we must keep covering your hospital services for as long as they are medically necessary.

What if the answer is No?

- If the Quality Improvement Organization says No to your appeal, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end at noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer.
- If the Quality Improvement Organization says No and you decide to stay in the hospital, then you may have to pay for your continued stay at the hospital. The cost of the hospital care that you may have to pay begins at noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer.
- If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your appeal and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal.

Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

G3. Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal and you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. You will need to contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

Ask for the Level 2 review **within 60 calendar days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said No to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stayed in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

In Texas, the Quality Improvement Organization is called TMF, Health Quality Institute. You can reach TMF, Health Quality Institute at: **1-800-725-9216.**

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review, the Quality Improvement Organization reviewers will make a decision.

At a glance: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your discharge date

Call the Quality Improvement Organization for your state at 1-800-725-9216 and ask for another review.

What happens if the answer is Yes?

- We must pay you back for our share of the costs of hospital care you got since noon on the day after the date of your first appeal decision. We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

What happens if the answer is No?

It means the Quality Improvement Organization agrees with the Level 1 decision and will not change it. The letter you get will tell you what you can do if you wish to continue with the appeal process.

If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

G4. What happens if you miss an appeal deadline

If you miss appeal deadlines, there is another way to make Level 1 and Level 2 Appeals, called Alternate Appeals. But the first two levels of appeal are different.

Level 1 Alternate Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization (which is within

60 days or no later than your planned discharge date, whichever comes first), you can make an appeal to us, asking for a "fast review." A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to find out if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.
- We will use the fast deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review. This means we will give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review."

At a glance: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

Call our Member Services number and ask for a "fast review" of your hospital discharge date.

We will give you our decision within 72 hours.

- If we say Yes to your fast review, it means we agree that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date. We will keep covering hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary.
- It also means that we agree to pay you back for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end.
- If we say No to your fast review, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends on the day we said coverage would end.
 - If you stayed in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you
 may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you got after the planned
 discharge date.
- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said No to your fast appeal, we will send your appeal to the "Independent Review Entity." When we do this, it means that your case is automatically going to Level 2 of the appeals process.

The legal term for "fast review" or "fast appeal" is "expedited appeal."

Level 2 Alternate Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

We will send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Entity (IRE) within 24 hours of when we give you our Level 1 decision. If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section J on page 224 tells how to make a complaint.

During the Level 2 Appeal, the IRE reviews the decision we made when we said **No** to your "fast review." This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

The IRE does a "fast review" of your appeal. The reviewers usually give you an answer within 72 hours.

At a glance: How to make a Level 2 Alternate Appeal

You do not have to do anything. The plan will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Entity.

- The IRE is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This
 organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency.
- Reviewers at the IRE will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- If the IRE says Yes to your appeal, then we must pay you back for our share
 of the costs of hospital care you got since the date of your planned discharge.
 We must also continue our coverage of your hospital services for as long as it
 is medically necessary.
- If the IRE says **No** to your appeal, it means they agree with us that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
- The letter you get from the IRE will tell you what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal, which is handled by a judge.

H. What to do if you think your home health care, skilled nursing care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon

This section is about the following types of care only:

- Home health care services.
- Skilled nursing care in a skilled nursing facility.

- Rehabilitation care you are getting as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF). Usually, this means you are getting treatment for an illness or accident, or you are recovering from a major operation.
 - With any of these three types of care, you have the right to keep getting covered services for as long as the doctor says you need it.
 - When we decide to stop covering any of these, we must tell you before your services end. When your coverage for that care ends, we will stop paying for your care.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

H1. We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

You will get a notice at least two days before we stop paying for your care. This is called the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage." The written notice tells you the date when we will stop covering your care and how to appeal this decision.

You or your representative should sign the written notice to show that you got it. Signing it does **not** mean you agree with the plan that it is time to stop getting the care.

When your coverage ends, we will stop paying for your care.

H2. Level 1 Appeal to continue your care

If you think we are ending coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Before you start your appeal, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Meet the deadlines. The deadlines are important. Be sure that you
 understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do. There
 are also deadlines our plan must follow. (If you think we are not meeting our
 deadlines, you can file a complaint. Section J on page 224 tells you how to file
 a complaint.)
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program at 1-800-252-3439 (TTY: 1-800-735-2989 or 711).

During a Level 1 Appeal, a Quality Improvement Organization will review your appeal and decide whether to change the decision we made. In Texas, the Quality Improvement Organization is called TMF, Health Quality Institute. You can reach TMF, Health Quality Institute at: 1-800-725-9216. Information about appealing to the Quality Improvement Organization is also in the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage. This is the notice you got when you were told we would stop covering your care.

At a glance: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to ask the plan to continue your care

Call the Quality Improvement Organization for your state at 1-800-725-9216 and ask for a "fast-track appeal."

Call before you leave the agency or facility that is providing your care and before your planned discharge date.

What is a Quality Improvement Organization?

It is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. They are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare.

What should you ask for?

Ask them for a "fast-track appeal." This is an independent review of whether it is medically appropriate for us to end coverage for your services.

What is your deadline for contacting this organization?

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization no later than noon of the day after you got the written notice telling you when we will stop covering your care.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, refer to Section H4 on page 221.

The legal term for the written notice is "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage." To get a sample copy, call Member Services at 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or refer to a copy online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI.

What happens during the Quality Improvement Organization's review?

- The reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will ask you or your representative why you think coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- When you ask for an appeal, the plan must write a letter to you and the Quality Improvement Organization explaining why your services should end.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical records, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- Within one full day after reviewers have all the information they need, they will tell you their decision. You will get a letter explaining the decision.

The legal term for the letter explaining why your services should end is "Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage."

What happens if the reviewers say Yes?

 If the reviewers say Yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as they are medically necessary.

What happens if the reviewers say No?

- If the reviewers say No to your appeal, then your coverage will end on the date we told you. We will stop paying our share of the costs of this care.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date your coverage ends, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

H3. Level 2 Appeal to continue your care

If the Quality Improvement Organization said **No** to the appeal **and** you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, you can make a Level 2 Appeal.

During the Level 2 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization will take another look at the decision they made at Level 1. If they say they agree with the Level 1 decision, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after the date when we said your coverage would end.

In Texas, the Quality Improvement
Organization is called TMF, Health Quality
Institute. You can reach TMF, Health Quality
Institute at: 1-800-725-9216. Ask for the Level
2 review within 60 calendar days after the
day when the Quality Improvement
Organization said No to your Level 1 Appeal.
You can ask for this review only if you
continued getting care after the date that your
coverage for the care ended.

 Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

At a glance: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to require that the plan cover your care for longer

Call the Quality Improvement Organization for your state at 1-800-725-9216 and ask for another review.

Call before you leave the agency or facility that is providing your care and before your planned discharge date.

• The Quality Improvement Organization will make its decision within 14 calendar days of receipt of your appeal request.

What happens if the review organization says Yes?

 We must pay you back for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must continue providing coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.

What happens if the review organization says No?

- It means they agree with the decision they made on the Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.
- The letter you get will tell you what to do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by a judge.

H4. What happens if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal

If you miss appeal deadlines, there is another way to make Level 1 and Level 2 Appeals, called Alternate Appeals. But the first two levels of appeal are different.

Level 1 Alternate Appeal to continue your care for longer

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a "fast review." A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

At a glance: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

Call our Member Services number and ask for a "fast review."

We will give you our decision within 72 hours.

- During this review, we take a look at all
 of the information about your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or
 care you are getting at a Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility
 (CORF). We check to find out if the decision about when your services should
 end was fair and followed all the rules.
- We will use the fast deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review. We will give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review."
- If we say Yes to your fast review, it means we agree that we will keep covering your services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we agree to pay you back for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end.
- If we say No to your fast review, we are saying that stopping your services was medically appropriate. Our coverage ends as of the day we said coverage would end.

If you continue getting services after the day we said they would stop, **you may have to pay the full cost** of the services.

To make sure we were following all the rules when we said **No** to your fast appeal, we will send your appeal to the "Independent Review Entity." When we do this, it means that your case is automatically going to Level 2 of the appeals process.

The legal term for "fast review" or "fast appeal" is "expedited appeal."

Level 2 Alternate Appeal to continue your care for longer

We will send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Independent Review Entity (IRE) within 24 hours of when we give you our Level 1 decision. If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section J on page 224 tells how to make a complaint.

Chapter 9: What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

During the Level 2 Appeal, the IRE reviews the decision we made when we said No to your "fast review." This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

 The IRE does a "fast review" of your appeal. The reviewers usually give you an answer within 72 hours.

At a glance: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to require that the plan continue your care

You do not have to do anything. The plan will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Entity.

- The IRE is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This
 organization is not connected with our plan, and it is not a government agency.
- Reviewers at the IRE will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- If the IRE says Yes to your appeal, then we must pay you back for our share
 of the costs of care. We must also continue our coverage of your services for
 as long as it is medically necessary.
- If the IRE says No to your appeal, it means they agree with us that stopping coverage of services was medically appropriate.

The letter you get from the IRE will tell you what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal, which is handled by a judge.

I. Taking your appeal beyond Level 2

I1. Next steps for Medicare services and items

If you made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal for Medicare services or items, and both your appeals have been turned down, you may have the right to additional levels of appeal. The letter you get from the Independent Review Entity will tell you what to do if you wish to continue the appeals process.

Level 3 of the appeals process is an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) hearing. The person who makes the decision in a Level 3 appeal is an ALJ or an attorney adjudicator. If you want an ALJ or attorney adjudicator to review your case, the item or medical service you are requesting must meet a minimum dollar amount. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, you can ask an ALJ or attorney adjudicator to hear your appeal.

If you do not agree with the ALJ or attorney adjudicator's decision, you can go to the Medicare Appeals Council. After that, you may have the right to ask a federal court to look at your appeal.

If you need assistance at any stage of the appeals process, you can contact the HHSC Ombudsman's Office. The phone number is 1-866-566-8989.

12. Next steps for Texas Medicaid services and items

You also have more appeal rights if your appeal is about services or items that might be covered by Texas Medicaid. If you have questions about your additional appeal rights, you can call the HHSC Ombudsman's Office at 1-866-566-8989.

If you do not agree with a decision given by the Fair Hearings officer, you may request an Administrative Review within 30 days of the date on the decision.

The letter you get from the HHSC Appeals Division will tell you what to do if you wish to continue the appeals process.

J. How to make a complaint

J1. What kinds of problems should be complaints

The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only, such as problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaints about quality

 You are unhappy with the quality of care, such as the care you got in the hospital.

Complaints about privacy

 You think that someone did not respect your right to privacy, or shared information about you that is confidential.

Complaints about poor customer service

 A health care provider or staff was rude or disrespectful to you.

At a glance: How to make a complaint

You can make an internal complaint with our plan and/or an external complaint with an organization that is not connected to our plan.

To make an internal complaint, call Member Services or send us a letter.

There are different organizations that handle external complaints. For more information, read Section J3 on page 227.

- Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP staff treated you poorly.
- You think you are being pushed out of the plan.

Complaints about accessibility

- You cannot physically access the health care services and facilities in a doctor or provider's office.
- Your provider does not give you a reasonable accommodation you need such as an American Sign Language interpreter.

Complaints about waiting times

- You are having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it.
- You have been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals or by Member Services or other plan staff.

Complaints about cleanliness

You think the clinic, hospital or doctor's office is not clean.

Complaints about language access

 Your doctor or provider does not provide you with an interpreter during your appointment.

Complaints about communications from us

- You think we failed to give you a notice or letter that you should have received.
- You think the written information we sent you is too difficult to understand.

Complaints about the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions or appeals

- You believe that we are not meeting our deadlines for making a coverage decision or answering your appeal.
- You believe that, after getting a coverage or appeal decision in your favor, we are not meeting the deadlines for approving or giving you the service or paying you back for certain medical services.
- You believe we did not forward your case to the Independent Review Entity on time.

The legal term for a "complaint" is a "grievance."

The legal term for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance."

Are there different types of complaints?

Yes. You can make an internal complaint and/or an external complaint. An internal complaint is filed with and reviewed by our plan. An external complaint is filed with and reviewed by an organization that is not affiliated with our plan. If you need help making an internal and/or external complaint, you can call the HHSC Ombudsman's Office at 1-866-566-8989.

J2. Internal complaints

To make an internal complaint, call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). You can make the complaint at any time unless it is about a Part D drug. If the complaint is about a Part D drug, you must make it **within 60 calendar days** after you had the problem you want to complain about.

- If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will tell you.
- You can also write your complaint and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," we will automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.

The legal term for "fast complaint" is "expedited grievance."

If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.

- We answer most complaints within 30 calendar days.
- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," we will automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.
- If you are making a complaint because we took extra time to make a coverage decision or appeal, we will automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.

If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint, we will tell you and give you our reasons. We will respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

J3. External complaints

You can tell Medicare about your complaint

You can send your complaint to Medicare. The Medicare Complaint Form is available at: www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx

Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the plan is not addressing your problem, please call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users can call 1-877-486-2048. The call is free.

You can tell Texas Medicaid about your complaint

Once you have gone through the plan's complaint process, you can submit a complaint to the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) by calling toll-free 1-866-566-8989. If you would like to make your complaint in writing, please send it to the following address:

Texas Health and Human Services Commission Ombudsman Managed Care Assistance Team PO Box 13247 Austin, TX 78711-3247

If you can get on the Internet, you can submit your complaint at: https://www.hhs.texas.gov/about-hhs/your-rights/office-ombudsman/hhs-ombudsman-managed-care-help.

You can file a complaint with the Office for Civil Rights

You can make a complaint to the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights if you think you have not been treated fairly. For example, you can make a complaint about disability access or language assistance. The phone number for the Office for Civil Rights is 1-800-368-1019. TTY users should call 1-800-537-7697. You can also visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for more information.

You may also contact the local Office for Civil Rights office at:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 1301 Young Street, Suite 106 Dallas, TX 75202

Phone: 1-800-368-1019 (TTY: 1-800-537-7697)

Fax: 1-202-619-3818

You may also have rights under the Americans with Disability Act. You can contact the HHSC Ombudsman's Office for assistance. The phone number is 1-866-566-8989.

You can file a complaint with the Quality Improvement Organization

When your complaint is about quality of care, you also have two choices:

- If you prefer, you can make your complaint about the quality of care directly to the Quality Improvement Organization (without making the complaint to us).
- Or you can make your complaint to us and to the Quality Improvement Organization. If you make a complaint to this organization, we will work with them to resolve your complaint.

The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. To learn more about the Quality Improvement Organization, refer to Chapter 2.

In Texas, the Quality Improvement Organization is called TMF, Health Quality Institute. The phone number for TMF, Health Quality Institute is 1-800-725-9216.

Chapter 10: Ending your membership in our Medicare-Medicaid Plan

Introduction

This chapter tells about ways you can end your membership in our plan and your health coverage options after you leave the plan. If you leave our plan, you will still be in the Medicare and Texas Medicaid programs as long as you are eligible. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of the *Member Handbook*.

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A. When can you end your membership in our Medicare-Medicaid Plan

You can end your membership in Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Medicare-Medicaid Plan at any time during the year by enrolling in another Medicare Advantage Plan, enrolling in another Medicare-Medicaid Plan, or moving to Original Medicare.

Your membership will end on the last day of the month that we get your request to change your plan. For example, if we get your request on January 18, your coverage with our plan will end on January 31. Your new coverage will begin the first day of the next month (February 1, in this example). If you leave our plan, you can get information about your:

- Medicare options in the table on page 232.
- Texas Medicaid services on page 233.

You can get more information about when you can end your membership by calling:

- The STAR+PLUS help line at 1-877-782-6440, Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Central time. TTY users should call 711 or 1-800-735-2989.
- State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), Health Information Counseling & Advocacy Program of Texas (HICAP) at 1-800-252-3439.
- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

NOTE: If you are in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Refer to Chapter 5 for information about drug management programs.

B. How to end your membership in our plan

If you decide to end your membership, tell Texas Medicaid or Medicare that you want to leave Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP:

- Call the STAR+PLUS help line at 1-877-782-6440, Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Central time. TTY users should call 711 or 1-800-735-2989; OR
- Send Maximus an Enrollment Change Form. You can get the form by calling the STAR+PLUS help line at 1-877-782-6440 if you need them to mail you one; OR
- Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day,
 7 days a week. TTY users (people who have difficulty hearing or speaking)
 should call 1-877-486-2048. When you call 1-800-MEDICARE, you can also

enroll in another Medicare health or drug plan. More information on getting your Medicare services when you leave our plan is in the chart on page 232.

C. How to join a different Medicare-Medicaid Plan

If you want to keep getting your Medicare and Texas Medicaid benefits together from a single plan, you can join a different Medicare-Medicaid Plan.

To enroll in a different Medicare-Medicaid Plan:

- Call the STAR+PLUS help line at 1-877-782-6440, Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Central time. TTY users should call 711 or 1-800-735-2989. Tell them you want to leave Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP and join a different Medicare-Medicaid Plan. If you are not sure what plan you want to join, they can tell you about other plans in your area; OR
- Send Maximus an Enrollment Change Form. You can get the form by calling the STAR+PLUS help line at 1-877-782-6440 if you need them to mail you one.

Your coverage with Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP will end on the last day of the month that we get your request.

D. How to get Medicare and Texas Medicaid services separately

If you do not want to enroll in a different Medicare-Medicaid Plan after you leave Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, you will return to getting your Medicare and Texas Medicaid services separately.

D1. Ways to get your Medicare services

You will have a choice about how you get your Medicare benefits.

You have three options for getting your Medicare services. By choosing one of these options, you will automatically end your membership in our plan.

1. You can change to:

A Medicare health plan, such as a Medicare Advantage plan or a Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE)

Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you need help or more information:

 Call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) at 1-800-252-3439. In Texas, the SHIP is called the Health Information Counseling & Advocacy Program of Texas (HICAP).

You will automatically be disenrolled from Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP when your new plan's coverage begins.

2. You can change to:

Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan

Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you need help or more information:

 Call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) at 1-800-252-3439. In Texas, the SHIP is called the Health Information Counseling & Advocacy Program of Texas (HICAP).

You will automatically be disenrolled from Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

3. You can change to:

Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan

NOTE: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you tell Medicare you don't want to join.

You should only drop prescription drug coverage if you have drug coverage from another source, such as an employer or union. If you have questions about whether you need drug coverage, call the Health Information Counseling & Advocacy Program of Texas (HICAP) at 1-800-252-3439.

Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you need help or more information:

Call the State Health Insurance
 Assistance Program (SHIP) at
 1-800-252-3439. In Texas, the
 SHIP is called the Health
 Information Counseling & Advocacy
 Program of Texas (HICAP).

You will automatically be disenrolled from Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

D2. How to get your Texas Medicaid services

Your Texas Medicaid services include most long-term services and supports and behavioral health care.

If you leave the Medicare-Medicaid plan, you will remain in our plan to get your Texas Medicaid services.

- You can choose to switch to another Texas Medicaid-only health plan by contacting the STAR+PLUS help line.
- You will get a new Member ID Card, a new *Member Handbook*, and a new *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

E. Keep getting your medical services and drugs through our plan until your membership ends

If you leave Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare and Texas Medicaid coverage begins. During this time, you will keep getting your prescription drugs and health care through our plan.

- Use our network providers to receive medical care.
- Use our network pharmacies to get your prescriptions filled.
- If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership in Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP ends, our plan will cover your hospital stay until you are discharged. This will happen even if your new health coverage begins before you are discharged.

F. Other situations when your membership ends

These are the cases when Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP must end your membership in the plan:

- If there is a break in your Medicare Part A and Part B coverage.
- If you no longer qualify for Texas Medicaid. Our plan is for people who qualify for both Medicare and Texas Medicaid.
- If you do not pay the amount needed for you to qualify for benefits (medical spend down).
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
 - If you move or take a long trip, you need to call Member Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's service area.
- If you go to jail or prison for a criminal offense.
- If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have for prescription drugs.
- If you are not a United States citizen or are not lawfully present in the United States.

- You must be a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States to be a member of our plan.
- The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services will notify us if you aren't eligible to remain a member on this basis.
- We must disenroll you if you don't meet this requirement.

We can make you leave our plan for the following reasons only if we get permission from Medicare and Texas Medicaid first:

- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan.
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan.
- If you let someone else use your Member ID Card to get medical care.
 - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

G. Rules against asking you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan for a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. You should also call Texas Medicaid. Please call 1-800-252-8263. If you are deaf or hard of hearing, please call 1-800-735-2989.

H. Your right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also Refer to Chapter 9 for information about how to make a complaint.

I. How to get more information about ending your plan membership

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership, you can call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**).

Chapter 11: Legal notices

Introduction

This chapter includes legal notices that apply to your membership in Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of the *Member Handbook*.

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A. Notice about laws

Many laws apply to this *Member Handbook*. These laws may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this handbook. The main laws that apply to this handbook are federal laws about the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Other federal and state laws may apply too.

B. Notice about nondiscrimination

Every company or agency that works with Medicare and Texas Medicaid must obey laws that protect you from discrimination or unfair treatment. We don't discriminate or treat you differently because of your age, claims experience, color, ethnicity, evidence of insurability, gender, genetic information, geographic location within the service area, health status, medical history, mental or physical disability, national origin, race, religion, sex, or sexual orientation.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment:

- Call the Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019. TTY users can call 1-800-537-7697. You can also visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for more information.
- You may also call the Texas Health and Human Services Civil Rights Office at 1-888-388-6332.

If you have a disability and need help accessing health care services or a provider, call Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

C. Notice about Medicare as a second payer

Sometimes someone else has to pay first for the services we provide you. For example, if you are in a car accident or if you are injured at work, insurance or Workers Compensation has to pay first.

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the first payer.

D. Collecting member payments

Under certain circumstances, if we pay the health-care provider amounts that are your responsibility, such as deductibles, copayments or coinsurance, we may collect such

amounts directly from you. You agree that we have the right to collect such amounts from you.

E. Assignment

The benefits provided under this *Member Handbook* are for the personal benefit of the member and cannot be transferred or assigned. Any attempt to assign this contract will automatically terminate all rights under this contract.

F. Notice of claim

You have 36 months from the date the prescription was filled to file a paper claim. This applies to claims you submit, and not to pharmacy or provider filed claims.

In the event that a service is rendered for which you are billed, you have 12 months from the date of service to submit such claims to your plan. According to CMS Pub 100-02 Benefit Policy, Chapter 15, Section 40, physicians and practitioners are required to submit claims on behalf of beneficiaries for all items and services they provide for which Medicare payment may be made under Part B. Also, they are not allowed to charge beneficiaries in excess of the limits on charges that apply to the item or service being furnished. However, a physician or practitioner (as defined in §40.4) may opt out of Medicare. A physician or practitioner who opts out is not required to submit claims on behalf of beneficiaries and also is excluded from limits on charges for Medicare covered services.

You may submit such claims to:

Part D:	Part C:
CarelonRx	Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Claims Services
ATTN: Claims Department - Part D Services	PO Box 61010
PO Box 52077	Virginia Beach, VA 23466-1010

G. Entire contract

Phoenix, AZ 85072-2077

This *Member Handbook* and applicable riders attached hereto, and your completed enrollment form, constitute the entire contract between the parties and as of the effective date hereof, supersede all other agreements between the parties.

H. Waiver by agents

No agent or other person, except an executive officer of Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP, has authority to waive any conditions or restrictions of this *Member Handbook* or the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

No change in this *Member Handbook* shall be valid unless evidenced by an endorsement signed by an authorized executive officer of the company or by an amendment to it signed by the authorized company officer.

I. Cessation of operation

In the event of the cessation of operation or dissolution of your plan in the area in which you reside, this *Member Handbook* will be terminated. You will receive notice 90 days before the *Member Handbook* is terminated.

Please note: If the *Member Handbook* terminates, your coverage will also end.

In that event, the company will explain your options at that time. For example, there may be other health plans in the area for you to join if you wish. Or you may wish to return to Original Medicare, and possibly obtain supplemental insurance. In the latter situation, Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP would arrange for you to obtain, without health screening or a waiting period, a supplemental health insurance policy to cover Medicare coinsurance and deductibles.

Whether you enroll in another prepaid health plan or not, there would be no gap in coverage.

J. Refusal to accept treatment

You may, for personal or religious reasons, refuse to accept procedures or treatment recommended as necessary by your primary care provider. Although such refusal is your right, in some situations it may be regarded as a barrier to the continuance of the provider/patient relationship, or to the rendering of the appropriate standard of care.

When a member refuses a recommended, necessary treatment or procedure, and the primary care provider believes that no professionally acceptable alternative exists, the member will be advised of this belief.

In the event you discharge yourself from a facility against medical advice, your plan will pay for covered services rendered up to the day of self-discharge. Fees pertaining to that admission will be paid on a per diem basis or appropriate Diagnostic Related Grouping (DRG), whichever is applicable.

K. Limitation of actions

No legal action may be taken to recover benefits within 60 days after the service is rendered. No such action may be taken later than three years after the service, upon which the legal action is based, was provided.

L. Circumstances beyond plan control

If there is an epidemic, catastrophe, general emergency, or other circumstance beyond the company's control, neither your plan nor any provider shall have any liability or obligation except the following, as a result of reasonable delay in providing services:

- Because of the occurrence, you may have to obtain covered services from a non-network provider, instead of a network provider. Your plan will reimburse you up to the amount that would have been covered under this *Member* Handbook.
- Your plan may require written statements, from you and the medical personnel who attended you, confirming your illness or injury and the necessity for the treatment you received.

M. Plan's sole discretion

The plan may, at its sole discretion, cover services and supplies not specifically covered by the *Member Handbook*.

This applies if the plan determines such services and supplies are in lieu of more expensive services and supplies that would otherwise be required for the care and treatment of a member.

N. Disclosure

You are entitled to ask for the following information from your plan:

- Information on your plan's physician incentive plans.
- Information on the procedures your plan uses to control utilization of services and expenditures.
- Information on the financial condition of the company.
- General coverage and comparative plan information.

To obtain this information, call Member Services at **1-855-878-1784**, or, if you are hearing or speech impaired and have a TTY telephone line, **711**. The Member Services department is available Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time. The plan will send this information to you within 30 days of your request.

O. Information about advance directives

(Information about using a legal form such as a "living will" or "power of attorney" to give directions in advance about your health care in case you become unable to make your own health-care decisions)

You have the right to make your own health-care decisions. But what if you had an accident or illness so serious that you became unable to make these decisions for yourself?

If this were to happen:

- You might want a particular person you trust to make these decisions for you.
- You might want to let health-care providers know the types of medical care you would want and not want if you were not able to make decisions for yourself.
- You might want to do both to appoint someone else to make decisions for you, and to let this person and your health-care providers know the kinds of medical care you would want if you were unable to make these decisions for yourself.

If you wish, you can fill out and sign a special form that lets others know what you want done if you cannot make health-care decisions for yourself. This form is a legal document. It is sometimes called an "advance directive," because it lets you give directions in advance about what you want to happen if you ever become unable to make your own health-care decisions.

There are different types of advance directives and different names for them depending on your state or local area. For example, documents called "living will" and "power of attorney for health care" are examples of advance directives.

It's your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive. The law forbids any discrimination against you in your medical care based on whether or not you have an advance directive.

P. How can you use a legal form to give your instructions in advance?

If you decide that you want to have an advance directive, there are several ways to get this type of legal form. You can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, and from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare, such as your SHIP (which stands for State Health Insurance Assistance Program). Chapter 2 of this booklet tells how to contact your SHIP. SHIPs have different names depending on which state you are in.

Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it. It is important to sign this form and keep a copy at home. You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can't.

You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, take a copy with you.

Q. If you are hospitalized, they will ask you about an advance directive

If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you. If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

It is your choice whether to sign or not. If you decide not to sign an advance directive form, you will not be denied care or be discriminated against in the care you are given.

R. What if providers don't follow the instructions you have given?

If you believe that a doctor or hospital has not followed the instructions in your advance directive, you may file a complaint with your state Department of Health.

S. Continuity and coordination of care

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP has policies and procedures in place to promote the coordination and continuity of medical care for our members. This includes the confidential exchange of information between primary care providers and specialists, as well as behavioral health providers. In addition, Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP helps coordinate care with a practitioner when the practitioner's contract has been discontinued and works to enable a smooth transition to a new practitioner.

T. Subrogation and reimbursement

These provisions apply when we pay benefits as a result of injuries or illness you sustained, and you have a right to a recovery or have received a recovery. We have the right to recover payments we make on your behalf, or take any legal action against, any party responsible for compensating you for your injuries. We also have a right to be repaid from any recovery in the amount of benefits paid on your behalf. The following apply:

- The amount of our recovery will be calculated pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 411.37, and pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 422.108(f), no state laws shall apply to our subrogation and reimbursement rights.
- Our subrogation and reimbursement rights shall have first priority, to be paid before any of your other claims are paid.
- Our subrogation and reimbursement rights will not be affected, reduced, or eliminated by the "made whole" doctrine or any other equitable doctrine.

You must notify us promptly of how, when and where an accident or incident, resulting in personal injury or illness to you, occurred and all information regarding the parties involved, and you must notify us promptly if you retain an attorney related to such an accident or incident. You and your legal representative must cooperate with us, do whatever is necessary to enable us to exercise our rights, and do nothing to prejudice our rights.

If you fail to repay us, we shall be entitled to deduct any of the unsatisfied portion of the amount of benefits we have paid or the amount of your recovery whichever is less, from any future benefit under the plan.

U. Presidential or Gubernatorial emergencies

In the event of a Presidential or Gubernatorial emergency or major disaster declaration or an announcement of a public health emergency by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, your plan will make the following exceptions to assure adequate care during the emergency:

- Approve services to be furnished at specified non-contracted facilities that are considered Medicare-Medicaid-certified facilities;
- Temporarily reduce cost sharing for plan-approved out-of-network services to the in-network cost-sharing amounts; and
- Waive in full the requirements for a primary physician referral where applicable.

Typically, the source that declared the disaster will clarify when the disaster or emergency is over. If, however, the disaster or emergency time frame has not been closed within 30 days from the initial declaration, and, if CMS has not indicated an end date to the disaster or emergency, your plan will resume normal operations 30 days from the initial declaration.

When a disaster or emergency is declared, it is specific to a geographic location (i.e., county). Your plan will apply the above exceptions only if you reside in the geographic location indicated.

Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

Introduction

This chapter includes key terms used throughout the *Member Handbook* with their definitions. The terms are listed in alphabetical order. If you can't find a term you're looking for or if you need more information than a definition includes, contact Member Services.

Activities of daily living: The things people do on a normal day, such as eating, using the toilet, getting dressed, bathing, or brushing the teeth.

Aid paid pending: You can continue getting your benefits while you are waiting for a decision about an appeal or fair hearing. This continued coverage is called "aid paid pending."

Ambulatory surgical center: A facility that provides outpatient surgery to patients who do not need hospital care and who are not expected to need more than 24 hours of care.

Appeal: A way for you to challenge our action if you think we made a mistake. You can ask us to change a coverage decision by filing an appeal. Chapter 9 explains appeals, including how to make an appeal.

Biological Product: A prescription drug that is made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and cannot be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. Biosimilars generally work just as well, and are as safe, as the original biological products.

Biosimilar: A prescription drug that is considered to be very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars generally work just as well, and are as safe, as the original biological product; however, biosimilars generally require a new prescription to substitute for the original biological product. [Insert if the formulary includes interchangeable biosimilars: Interchangeable biosimilars have met additional requirements that allow them to be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without a new prescription, subject to state laws.

Brand name drug: A prescription drug that is made and sold by the company that originally made the drug. Brand name drugs have the same active ingredients as the generic versions of the drugs. Generic drugs are made and sold by other drug companies.

Catastrophic coverage stage: The stage in the Part D drug benefit where the plan pays all of the costs of your drugs until the end of the year. You begin this stage when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$8,000 for Part D covered drugs during the year. You pay nothing.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS): The federal agency in charge of Medicare. Chapter 2 explains how to contact CMS.

Complaint: A written or spoken statement saying that you have a problem or concern about your covered services or care. This includes any concerns about the quality of your care, our network providers, or our network pharmacies. The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance."

Comprehensive Health Risk Assessment: An assessment used to confirm your appropriate risk level and to develop your Plan of Care. Comprehensive Health Risk Assessments will include, but not be limited to, physical and behavioral health, social needs, functional status, wellness and prevention domains, caregiver status and capabilities, as well as your preferences, strengths, and goals.

Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF): A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness, accident, or major operation. It provides a variety of services, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, and home environment evaluation services.

Copay: A fixed amount you pay as your share of the cost each time you get a service or supply. For example, you might pay \$2 or \$5 for a service or a prescription drug.

Cost sharing: Amounts you have to pay when you get services or drugs. Cost sharing includes copays and coinsurance.

Cost sharing tier: A group of drugs with the same copay. Every drug on the *List of Covered Drugs* (also known as the Drug List) is in one of 4 cost sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

Coverage decision: A decision about what benefits we cover. This includes decisions about covered drugs and services or the amount we will pay for your health services. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Covered drugs: The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

Covered services: The general term we use to mean all of the health care, long-term services and supports, supplies, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment, and other services covered by our plan.

Cultural Competence training: Training that provides additional instruction for our health care providers that helps them better understand your background, values, and beliefs to adapt services to meet your social, cultural, and language needs.

Daily cost sharing rate: A rate that may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copay. A daily cost sharing rate is the copay divided by the number of days in a month's supply.

Here is an example: Let's say the copay for your drug for a full month's supply (a 31-day supply) is \$1.40. This means that the amount you pay for your drug is a little less than \$0.05 per day. If you get a 7 days' supply of the drug, your payment will be a little less than \$0.05 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment of less than \$0.35.

Disenrollment: The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

Drug tiers: Groups of drugs on our Drug List. Generic, brand, or over-the-counter (OTC) drugs are examples of drug tiers. Every drug on the Drug List is in one of 4 tiers.

Durable medical equipment (DME): Certain items your doctor orders for use in your own home.

Examples of these items are wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

Emergency: A medical emergency is when you, or any other person with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that need immediate medical attention to prevent death, loss of a body part, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be a serious injury or severe pain.

Emergency care: Covered services that are given by a provider trained to give emergency services and needed to treat a medical emergency.

Exception: Permission to get coverage for a drug that is not normally covered or to use the drug without certain rules and limitations.

Extra Help: Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D prescription drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the "Low-Income Subsidy," or "LIS."

Fair hearing: A chance for you to tell your problem in court and show that a decision we made is wrong.

Generic drug: A prescription drug that is approved by the federal government to use in place of a brand name drug. A generic drug has the same active ingredients as a brand name drug. It is usually cheaper and works just as well as the brand name drug.

Grievance: A complaint you make about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies. This includes a complaint about the quality of your care.

Health plan: An organization made up of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of long-term services, and other providers. It also has Service Coordinators to help you manage all your providers and services. They all work together to provide the care you need.

Health risk assessment: A review of a patient's medical history and current condition. It is used to figure out the patient's health and how it might change in the future.

Home health aide: A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (like bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides do not have a nursing license or provide therapy.

Hospice: A program of care and support to help people who have a terminal prognosis live comfortably. A terminal prognosis means that a person has a terminal illness and is expected to have six months or less to live.

- An enrollee who has a terminal prognosis has the right to elect hospice.
- A specially trained team of professionals and caregivers provide care for the whole person, including physical, emotional, social, and spiritual needs.
- Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP must give you a list of hospice providers in your geographic area.

Improper/inappropriate billing: A situation when a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills you more than the plan's cost sharing amount for services. Show your Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Member ID Card when you get any services or prescriptions. Call Member Services if you get any bills you do not understand.

Because Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP pays the entire cost for your services, you do not owe any cost sharing. Providers should not bill you anything for these services.

Initial coverage stage: The stage before your total Part D drug expenses reach \$8,000. This includes amounts you have paid, what our plan has paid on your behalf, and the low-income subsidy. You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. During this stage, the plan pays part of the costs of your drugs, and you pay your share.

Inpatient: A term used when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. If you were not formally admitted, you might still be considered an outpatient instead of an inpatient even if you stay overnight.

List of Covered Drugs (Drug List): A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan. The plan chooses the drugs on this list with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The Drug List tells you if there are any rules you need to follow to get your drugs. The Drug List is sometimes called a "formulary."

Long-term services and supports (LTSS): Long-term services and supports are services that help improve a long-term medical condition. Most of these services help you stay in your home so you don't have to go to a nursing home or hospital.

Low-income subsidy (LIS): Refer to "Extra Help."

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance): A program run by the federal government and the state that helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for long-term services and supports and medical costs.

- It covers extra services and drugs not covered by Medicare.
- Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.
- Refer to Chapter 2 for information about how to contact Texas Medicaid.

Medically necessary: Some of the services listed in the Benefits Chart are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called "prior authorization" (PA)) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Benefits Chart. When we give our decision, we base it on two things. First there are Medicare's rules. Second there are generally accepted standards of medical practice. These standards are proven and accepted by those who practice and study medicine. We also need to make sure you get the most cost effective care. This means it doesn't cost more than another option that will work just as well. But we also need it to be right for you. And that you get it in the right place and the right number of times. Finally, we cannot approve a service just because it is more convenient than another option. You must get our approval before getting care from providers not in our plan unless it's for Urgent care, Emergency care, or Renal dialysis outside the service area. To find a provider in our plan, check our Find Care tool online or call Member Services. If you are referred or feel you need to use a provider who is not in our plan, you must call us to get approval before you get care.

Medicare: The federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare or a managed Plan of Care (refer to "Health plan").

Medicare Advantage Plan: A Medicare program, also known as "Medicare Part C" or "MA Plans," that offers plans through private companies. Medicare pays these companies to cover your Medicare benefits.

Medicare-covered services: Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and Part B.

Medicare-Medicaid enrollee: A person who qualifies for Medicare and Texas Medicaid coverage. A Medicare-Medicaid enrollee is also called a "dually eligible individual."

Medicare-Medicaid Plan (MMP): A Medicare-Medicaid Plan is an organization made up of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of long-term services and supports, and other providers. It also has Service Coordinators to help you manage all your providers and services. They all work together to provide the care you need.

Medicare Part A: The Medicare program that covers most medically necessary hospital, skilled nursing facility, home health and hospice care.

Medicare Part B: The Medicare program that covers services (like lab tests, surgeries, and doctor visits) and supplies (like wheelchairs and walkers) that are medically necessary to treat a disease or condition. Medicare Part B also covers many preventive and screening services.

Medicare Part C: The Medicare program that lets private health insurance companies provide Medicare benefits through a Medicare Advantage Plan.

Medicare Part D: The Medicare prescription drug benefit program. (We call this program "Part D" for short.) Part D covers outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B or Texas Medicaid. Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP includes Medicare Part D.

Medicare Part D drugs: Drugs that can be covered under Medicare Part D. Congress specifically excluded certain categories of drugs from coverage as Part D drugs. Texas Medicaid may cover some of these drugs.

Member (member of our plan, or plan member): A person with Medicare and Texas Medicaid who qualifies to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and the state.

Member Handbook and Disclosure Information: This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, or riders, which explain your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you must do as a member of our plan.

Member Services: A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. Refer to Chapter 2 for information about how to contact Member Services.

Network: A large group of doctors, specialists, pharmacies, hospitals, and other health-care providers. This group is called a "network." (Refer to Chapter 1 for more information.)

Network pharmacy: A pharmacy (drug store) that has agreed to fill prescriptions for our plan members. We call them "network pharmacies" because they have agreed to work with our plan. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network provider: "Provider" is the general term we use for doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care. The term also includes hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, medical equipment, and long-term services and supports.

- They are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the state to provide health care services.
- We call them "network providers" when they agree to work with the health plan and accept our payment and not charge our members an extra amount.
- While you are a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services. Network providers are also called "plan providers."

Nursing home or facility: A place that provides care for people who cannot get their care at home but who do not need to be in the hospital.

Ombudsman: An office in your state that works as an advocate on your behalf. They can answer questions if you have a problem or complaint and can help you understand what to do. The ombudsman's services are free. You can find more information about the ombudsman in Chapters 2 and 9 of this handbook.

Organization determination: The plan has made an organization determination when it, or one of its providers, makes a decision about whether services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered services. Organization determinations are called "coverage decisions" in this handbook. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Original Medicare (traditional Medicare or fee-for-service Medicare): Original Medicare is offered by the government. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers, amounts that are set by Congress.

- You can use any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (hospital insurance) and Part B (medical insurance).
- Original Medicare is available everywhere in the United States.
- If you do not want to be in our plan, you can choose Original Medicare.

Out-of-network pharmacy: A pharmacy that has not agreed to work with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-network provider or **Out-of-network facility:** A provider or facility that is not employed, owned, or operated by our plan and is not under contract to provide covered services to members of our plan. Chapter 3 explains out-of-network providers or facilities.

Out-of-pocket costs: The cost sharing requirement for members to pay for part of the services or drugs they get is also called the "out-of-pocket" cost requirement. Refer to the definition for "cost sharing" above.

Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs: Over-the-counter drugs refers to any drug or medicine that a person can buy without a prescription from a healthcare professional.

Part A: Refer to "Medicare Part A."

Part B: Refer to "Medicare Part B."

Part C: Refer to "Medicare Part C."

Part D: Refer to "Medicare Part D."

Part D drugs: Refer to "Medicare Part D drugs."

Personal health information (also called Protected health information) (PHI):

Information about you and your health, such as your name, address, social security number, physician visits and medical history. Refer to Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP's Notice of Privacy Practices for more information about how Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP protects, uses, and discloses your PHI, as well as your rights with respect to your PHI.

Plan of Care: A person-centered Plan of Care that addresses health care services you will get and how you will get them. The plan is developed by the Service Coordinator with you, your family, as appropriate, and your providers. The Plan of Care will contain your health history; a summary of current, short-term, and long-term health and social needs, concerns, and goals; and a list of required services, their frequency, and a description of who will provide such services.

Primary care provider (PCP): Your primary care provider is the doctor or other provider you use first for most health problems.

- They makes sure you get the care you need to stay healthy. They also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them.
- In many Medicare health plans, you must use your primary care provider before you use any other health care provider.
- Refer to Chapter 3 for information about getting care from primary care providers.

Prior authorization (PA): An approval from Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP you must get before you can get a specific service or drug or use an out-of-network provider. Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP may not cover the service or drug if you don't get approval.

Some network medical services are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets PA from our plan.

 Covered services that need our plan's PA are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

Some drugs are covered only if you get PA from us.

• Covered drugs that need our plan's PA are marked in the *List of Covered Drugs*.

Prosthetics and Orthotics: These are medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider. Covered items include, but are not limited to, arm, back, and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality improvement organization (QIO): A group of doctors and other health care experts who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. They are paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to patients. Refer to Chapter 2 for information about how to contact the QIO for your state.

Quantity limits: A limit on the amount of a drug you can have. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription.

Real Time Benefit Tool: A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific covered drugs and benefit information. This includes cost sharing amounts, alternative drugs that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (prior authorization, step therapy, quantity limits) that apply to alternative drugs.

Referral: A referral means that your primary care provider (PCP) must give you approval before you can use someone that is not your PCP. If you don't get approval, Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP may not cover the services. You don't need a referral to use certain specialists, such as women's health specialists. You can find more information about referrals in Chapter 3 and about services that require referrals in Chapter 4.

Rehabilitation services: Treatment you get to help you recover from an illness, accident or major operation. Refer to Chapter 4 to learn more about rehabilitation services.

Service area: A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it is also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. Only people who live in our service area can get Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP.

Service coordination team: A service coordination team may include doctors, nurses, counselors, or other health professionals who are there to help you get the care you need. Your service coordination team will also help you make a Plan of Care.

Service Coordinator: One main person who works with you, with the health plan, and with your care providers to make sure you get the care you need.

Skilled nursing facility (SNF): A nursing facility with the staff and equipment to give skilled nursing care and, in most cases, skilled rehabilitative services and other related health services.

Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care: Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous (IV) injections that a registered nurse or a doctor can give.

Specialist: A doctor who provides health care for a specific disease or part of the body.

State Medicaid agency: The Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) is the single state agency responsible for operating, and in some cases, supervising, the state's Medicaid program.

Step therapy: A coverage rule that requires you to first try another drug before we will cover the drug you are asking for.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI): A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited incomes and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently needed care: Care you get for a sudden illness, injury, or condition that is not an emergency but needs care right away. You can get urgently needed care from out-of-network providers when network providers are unavailable or you cannot get to them.

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP Member Services

CALL	1-855-878-1784
	Calls to this number are free. Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time
	Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	711
	Calls to this number are free. Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.
WRITE	Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP
	MMP Member Services
	5959 Corporate Drive, Suite 1300
	Houston, TX 77036
WEBSITE	www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP (Medicare-Medicaid Plan) complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate, exclude people, or treat them differently on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability in its health programs and activities. Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP provides free aids and services to people with disabilities to communicate effectively with us and provides free language services to people whose primary language is not English such as qualified interpreters and information written in other languages. These services can be obtained by calling the customer service number on the back of your member ID card. If you believe that Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, or sex, you can file a grievance with the Enrollee Advocate:

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP - Complaints, Appeals, and Grievances
Mailstop: OH0205-A537
4361 Irwin Simpson Road
Mason, OH 45040
1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711)
Fax: 1-888-458-1406

If you need help filing a grievance, the Enrollee Advocate is available to help you. You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf, or by mail or phone at: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; 200 Independence Ave., SW; Room 509F, HHH Building; Washington, D.C. 20201; 1-800-368-1019, 1-800-537-7697 (TDD). Complaint forms are available at http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html.

Multi-language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). Someone who speaks English can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。如果您需要此翻译服务,请致电 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711)。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問,為此我們提供免費的翻譯服務。如需翻譯服務,請致電 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711)。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). Sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vi. Đây là dịch vu miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711) 번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-855-878-1784 (ТТҮ: 711). Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic:

إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على مترجم فوري سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية بمساعدتك ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على (TTY: **711) 878-878-18-1.** هذه خدمة مجانية.

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके किसी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषिया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषिया प्राप्त करने के लिए, बस हमें 1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711) पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्ति जो हिन्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portugués: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer **1-855-878-1784** (TTY: **711**). Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするために、無料の通 訳サービスがありますございます。通訳をご用命になるには、1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711) にお 電話ください。日本語を話す人 者 が支援いたします。これは無料のサービスです。





Have questions? Call us toll free at **1-855-878-1784 (TTY: 711)**Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. local time.
Or visit **www.wellpoint.com/tx/mmp**.

Wellpoint STAR+PLUS MMP (Medicare-Medicaid Plan) is a health plan that contracts with both Medicare and Texas Medicaid to provide benefits of both programs to enrollees.